DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended June 30, 2020



Durham Public Schools embraces, educates and empowers every student to innovate, serve and lead.

Durham, North Carolina

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL

FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS

BOARD OF EDUCATION

North Carolina

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020



Prepared by

Paul LeSieur

Chief Financial Officer

<u>Exhibit</u>

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal	i
Board Members and Principal Officers	vii
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting – GFOA	viii
Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting – ASBO	ix
Organizational Chart	х

FINANCIAL SECTION

Page No.

	Independent Auditors' Report	1
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
1	Statement of Net Position	12
2	Statement of Activities	13
	Fund Financial Statements:	
3	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	14
4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Governmental Funds	16
5	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
_	in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17
6	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual – Local Current Expense Fund and Annually Budgeted Major	
_	Special Revenue Funds	18
7	Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund Type	21
8	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position -	00
•	Proprietary Fund Type	22
9	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund Type	23
10 11	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Private-Purpose Trust	25 26
.1.1	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Private-Purpose Trust	20
	Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	27
	Required Supplementary Information:	
	Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability –	
	Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System	53
	Schedule of Board Contributions –	
	Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System	54
	Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability –	
	Retiree Health Benefit Fund	55
	Schedule of Board Contributions –	
	Retiree Health Benefit Fund	56
	Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset –	57
	Disability Income Plan of North Carolina	57
	Schedule of Board Contributions –	E 0
	Disability Income Plan of North Carolina	58

FINANCIAL SECTION (continued)

Page No.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual - Local Current Expense Fund	59
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Capital Outlay Fund	61
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds	62
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds	63
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Federal Grants Fund	64
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Local Special Expense Fund	65
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
School Activity Funds	67
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	
School Food Service Fund	68

STATISTICAL SECTION

Page No.

<u>Table</u>

	Financial Trends:	
1	Net Position by Component	71
2	Changes in Net Position	72
3	Governmental Funds Fund Balances	74
4	Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances	75
5	Assessed Value of Taxable Property for Durham County	76
6	Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments for Durham County	78
7	Ten Largest Taxpayers for Durham County	79
8	Property Tax Levies and Collections for Durham County	80
9	Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt	
	per Capita for Durham County	82
10	Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bond	
	Debt to Total General Expenditures for Durham County	83
11	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type for Durham Public Schools	84
12	Demographic Statistics for Durham County	85
13	Ten Largest Employers for Durham County	86
14	Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function	87
15	School Building Data - High Schools	88
16	School Building Data - Elementary and Middle Schools	89
17	Governmental Funds Operating Statistics	90
18	Teacher Salaries	91
19	Governmental Fund Revenues by Source	92
20	Governmental Fund Expenditures by Function Per Average	
	Daily Membership and in Total	94
21	Capital Outlay Fund Expenditures	96
22	School Food Service Fund Expenses	97
23	School Food Service Revenues by Source	98
24	Property Value and Construction for Durham County	99
25	Miscellaneous Statistics	100

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Page No.

Report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	101
Report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major federal program and internal control over compliance; in accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	103
Report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major State program and internal control over compliance; in accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	105
Schedule of findings and questioned costs	107
Corrective Action Plan	110
Summary schedule of prior audit findings	111
Schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards	113

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Durham Public Schools Board of Education

P. O. Box 30002 • Durham, NC 27702 • Telephone: 919-560-2000

Letter of Transmittal

April 1, 2021

To the Members of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education and Citizens of Durham County, North Carolina:

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Durham Public Schools (DPS) Board of Education for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Finance Department of Durham Public Schools has prepared this report, which includes the audited financial statements. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Board. To the best of our knowledge, the enclosed financial information is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner which fairly presents the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the Board. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Board's financial activities are included.

The Report consists of four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical and Compliance. The Introductory Section, of which this transmittal letter is a part, includes a list of the Board members and principal officials, and the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting awarded by the Governmental Finance Officers Association and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting awarded by the Association of School Business Officials International for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The Financial Section includes the independent auditors' report, management's discussion and analysis, the combined financial statements and the individual fund schedules arranged by fund type. The Statistical Section includes various tables of unaudited data providing financial history of the Board as well as demographic and other informative statistics of Durham County. The Compliance Section includes the compliance and internal control reports, the single audit reports, the schedule of findings and questioned costs, the corrective action plan, the schedule of prior year audit findings and the schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Durham Public Schools Board of Education's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina Letter of Transmittal (Continued)

The Durham Public Schools Board of Education's financial statements have been audited by Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion and that the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Durham Public Schools Board of Education is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200 Uniform Administration Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the North Carolina Single Audit Implementation Act. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of financial assistance, findings and questioned costs, and the independent auditors' report on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are presented in the Compliance Section of this report. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, there were no compliance findings or questioned costs.

REPORTING ENTITY

Durham City Schools and Durham County Schools merged on July 1, 1992, to become Durham Public Schools. The Durham Public Schools Board of Education has total authority over noncharter public education in Durham County. The seven-member board is elected by the citizens of the County and is accountable to the citizens for the educational and fiscal operations of the system's 54 schools. In 2019-20, the school system served 32,596 students from kindergarten through 12th grade in 30 elementary schools, 10 middle schools, 2 secondary schools, 10 high schools, and 2 special/optional schools. The Board is charged with the responsibility of providing a free and appropriate education for all students of Durham Public Schools. As defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the Durham Public Schools Board of Education is a separate reporting entity. These statements cover all financial resources of Durham Public Schools: State, Federal, Local, Child Nutrition and Grants, and funds received at each school.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Durham Public Schools serves the diverse needs of the entire county of Durham, North Carolina, a 299-square-mile area with an approximate population of 331,807. Our current enrollment of 31,603 students mirrors the diversity of the community, speaking more than 105 languages. Because of the pandemic and remaining in a virtual learning setting into the spring, enrollment dropped to an all-time low not seen since 2009-10. Though we see this as a temporary drop for 2020-21, it will cost the district for the 2021-22 fiscal year based on enrollment projections used to fund school districts.

Durham is home to the Research Triangle Park (RTP), a 7,000-acre business tract established in 1959 by local businesses, academia, and industry. Located near Duke University in Durham, the University of North Carolina in Chapel Hill, and North Carolina State University in Raleigh, a major focus of the park is research. Even though it was established as a regional research park, approximately 95 percent of its corporate enterprises are located in Durham County. The park is home to approximately 300 industry-leading firms such as IBM, Cisco, Fidelity Investments, GlaxoSmithKline, Research Triangle Institute and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, employing approximately 55,000 employees. When one thinks of the computer industry, they typically think of Silicon Valley, but RTP is recognized as one of the hottest markets in the United States for "high tech" industries.

The City of Durham is the only municipality in Durham County and is known as the "City of Medicine" because of the importance that biotechnology, health care, and medical-related industries play in the city's economy. More than 1,200 medical and health related companies located in Durham County including Duke University Medical Center. Though Duke dropped out of the top 20 US hospitals in the nation this year, Duke remains the best hospital in North Carolina and is nationally ranked 10th in adult specialties and nine pediatric specialties. The metropolitan area of Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill is consistently ranked among the top U.S. metropolitan areas in economic performance. Our local economy has remained stable because of our diverse industrial base including medicine, research, education, "high- tech," telecommunications, and manufacturing. In 2020, Forbes ranked Durham #16 as "best places for business and careers" and U.S. News ranked Durham #24 in "Fastest-Growing Places" as being known for research/technology roots.

In 2019-20, the DPS Board of Education worked with the Durham Board of County Commissioner's to develop a plan of action to obtain \$727.2M for repairs and maintenance of the schools. Over the next 4 years the county committed to obtaining \$500M in bond funding to begin addressing the maintenance and repairs outlined in the facility needs assessment and the building of 2 new elementary schools. In 2020-21, the plan is to use \$110M of local obligation bonds to begin addressing the maintenance, repairs and beginning the planning and building of a new elementary school. The County is beginning the process to obtain the additional funding via a general obligation bond to be put to the vote of the Durham County residents in the next few years.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- DPS Superintendent Pascal Mubenga was selected by his peers to be the 2020-21 Central Carolina Regional Education Service Alliance (CCRESA) Superintendent of the Year.
- Burton Elementary (for the third straight year!), C.C. Spaulding Elementary, and Lakewood Elementary were all named <u>Capturing Kids' Hearts National Showcase Schools</u> for 2019-20! *Capturing Kids' Hearts* tools and processes help create socio-emotional safety conducive to learning, replacing defensiveness with openness and judgment with acceptance and connectedness to the school.
- Durham School of the Arts (31), City of Medicine Academy (35), and The School for Creative Studies (91), ranked among the top 100 high schools in North Carolina by U.S. News and World Report, based on state assessments and college preparation.
- DPS rapidly and successfully transitioned to 100% remote learning in March as a response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Academic and operational departments worked together to deliver equitable instruction while planning for one-to-one full online instruction to begin the 2020-21 school year.
- DPS worked with the DPS Foundation and nonprofit partners through the Durham FEAST initiative to provide immediate assistance to families who needed food support while students were remote due to COVID-19 through daily free meals .
- Eighty-four percent of DPS schools either met or exceeded academic growth expectations set by the state. DPS's overall four-year graduation rate climbed to 82.9 percent in 2019 from 81.5 percent in 2018. Three of DPS's four specialty high schools maintained an astounding 100-percent graduation rate and the other had a graduation rate above 95 percent.
- Caitlin Donovan, an English teacher at Durham School of the Arts, was named the Simon F. Terrell Honored Educator Scholar for 2019-20 by the North Carolina Center for the Advancement of Teaching. Donovan will receive an all-expenses-paid scholarship to attend an NCCAT program of her choice.
- E.K. Powe Elementary School was one of only four schools across the state accepted to the 2019-20 RISE (Redefining Innovative Schools Through Sustained STEM Experiences) Program through the <u>North Carolina State University Science House</u>.
- Kimberly Perry-Sanderlin, AIG Facilitator at Brogden Middle School, was named to the <u>2019-20</u> <u>Teacher Advisory Council of the National Humanities Center</u>.
- Steve Jones, a psychology teacher at City of Medicine Academy, won the year's Jim Matiya-Dale Kinney Scholarship from the National Council for Social Studies Psychology Community toward this year's NCSS Conference.
- The DPS Hub Farm won a \$20,000 grant from the Duke Energy Foundation supporting its pond revitalization plan.
- School Nutrition Services received the inaugural Farm to School Gold Award from the NC Farm to School Coalition! DPS was one of only 11 districts to receive awards and one of only two to achieve the Gold!
- Mike Truzzy, a music teacher at Eastway Elementary, was named the Kidznotes Teacher of the Year.

Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina Letter of Transmittal (Continued)

- Sherwood Githens Middle School and Rogers-Herr Middle School statuses were **renewed** as **Schools to Watch** by the NCMLE. Our **Schools to Watch** in 2019-2020 include:
 - The School for Creative Studies (new)
 - Lowe's Grove (since 2019)
 - Sherwood Githens (since 2017)
 - Lakewood Montessori (since 2015)
 - Rogers-Herr (since 2008)
 - Carrington (since 2007)

FINANCIAL AND BUDGETARY CONTROLS

The State of North Carolina is the primary funding source for public education in North Carolina. Minimum program criteria are determined by the State Board of Education and funds are distributed to each school system by the Department of Public Instruction. Once minimum programs are established, the remaining funds are allocated on a per-pupil basis. Local funds are appropriated in varying amounts by each county to supplement the basic educational programs. These local monies are derived primarily from the general tax levy of the county. Federal funds are received through the State operating as a conduit to address the needs of identified categorical groups of students qualifying for federal funding.

The management of the school system is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the school system are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

North Carolina General Statutes require all governmental units to adopt a balanced budget by July 1 of each year. Our budget resolution is adopted at the functional level for the Local Current Expense Fund and Special Revenues funds, excluding School Activity Funds. The Capital Outlay Fund budget is adopted at the project level. The Enterprise Fund budget is adopted at the functional level. By statute, the Fiduciary Fund is not a part of the budget resolution adopted by the Board of Education. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions of the adopted resolution.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or included as a reservation of fund balance in the subsequent year.

Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina Letter of Transmittal (Continued)

Durham Public Schools uses a fund accounting system. Each fund is a self-balancing set of accounts, segregated for the purpose of accounting for specific activities in accordance with law, sound accounting practice, special regulation or other limitations. There are three categories of funds, Governmental, Proprietary, and Fiduciary. The Governmental Funds have now been expanded to include the school activity funds. Further explanation of these funds has been detailed in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section within the Financial Section of this report.

The Governmental Funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds use the full accrual basis of accounting.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Certificates - The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a **Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting**, and the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) awarded a **Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting** to Durham Public Schools for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. DPS has received the GFOA and ASBO awards for the last 26 years. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement or Excellence, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement or Excellence is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement and Excellence program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA and ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgment - The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efforts and dedication of the staff of Durham Public Schools and the independent audit firm. Separate acknowledgment goes to the finance department for their contributions. We would like to express our appreciation to all the employees who contributed to the development of this report and to the Durham County government, Durham City government, and the Durham Chamber of Commerce for providing statistical data.

Respectfully submitted,

Pascal (Jubanco

Dr. Pascal Mubenga Superintendent

porta S.

Paul LeSieur Chief Financial Officer

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS June 30, 2020

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Mike Lee, Chair

Bettina Umstead, Vice Chair

Natalie Beyer Xavier Cason Ms. Minnie Forte-Brown Matt Sears Steve Unruhe

SUPERINTENDENT

Dr. Pascal Mubenga

CHIEF FINANCIALOFFICER

Paul LeSieur

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Durham Public Schools North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Durham Public Schools

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019.

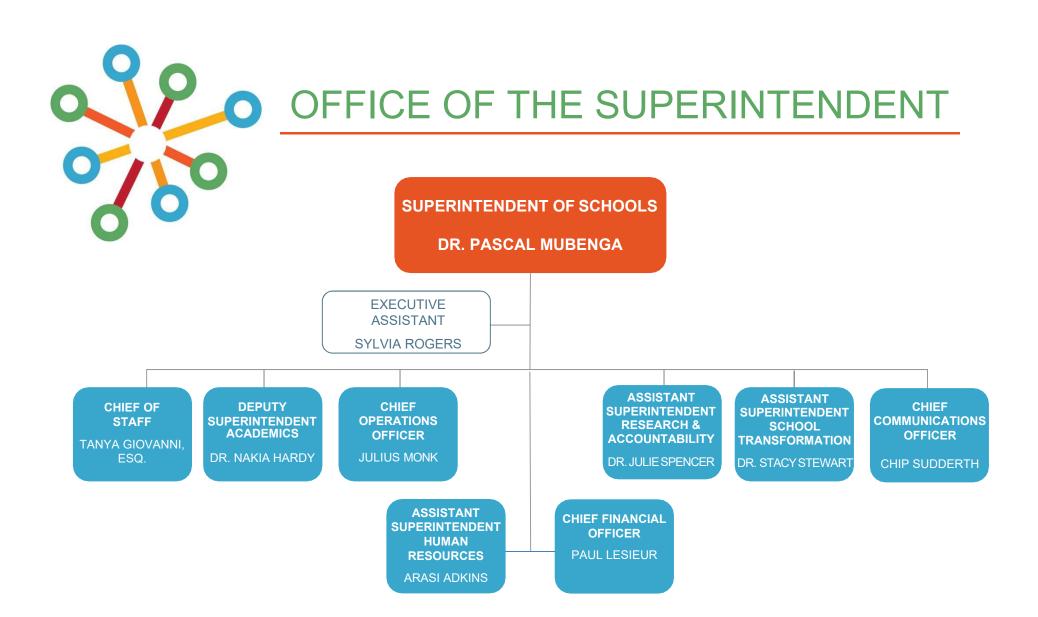
The CAFR meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.



Clave Hert

Claire Hertz, SFO President

David J. Lewis Executive Director



FINANCIAL SECTION





ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Durham Public Schools Board of Education Durham, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the Local Current Expense, State Public School and Grant and Community Schools Special Revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 11 and the Schedules of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, OPEB Liability and OPEB Asset and the Schedules of Board Contributions on pages 53 through 58, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, and the statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2021 on our consideration of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Durham Public Schools Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

March 29, 2021 Rockingham, North Carolina This section of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's (the "Board") financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2020. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

Impact of Coronavirus on District

During the fiscal year, the State and nation were affected by the spread of a coronavirus. The Board's response to the virus included the closure of school educational facilities in mid-March 2020. From this time until the end of the fiscal year, educational services were provided remotely to all students. The Board incurred additional expenses as a result of the coronavirus, including the purchase of personal protective equipment, cost of preparing instructional materials and postage, meal preparation and distribution cost, and to ensure all personnel continued to be paid thru June 30, 2020.

Financial Highlights

- Durham Public Schools enrollment in 2019-20 grew to 33,024, this is the largest membership growth in the last 7 years. 504 additional students entered the school district after seeing a declining membership over the last 4 years. The charter school membership numbers also continue to increase. The inward migration from other states into Durham County continued, increasing Durham's population to 331,807. The 2020-21 enrollment results reflected a decrease due to the pandemic that started in the March of 2020. The Board saw a loss of students of over 1,600 because of the pandemic. It should be noted that funding from the State is based on Average Daily Membership (ADM) figures that are typically lower than enrollment.
- The net position of the Board experienced a decrease for the fiscal year to negative \$278,616,557 from a negative \$268,332,159.
- A local ¼ cent sales tax increase was approved by Durham County voters creating revenue to replace the expiring Education Jobs funding of the last recession from 2008-2014. This continues to provide an additional \$10,672,080 in funding to support positions not reinstated by the State.
- The State of North Carolina again did not pass a full budget for 2020-21, as in 2019-20 and have allowed for continuation funding of the levels of 2018-19. Through mini bills they have provided enrollment growth, teachers and instructional support personnel a years of experience step, that for most increases and individuals pay by \$100 per month, and provided them a \$350 bonus as well. Nothing additional was provided for classified employees once again. Continued appropriations are being provided for textbooks, digital materials and school connectivity. Principals maintained their same salary levels as prior to the pandemic, so those that received bonuses based on their previous year schools test scores, retained those bonuses. The General Assembly did allow for school districts to maintain a hold harmless to their ADM projections/funding during the year and did not reduce the schools for loss of students as they typically do annually if you lose more than 100 students, or 2% of your projected ADM.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Board's Local Current Expense Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$15,740,423. The total fund balance increased by \$1,696,955. This is primarily due to the closure of the school buildings and the virtual learning that went on in March June.
- Total governmental funds non-spendable fund balance consisting of inventories and prepaid expenses totaled \$113,350. Restricted fund balance consisting of items restricted by State statute totaled \$3,993,921, school capital outlay \$5,375,526, grants and scholarships \$3,888,194 and individual schools \$2,360,906. The Committed fund balance totaled \$2,180,000 consisted of \$1,180,000 approved for teacher and staff salaries, an additional \$1,000,000 to support the Exceptional Children's program. Assigned fund balance consists of Local Special Expense Fund \$3,056,908 is for the Board's self-insurance reserve and \$1,662,530 of fund balance appropriated for subsequent year's expenditures.
- Unassigned fund balance in the Local Current Expense Fund totaled \$6,634,119 at June 30, 2020.

• The Board will pay 49 charter schools in 2020-21 with a membership of over 7,467. The appropriations to charters will exceed \$28.5 million and will be an annual increase of over \$2 million dollars.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education consist of five components. They are as follows:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required supplemental section that presents the Schedules of the Board's Proportionate Share of Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities (Assets) and the Schedules of Board Contributions.
- Supplementary section that presents combining and individual fund statements and schedules for governmental and enterprise funds.

The *Basic Financial Statements* include two types of statements that present different views of the Board's finances. The first is the *Government-wide Statements*. The government-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement. The statement of activities summarizes the Board's revenues and expenses for the current year. A net (expense) revenue format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

The second set of statements included in the basic financial statements is the *Fund Financial Statements*, which are presented for the Board's governmental funds, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund. These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, measuring the near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The proprietary and fiduciary funds are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds. Because a different basis of accounting is used in the government-wide statements, reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide statements is required. The government-wide statements provide information about the Board as an economic unit while the fund financial statements provide information on each of the financial resources of each of the Board's major funds.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the unit as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Board's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Board's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. This is one way to measure the unit's financial health or position.

• Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

• To assess the Board's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of its school buildings and other physical assets.

The unit's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide statements:

- *Governmental activities*: Most of the Board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County funding and State and federal aid finance most of these activities.
- *Business-type activities*: The Board charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. School food service is included here.

The government-wide statements are shown as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Board's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the unit as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law, such as the State Public School Fund.
- The Board has established other funds to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as in the Federal Grants Fund.

Durham Public Schools Board of Education has three types of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the Board's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on two things – 1) how cash and other assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. As a result of this focus, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the coming year to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental fund statements, in the form of a reconciliation, explains the relationship (or differences) between the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The Board has several governmental funds: the Local Current Expense Fund, the State Public School Fund, the Grant and Community Schools Special Revenue Fund, the Capital Outlay Fund, the Federal Grants Funds, the Local Special Expense Fund and the School Activity Funds. The governmental fund statements are shown as Exhibits 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Services for which the Board charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. The proprietary fund statements are reported on the same full accrual basis of accounting as the government-wide statements. The Durham Public Schools Board of Education has one proprietary fund - an enterprise fund – the School Food Service Fund. The proprietary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 7, 8, and 9 of this report.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Durham Public Schools Board of Education has one fiduciary fund – the Della Bradsher Hedgepeth Memorial Scholarship Fund, which is a scholarship fund under the control of the administrative unit. This is accounted for as a private-purpose trust fund. The Board is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used only for their intended purpose and by those to whom the assets belong. The Board excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The fiduciary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 10 and 11.

Financial Analysis of the Board as a Whole

Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$288.5 million as of June 30, 2020 as compared to \$284.3 million as of June 30, 2019. Following is a summary of the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2020 and 2019:

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governme	ntal Acitivities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government		
	6/30/20	6/30/19	6/30/20	6/30/19	6/30/20	6/30/19	
Current assets Capital assets	\$ 52,236,793 <u>357,829,364</u>	. , ,	\$ 3,048,192 <u>414,717</u>	\$ 3,345,710 496,483	\$ 55,284,985 358,244,081	\$ 56,161,293 364,249,407	
Total assets	410,066,157	416,568,507	3,462,909	3,842,193	413,529,066	420,410,700	
Deferred outflows of resources	114,143,805	109,371,202	2,227,342	2,409,157	116,371,147	111,780,359	
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	31,158,310 599,586,684	, ,	534,500 11,697,513	136,097 12,011,174	31,692,810 611,284,197	25,613,370 566,101,294	
Total liabilities	630,744,994	579,567,393	12,232,013	12,147,271	642,977,007	591,714,664	
Deferred inflows of resources	172,081,525	219,976,590	3,357,912	4,845,499	175,439,437	224,822,089	
Net investment in capital assets	357,019,711	362,745,516	414,717	496,483	357,434,428	363,241,999	
Restricted net position	17,104,346	13,797,010	28,992	39,760	17,133,338	13,836,770	
Unrestricted net position (deficit)	(652,740,614) (650,146,800)	(10,343,383)	(11,277,663)	(663,083,997)	(661,424,463)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (278,616,557) <u>\$ (273,604,274</u>)	\$ (9,899,674)	<u>\$ (10,741,420)</u>	<u>\$ (288,516,231)</u>	<u>\$ (284,345,694)</u>	

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. The net position of the Board's governmental activities decreased \$10.3 million during the year, from \$(268.3) million at June 30, 2019 to \$(278.6) million at June 30, 2020, indicating a decline in the financial condition of the Board. Restricted net position increased by \$3.3 million, unrestricted net position decreased by \$2.6 million and net investment in capital assets decreased \$5.7 million due to an excess of depreciation expense over capital additions for the year. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relate entirely to the pension and OPEB plans which the Board participates in. The Board is required to record its proportionate share of these items along with its proportionate share of the plan liabilities. See Note 2.B. of the financial statements for more details regarding these plans.

The net position of the Board's business-type activities increased \$842,000 during the year. This increase is the amount of net profit generated by our school food service operations during the 2020 fiscal year. The following table shows the revenues and expenses for the Board for the current and prior fiscal years:

Table 2
Condensed Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governmen	tal Activities	 Business-ty	vpe Ad	ctivities	Total Primary Government			
	6/30/20	6/30/19	6/30/20	6/30/19		6/30/20	6/30/19		
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 6,522,122	\$ 10,786,401	\$ 1,728,889	\$	2,498,039	\$ 8,251,011	\$ 13,284,440		
Operating grants and contributions	251,301,032	246,330,660	12,570,826		14,192,296	263,871,858	260,522,956		
Capital grants and contributions	470,162	669,677	-		-	470,162	669,677		
General revenues:									
Local government	159,955,136	158,282,507	-		-	159,955,136	158,282,507		
State appropriations	1,130,189	1,322,406	-		-	1,130,189	1,322,406		
Other revenues	3,407,755	3,755,099	 36,126		4,680	3,443,881	3,759,779		
Total revenues	422,786,396	421,146,750	 14,335,841		16,695,015	437,122,237	437,841,765		
Expenses:									
Governmental activities:									
Instructional services	312,707,501	292,344,253	-		-	312,707,501	292,344,253		
System-wide support services	69,238,268	72,923,554	-		-	69,238,268	72,923,554		
Ancillary services	5,028,122	4,016,860	-		-	5,028,122	4,016,860		
Payments to other governments	26,081,435	23,983,830	-		-	26,081,435	23,983,830		
Interest on long-term debt	16,364	17,834	-		-	16,364	17,834		
Unallocated depreciation	18,993,652	18,633,976	-		-	18,993,652	18,633,976		
Business-type activities:									
School food service			 14,499,547		16,055,074	14,499,547	16,055,074		
Total expenses	432,065,342	411,920,307	 14,499,547		16,055,074	446,564,889	427,975,381		
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	(9,278,946)	9,226,443	(163,706)		639,941	(9,442,652)	9,866,384		
Transfers in (out)	(1,005,452)	(149,046)	 1,005,452		149,046		-		
Increase (decrease) in net position	(10,284,398)	9,077,397	 841,746		788,987	(9,442,652)	9,866,384		
Beginning net position, as									
previously reported	(273,604,274)	(282,681,671)	(10,741,420)		(11,530,407)	(284,345,694)	(294,212,078)		
Restatement (Note 4)	5,272,115		 -		-	5,272,115			
Beginning net position (deficit), restated	(268,332,159)	(282,681,671)	 (10,741,420)		(11,530,407)	(279,073,579)	(294,212,078)		
Ending net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (278,616,557)</u>	<u>\$ (273,604,274)</u>	\$ (9,899,674)	\$	(10,741,420)	<u>\$ (288,516,231)</u>	<u>\$ (284,345,694)</u>		

Total governmental activities generated revenues of \$422.8 million while expenses in this category totaled \$432.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2020, resulting in a decrease in net position of \$10.3 million (including transfers out to business-type activities of \$1.0 million). Comparatively, revenues were \$421.1 million, expenses totaled \$411.9 million and transfers out were \$149,000 for the year ended June 30, 2019, resulting in an increase in net position of \$9.1 million. In comparing the two years, revenues remained comparable, increasing \$1.6 million, or 0.4%. Expenses increased by \$20.1 million, or 4.9%, due largely to a year-over-year increase of \$26.1 million in pension and OPEB expenses.

The Board's primary sources of revenues were funding from the State of North Carolina, Durham County, and the United States Government, which respectively comprised 52.0%, 37.6% and 6.8% of our total revenues. As would be expected, the major component of our expenses was instructional services which

accounted for 72.4% of our total expenses during the most recent fiscal year. Of the remaining 27.6% of our total expenses, 16.0% was attributable to system-wide support services.

Our business-type activities generated revenues of \$14.3 million while expenses in this category totaled \$14.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2020. For the year, net position increased by \$842,000 (including transfers in from governmental activities of \$1.0 million). Comparatively, revenues were \$16.7 million, expenses were \$16.1 million and transfers in were \$149,000 for the year ended June 30, 2019, resulting in an increase in net position of \$789,000. In comparing the two periods, revenues declined \$2.4 million, or 14.1%, while expenses decreased \$1.6 million, or 9.7%. School closed in mid-March due to the Covid-19 pandemic. As would be expected, revenue from food sales and USDA reimbursements declined for the year as a result of the early school closure. The change in expenses was due primarily to year-over-year decreases of \$948,000 in indirect costs and \$755,000 in pension and OPEB expense.

Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

Governmental Funds

The focus of Durham Public Schools Board of Education's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements.

The Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$28.5 million at June 30, 2020, an increase of \$2.2 million over the amount reported at June 30, 2019. Of the Board's governmental funds, the Local Current Expense and Capital Outlay funds reported revenues and other financing sources that exceeded expenditures and other uses. Funding from the County and State government increased approximately \$360,000 and \$6.1 million, respectively, while federal funding decreased \$1.3 million.

Local Current Expense Fund Revenues

Since the merger of the city and county school systems in 1992-93, Local Current Expense Fund revenues have increased 214.5% from a total of \$46.3 million to \$145.6 million. These revenues increased \$7.5 million over the prior year. County appropriations increased \$7.6 million while late property filings and fines and forfeitures decreased approximately \$122,000.

Local Current Expense Fund Expenditures

Counties are charged by statute with providing the funding for operations of local school systems. Most counties provide additional funds beyond the operations allocation to supplement the instructional programs. Local Current Expense Fund expenditures increased 8.1% in 2019-20 over the prior year to a total of \$133.2 million. The percentage of expenditures by function to total expenditures remained very consistent with the previous year with no significant changes.

Local Current Expense Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Board, as is normal, revised the budget several times to account for changes in revenue expectations and align categorical expenditures appropriately. Since various district revenue sources are either unknown or uncertain at the beginning of the fiscal year when the original budget is adopted, budget revisions are often necessary throughout the year to recognize these adjustments. Additional information related to budget activity is included in Note 1.D. of this report. A positive budget to actual variance of \$3.4 million was accomplished for the year. Variances between actual expenditures and final budget amounts relate to conservative budgeting practices and maximization of federal and State funding.

Federal and State Special Revenue Funds

Substantially all State and federal revenues are accounted for in the State Public School Fund (\$219.6 million) and the Federal Grants Fund (\$27.7 million). This State and federal funding is primarily provided to the local education agencies on a per pupil basis. State Public School Fund funding increased over the

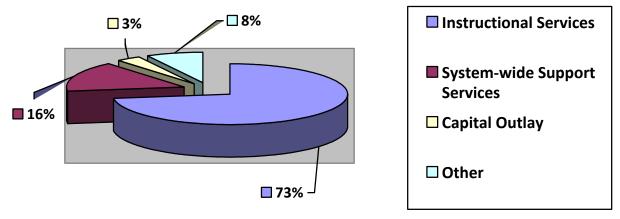
prior year by approximately \$7.2 million. Federal Grants Fund funding decreased from the prior year by \$2.1 million. Expenditures of these funds provide the basic instructional programs for all school systems in North Carolina. Salaries and benefits account for 83.8% of all expenditures in these funds.

Capital Outlay Fund

In November of 2016, voters approved new construction funding as part of a county bond referendum that will continue what the 2001, 2003, and 2007 bond accomplished. During FY 2019-20, the Board realized \$11,472,653 in revenue from general obligation bonds issued by Durham County, and \$1,370,000 from the County's general appropriation. Additionally, the State provided \$1,600,351 for installment financing related to the purchase of yellow buses and for public school building capital needs. Miscellaneous other local sources provided \$648,023. During the 2019-20 school year, Durham Public Schools continued facility upgrades at schools throughout the district. The work includes renovation projects affecting multiple school's core infrastructure, security vestibules, roof replacements, security cameras, kitchen freezers and cooler replacements, boiler and chiller replacements and began design on a new elementary school to be completed in August of 2022 in time for school opening.

School Activity Funds

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the School Activity Funds are now being treated as a governmental fund type. This fund consists of the revenues and expenditures of the activity funds of the 53 individual schools operated by the Board. The individual school principals exercise significant authority over revenues and expenditures. The activities of the schools that generate revenue consist of picture sales, field trips, athletic events, club fundraising, and other school functions.



Categorization of Expenditures for Governmental Funds

Expenditures presented on modified accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary Fund

The Board's business-type fund, the School Food Service Fund, reported an increase in net position of \$842,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 compared to an increase of \$789,000 for the same 2019 period. See the discussion above under "*Financial Analysis of the Board as a Whole*" for further details regarding the year-over-year change in operating results for the School Food Service Fund.

Fiduciary Fund

The private-purpose trust fund, the Della Bradsher Hedgepeth Memorial Scholarship Fund, is used to award scholarships based on established criteria. An independent committee advises us when a scholarship is awarded to a student.

Capital Assets

Total primary government capital assets were \$358.2 million at June 30, 2020 compared to \$364.2 million at June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$6.0 million, or 1.7%. The decrease is attributable to an excess of depreciation expense over capital additions for the year. The following is a summary of the Board's capital assets, net of depreciation, at June 30, 2020 and 2019. More detailed information about the Board's capital assets is contained in Notes 2.A.4. and 2.A.5. of this report.

Table 3Summary of Capital AssetsAs of June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governmental Acitivities			Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government				
		6/30/20		6/30/19		6/30/20		6/30/19		6/30/20		6/30/19
	•		•	00 400 00 4	•		•		•		•	
Land	\$	25,686,886	\$	22,163,934	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,686,886	\$	22,163,934
Construction in progress		29,395,250		22,389,629		-		-		29,395,250		22,389,629
Buildings and improvements		298,234,479		313,912,540		-		-		298,234,479		313,912,540
Furniture and equipment		2,111,054		2,476,090		414,717		496,483		2,525,771		2,972,573
Vehicles		2,401,695		2,810,731		-		-		2,401,695		2,810,731
Total	\$	357,829,364	\$	363,752,924	\$	414,717	\$	496,483	\$	358,244,081	\$	364,249,407

Debt Outstanding

During the year, the Board's outstanding debt decreased \$198,000, with an ending balance of \$810,000. The debt for installment purchases decreased due to continued payments on the purchase of 24 yellow school buses and 8 activity buses during the year. Future debt service payments to retire the debt for the yellow school buses will be funded by State revenues allotted for repayment of lease purchase contracts as authorized under G.S. 115C-528(a), Session Law 2003-284, Section 7.25. The Board is limited by North Carolina General Statutes with regards to the types of debt it can issue and for what purpose that debt can be used.

Additional information on the Board's long-term debt can be found in Note 2.B.7. of this report.

Economic Factors

The Board experienced an increase in enrollment of 504 students in the 2019-20 school year. Though the district was concerned of the possible loss of enrollment due to the pandemic and the need to remain with virtual learning versus in person learning. The enrollment did decrease from the projected 33,132 to 31,603, a loss of 1,529 students. The local housing market and population growth continued while we saw construction of new homes and apartments across the county. The students of charter, private and home schools continued to grow as well. The Board had reduced dependency on fund balance in 2019-20. County funding is a major source of income for the Board; therefore, the County's economic outlook directly affects that of the School Board. With an increase in student enrollment in 2019-20, it had reduced the urgency to reduce annual funding commitments compromising of educational outcomes as laid out in the strategic plan. The Board moved forward with redistricting because of overcrowding in some schools in addition to the state mandated class size reduction in grades K-3 by the beginning of fiscal year 2021-22. The Board with the County Commissioner's commitment began moving forward with plans of building a new elementary school and purchase of land to replace Northern High school.

The following factors have affected the economic outlook of Durham County.

• The County's unemployment rate increased from 3.8% at June 30, 2019 to 7.5% at June 30, 2020. The County's unemployment rate has fluctuated up due to the Coronavirus pandemic, but still compares favorably to both the N.C. statewide and national rates which were 8.9% and 11.2%, respectively, at June 30, 2020.

- Retail sales increased but slowed to .5% over the previous year. 2020 and 2019 retail sales for the County were approximately \$7,811,731,000 and \$7,771,144,000, respectively.
- The population in Durham County continued to grow. The population increased 3.4% in 2020.

Based on the pre-pandemic situation and the State's budget position at the time, the Board budgeted for salary and benefit increases, annual increase in insurance cost, anticipated utility costs were included in the preparation of the Board's budget for the 2020-21 fiscal year. Little did we know, the pandemic would reshape the budget discussions and the funding availability for the 2020-21 fiscal year budget. At the time of developing the budget, the economic outlook was very promising, it was developed by maintaining the great economic factors, and without the use of appropriating fund balance for the first time in many years. As it ended up, the Board had to budget \$3.84 million of fund balance for anticipated expenditures and loss of revenues expected in their 2020-21 Budget Resolution.

Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of Durham Public Schools Board of Education. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Paul LeSieur, Chief Financial Officer Durham Public Schools Board of Education Post Office Box 30002 Durham, North Carolina 27702

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Government-wide)

	Primary Government						
	Governmental	Business-type					
	Activities	Activities	Total				
Assets	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	•				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 38,442,345	\$ 3,150,182	\$ 41,592,527				
Due from other governments	9,517,294	735,087	10,252,381				
Receivables	2,099,686	586	2,100,272				
Internal balances	1,467,141	(1,467,141)	-				
Net OPEB asset	596,977	11,649	608,626				
Inventories	112,350	617,829	730,179				
Prepaid items	1,000	-	1,000				
Capital assets:							
Land and construction in progress	55,082,136	-	55,082,136				
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	302,747,228	414,717	303,161,945				
Total capital assets	357,829,364	414,717	358,244,081				
Total assets	410,066,157	3,462,909	413,529,066				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	114,143,805	2,227,342	116,371,147				
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	7,657,692	153,365	7,811,057				
Accrued salaries and wages payable	10,891,340	43,727	10,935,067				
Due to other governments	72,254	-	72,254				
Unearned revenue	4,483,509	163,148	4,646,657				
Long-term liabilities:							
Due within one year	8,053,515	174,260	8,227,775				
Due in more than one year	599,586,684	11,697,513	611,284,197				
Total liabilities	630,744,994	12,232,013	642,977,007				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	172,081,525	3,357,912	175,439,437				
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	357,019,711	414,717	357,434,428				
Restricted for:							
Stabilization by State statute	3,993,921	-	3,993,921				
School capital outlay	5,375,526	-	5,375,526				
Grants and scholarships	3,888,194	-	3,888,194				
Individual schools activities	2,360,906	-	2,360,906				
DIPNC OPEB plan	1,485,799	28,992	1,514,791				
Unrestricted (deficit)	(652,740,614)	(10,343,383)	(663,083,997)				
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$(278,616,557</u>)	<u>\$ (9,899,674)</u>	<u>\$(288,516,231</u>)				

			Program Revenue	s	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government					
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	nt			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total			
Primary government:		00111003	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totai			
Governmental activities:										
Instructional services:										
Regular instructional	\$ 146,853,045	\$-	\$ 108,827,330	\$-	\$ (38,025,715)	\$ -	\$ (38,025,715)			
Special populations	66,916,618	-	57,952,577	-	(8,964,041)	-	(8,964,041)			
Alternative programs	45,625,485	-	32,584,246	-	(13,041,239)	-	(13,041,239)			
School leadership	26,308,514	-	13,794,478	-	(12,514,036)	-	(12,514,036)			
Co-curricular	4,867,426	3,087,055	-	-	(1,780,371)	-	(1,780,371)			
School-based support	22,136,413	-	13,246,131	-	(8,890,282)	-	(8,890,282)			
System-wide support services:										
Support and development Special population support	2,537,907	-	503,207	-	(2,034,700)	-	(2,034,700)			
and development Alternative programs and services	1,649,652	-	962,078	-	(687,574)	-	(687,574)			
support and development	1,630,035	-	623,479	-	(1,006,556)	-	(1,006,556)			
Technology support	3,944,396	-	176,139	-	(3,768,257)	-	(3,768,257)			
Operational support Financial and human resource	45,186,097	201,535	17,808,385	470,162	(26,706,015)	-	(26,706,015)			
services	7,215,275	7,397	1,775,677	-	(5,432,201)	-	(5,432,201)			
Accountability	831,956	-	-	-	(831,956)	-	(831,956)			
System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and	1,354,040	-	292,714	-	(1,061,326)	-	(1,061,326)			
public relations	4,888,910	-	1,184,138	-	(3,704,772)	-	(3,704,772)			
Ancillary services	5,028,122	3,226,135	820,492	-	(981,495)	-	(981,495)			
Payments to other governments	26,081,435	-	749,961	-	(25,331,474)	-	(25,331,474)			
Interest on long-term debt	16,364	-	-	-	(16,364)	-	(16,364)			
Unallocated depreciation expense**	18,993,652				(18,993,652)		(18,993,652)			
Total governmental activities	432,065,342	6,522,122	251,301,032	470,162	(173,772,026)		(173,772,026)			
Business-type activities:	44 400 547	4 700 000	40.570.000			(400,000)	(400,000)			
School food service	14,499,547	1,728,889	12,570,826			(199,832)	(199,832)			
Total primary government	\$ 446,564,889	<u>\$ 8,251,011</u>	<u>\$ 263,871,858</u>	\$ 470,162	(173,772,026)	(199,832)	(173,971,858)			
	General revenues	s: cal appropriations	- operating		147,002,483	-	147,002,483			
			and bond proceed	ts - capital	12,952,653	-	12,952,653			
		tate appropriations			1,130,189	-	1,130,189			
		nings, unrestricte			363,779	4,275	368,054			
	Miscellaneous,	•			3,043,976	31,851	3,075,827			
	Total genera				164,493,080	36,126	164,529,206			
	Transfers				(1,005,452)	1,005,452	-			
		al revenues and tra	ansfers		163,487,628	1,041,578	164,529,206			
	Change in net				(10,284,398)	841,746	(9,442,652)			
	Net position (defi	cit) - beginning			(273,604,274)	(10,741,420)	(284,345,694)			
	Restatement (No	te 4)			5,272,115		5,272,115			
	Net position (defi	cit) - beginning, as	s restated		(268,332,159)	(10,741,420)	(279,073,579)			
	Net position (defi	cit) - ending			<u>\$ (278,616,557)</u>	<u>\$ (9,899,674</u>)	<u>\$ (288,516,231</u>)			

**This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		Major	Funds Grant and		Non-major Funds	
	Local Current	State Public School	Schools Special Revenue	Capital Outlay	Special Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	Expense	School	Revenue	Capital Outlay	Revenue	Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Accounts receivable Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid items	\$ 22,688,695 - 194,701 1,899,815 112,350	\$ - 7,934,875 - - - -	\$ 8,461,754 - 35,661 - - 1,000	\$ 4,858,736 929,837 8,229 - -	\$ 2,433,160 652,582 1,861,095 - -	\$ 38,442,345 9,517,294 2,099,686 1,899,815 112,350 1,000
Total assets	<u>\$ 24,895,561</u>	<u>\$ 7,934,875</u>	<u>\$ 8,498,415</u>	<u>\$ 5,796,802</u>	\$ 4,946,837	<u>\$ 52,072,490</u>
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 6,974,789	\$ -	\$ 14,348	\$ 421,276	\$ 247,279	\$ 7,657,692
Accrued salaries and wages payable	2,180,349	7,934,875	75,703	-	700,413	10,891,340
Due to other funds Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	432,674 72,254	432,674 72,254
Unearned revenue	-		4,483,509			4,483,509
Total liabilities	9,155,138	7,934,875	4,573,560	421,276	1,452,620	23,537,469
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories	112,350	-	-	-	-	112,350
Prepaid items Restricted:	-	-	1,000	-	-	1,000
Stabilization by State statute	2,094,516	-	35,661	-	1,863,744	3,993,921
School capital outlay	-	-	-	5,375,526	-	5,375,526
Grants and scholarships	-	-	3,888,194	-	-	3,888,194
Individual schools Committed:	-	-	-	-	2,360,906	2,360,906
Teacher salaries Assigned:	2,180,000	-	-	-	-	2,180,000
Subsequent year's expenditures	1,662,530	-	-	-	-	1,662,530
Self-insurance	3,056,908	-	-	-	-	3,056,908
Unassigned	6,634,119				(730,433)	5,903,686
Total fund balances	15,740,423		3,924,855	5,375,526	3,494,217	28,535,021
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 24,895,561	\$ 7,934,875	<u>\$ 8,498,415</u>	\$ 5,796,802	\$ 4,946,837	\$ 52,072,490

Reconciliation of the balance sheet to the statement of net position: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Total fund balances of governmental funds	28,535,021
Net OPEB asset	596,977
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	357,829,364
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	65,123,788
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	49,020,017
Some liabilities, including those for compensated absences, installment purchases and claims liability for retained risk, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(20,694,144)
Net pension liability	(160,523,519)
Net OPEB liability	(426,422,536)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(2,371,438)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(169,710,087)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	<u>\$(278,616,557)</u>

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Major Funds Funds Grant and Community Local Current State Public Schools Special Special Go Expense School Revenue Capital Outlay Revenue	Total vernmental Funds 20,410,504 44,092,577 15,547,780
Community Local Current State Public Schools Special Special Go Expense School Revenue Capital Outlay Revenue	20,410,504 44,092,577
Local Current State Public Schools Special Special Go Expense School Revenue Capital Outlay Revenue	20,410,504 44,092,577
Expense School Revenue Capital Outlay Revenue	Funds 20,410,504 44,092,577
	20,410,504 44,092,577
	44,092,577
	44,092,577
Durham County:	
City of Durham 20,268 110,000 184,511	314,779
	28,739,192
	15,087,376
	24,192,208
Expenditures:	<u> </u>
Current:	
Instructional services:	
	44,117,037
	65,646,949
	44,808,214
	25,796,164
Co-curricular 1,697,814 - 14,491 - 3,125,756	4,838,061
	21,724,636
System-wide support services:	
Support and development 1,948,232 379,506 42,300 - 123,701	2,493,739
Special population support	
and development 626,653 427,999 561,579	1,616,231
Alternative programs and services	
support and development 905,831 69,908 633,267	1,609,006
Technology support 3,120,456 176,139 589,663	3,886,258
Operational support 24,521,945 16,607,645 77,098 412,949 2,775,678	44,395,315
Financial and human resource	
services 5,261,635 1,775,677 4,532 - 88,374	7,130,218
Accountability 815,711	815,711
System-wide pupil support 996,916 292,714 37,470	1,327,100
Policy, leadership and public relations 3,306,396 1,184,138 304,880	4,795,414
Ancillary services 897,669 820,492 3,249,275 - 14,960	4,982,396
	26,912,935
Debt service:	
Principal retirement 610,704 -	610,704
Interest and fees 16,364 -	16,364
	13,925,725
Total expenditures 143,927,076 218,616,520 6,188,467 14,965,742 37,750,372 4	21,448,177
Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,670,456 1,005,452 (5,791) 125,285 (51,371)	2,744,031
Other financing sources (uses):	
•	(1,005,452)
Installment purchase obligations issued	412,949
Total other financing sources (uses) - (1,005,452) - 412,949 -	(592,503)
Net change in fund balance 1,670,456 - (5,791) 538,234 (51,371)	2,151,528
Fund balances:	
	26,356,994
Change in reserve for inventories 26,499	26,499
End of year <u>\$ 15,740,423</u> <u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ 3,924,855</u> <u>\$ 5,375,526</u> <u>\$ 3,494,217</u> <u>\$ 3</u>	28,535,021

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION Exhibit 5 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,151,528
Change in fund balance due to change in reserve for inventory	26,499
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(5,923,295)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	30,149,254
Contributions to the OPEB plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	15,272,213
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	197,755
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Pension (expense) benefit OPEB (expense) benefit Compensated absences Claims liability for retained risk Loss on disposal of capital assets	(57,386,166) 5,786,117 (583,554) 599,828 (265)
Decrease in unearned revenue for sales tax receivable reported in the governmental funds	 (574,312)
Total change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (10,284,398)

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL CURRENT EXPENSE FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Local Current Expense Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	•	•	•	•
State of North Carolina	\$ -	\$	\$	\$-
Durham County	145,897,577	144,802,577	144,877,841	75,264
City of Durham	30,000	55,000	20,268	(34,732)
Other	901,927	840,000	699,423	(140,577)
Total revenues	146,829,504	145,697,577	145,597,532	(100,045)
Expenditures: Current:				
Instructional services:				
Regular instructional	36,559,601	35,486,134	35,146,802	339,332
Special populations	7,812,407	7,534,491	7,392,317	142,174
Alternative programs	8,338,621	11,203,641	11,123,895	79,746
School leadership	12,413,149	11,754,248	11,754,079	169
Co-curricular	1,788,323	1,732,947	1,697,814	35,133
School-based support	9,459,902	8,546,096	8,247,751	298,345
Total instructional services	76,372,003	76,257,557	75,362,658	894,899
System-wide support services:				
Support and development	2,072,431	2,040,933	1,948,232	92,701
Special population support and development Alternative programs and services support	621,448	628,808	626,653	2,155
and development	899,649	907,172	905,831	1,341
Technology support	3,144,183	3,299,204	3,120,456	178,748
Operational support	26,331,109	25,848,274	24,521,945	1,326,329
Financial and human resource services	5,709,296	5,394,997	5,261,635	133,362
Accountability	985,339	835,094	815,711	19,383
System-wide pupil support	1,111,223	1,027,914	996,916	30,998
Policy, leadership and public relations	3,961,172	3,587,396	3,306,396	281,000
Total system-wide support services	44,835,850	43,569,792	41,503,775	2,066,017
Ancillary services:				
Community	447,660	446,386	432,604	13,782
Nutrition	193,025	465,065	465,065	-
Total ancillary services	640,685	911,451	897,669	13,782
Nonprogrammed charges	26,730,966	26,708,777	26,162,974	545,803
Total expenditures	148,579,504	147,447,577	143,927,076	3,520,501
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,750,000)	(1,750,000)	1,670,456	3,420,456
Fund balance appropriated	1,750,000	1,750,000		(1,750,000)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u> -	\$	1,670,456	\$ 1,670,456
Fund balances:				
Beginning of year			14,043,468	
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventories			26,499	
End of year			<u>\$ 15,740,423</u>	

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL CURRENT EXPENSE FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	State Public School Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				Ŭ
State of North Carolina	\$ 224,043,236	\$ 222,766,762	\$ 218,810,153	\$ (3,956,609)
U.S. Government	-	1,621,707	811,819	(809,888)
Total revenues	224,043,236	224,388,469	219,621,972	(4,766,497)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instructional services:				
Regular instructional	110,470,909	109,329,451	105,584,238	3,745,213
Special populations	48,311,545	48,830,340	48,783,227	47,113
Alternative programs	17,052,950	16,544,892	16,543,527	1,365
School leadership	13,626,092	13,542,495	13,539,776	2,719
School-based support	12,815,924	12,591,122	12,431,534	159,588
Total instructional services	202,277,420	200,838,300	196,882,302	3,955,998
System-wide support services:				
Support and development	329,274	379,509	379,506	3
Special population support and development	418,529	428,000	427,999	1
Alternative programs and services support				
and development	69,322	69,908	69,908	-
Technology support	333,939	176,139	176,139	-
Operational support	17,287,121	16,608,248	16,607,645	603
Financial and human resource services	1,659,224	1,775,679	1,775,677	2
System-wide pupil support	370,183	292,716	292,714	2
Policy, leadership and public relations	1,043,697	1,184,139	1,184,138	1
Total system-wide support services	21,511,289	20,914,338	20,913,726	612
Ancillary services:				
Nutrition	254,527	1,630,379	820,492	809,887
Total expenditures	224,043,236	223,383,017	218,616,520	4,766,497
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	1,005,452	1,005,452	-
Other financing uses:				
Transfers to other funds	-	(1,005,452)	(1,005,452)	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund balances:				
Beginning of year			-	
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventories			-	
End of year			\$-	
Lind of year			Ψ	

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL CURRENT EXPENSE FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Grant and Community Schools Special Revenue Fund			Fund
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
State of North Carolina:				
Miscellaneous	\$ 54	<u>\$54</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (54)
Durham County:				
Pre-Kindergarten Program Support	2,169,703	2,499,111	1,919,863	(579,248)
U.S. Government:				
Miscellaneous	10,809	10,809	-	(10,809)
Other:				
Community education	3,501,374	3,501,374	3,226,135	(275,239)
Reading Academy	3,353	3,353	875	(2,478)
Education Workforce and Innovation	292,509	290,393	26,497	(263,896)
Community Liaisons for Students	6,786	6,786	-	(6,786)
Watts Afterschol Reading	6,936	6,936	3,343	(3,593)
Duke Neighborhood Foundation	2,920	28,957	3,522	(25,435)
Arts Spotlight	47,587	57,852	23,504	(34,348)
Grow Program	4,163	9,418	7,163	(2,255)
Durham Public Schools Farm	24,932	58,210	28,746	(29,464)
Singapore American School Math	19,790	19,790	-	(19,790)
United Way Social Innovation	3,125	3,125	256	(2,869)
Miscellaneous	2,721,714	3,240,899	942,772	(2,298,127)
Total other	6,635,189	7,227,093	4,262,813	(2,964,280)
Total revenues	8,815,755	9,737,067	6,182,676	(3,554,391)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instructional services:				
Regular instructional	808,274	1,225,146	317,398	907,748
Special populations	986,831	1,417,650	1,088,537	329,113
Alternative programs	1,514,498	1,523,239	1,100,073	423,166
School leadership	234,212	252,329	247,607	4,722
Co-curricular	11,815	24,370	14,491	9,879
School-based support	32,555	43,039	9,686	33,353
Total instructional services	3,588,185	4,485,773	2,777,792	1,707,981
System-wide support services:				
Support and development	64,648	64,648	42,300	22,348
Technology support	-	50,000		50,000
Operational support	129,678	98,097	77,098	20,999
Financial and human resource services	_	7,918	4,532	3,386
System-wide pupil support	103,702	130,437	37,470	92,967
Total system-wide support services	298.028	351,100	161,400	189,700
Ancillary services:				
Community	3,508,666	3,516,295	3,246,104	270,191
Nutrition	5,703	5,703	3,240,104	2,532
Nutrition	3,514,369	3,521,998	3,249,275	272,723
New way way and the survey	0,014,000	0,021,000	0,240,270	212,120
Non-programmed charges:	004	00.4		00.4
Payments to other governments	834 1,414,339	834 1,377,362	-	834 1,377,362
Unbudgeted Federal grant funds	1,415,173	1,378,196		1,378,196
Total non-programmed charges			C 400 407	
Total expenditures	8,815,755	9,737,067	6,188,467	3,548,600
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$ -	(5,791)	\$ (5,791)
Fund balance:				
Beginning of year			3,930,646	
End of year			\$ 3,924,855	
			,	

	Enterprise Major Fund
	School Food
	Service
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,150,182
Due from other governments	735,087
Receivables	586
Net OPEB asset	11,649
Inventories	617,829
Total current assets	4,515,333
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Furniture and equipment, net	414,717
Total assets	4,930,050
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,227,342
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	153,365
Accrued salaries and wages payable	43,727
Due to other funds	1,467,141
Compensated absences	174,260
Unearned revenue	163,148
Total current liabilities	2,001,641
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Net pension liability	3,132,374
Net OPEB liability	8,320,991
Compensated absences	244,148
Total noncurrent liabilities	11,697,513
Total liabilities	13,699,154
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,357,912
Net position	
Investment in capital assets	414,717
Restricted for DIPNC OPEB plan	28,992
Unrestricted (deficit)	(10,343,383)
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (9,899,674</u>)

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Enterprise Major Funds
	School Food
	Service
Operating revenues:	
Food sales	\$ 1,728,889
Other Total exerction revenues	<u>31,851</u> 1,760,740
Total operating revenues	1,700,740
Operating expenses:	
Food cost:	
Purchase of food	5,926,967
Donated commodities Salaries and benefits	845,357 7,061,639
Indirect costs	7,001,009
Materials and supplies	457,200
Repairs and maintenance	31,896
Depreciation	89,595
Contracted services	13,200
Other	73,685
Total operating expenses	14,499,547
Operating loss	(12,738,807)
Nonoperating revenues:	
Federal reimbursements and grants	11,712,729
Federal commodities	845,357
State reimbursements	12,740
Interest earned	4,275
Total nonoperating revenues	12,575,101
Loss before transfers	(163,706)
Transfers from other funds	1,005,452
Change in net position	841,746
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	(10,741,420)
Net position (deficit), end of year	<u>\$ (9,899,674)</u>

	Enterprise Major Fund School Food Service
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services Other revenues Net cash used by operating activities	\$ 1,953,693 (6,366,744) (7,460,317) <u>31,851</u> (11,841,517)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Due to other funds Due from other funds Federal and State reimbursements and grants Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,422,773 4,448 <u>11,692,441</u> 13,119,662
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets	(7,829)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest earned on investments	4,275
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,274,591
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,875,591
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,150,182

Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	<u>\$ (12,738,807</u>)
net cash used by operating activities:	80 505
Depreciation	89,595
Donated commodities	845,357
Expenses paid by other funds	1,005,452
Changes in assets and liabilities:	407 004
Decrease in accounts receivable	167,891
Increase in net OPEB asset	(2,684)
Decrease in inventories	12,709
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	123,503
Increase in accrued salaries and wages payable	43,727
Increase in unearned revenue	56,913
Decrease in net pension liability	(140,715)
Decrease in net OPEB liability	(34,370)
Decrease in deferred outflows	181,815
Decrease in deferred inflows	(1,487,587)
Increase in compensated absences payable	35,684
Total adjustments	897,290
Net cash used by operating activities	<u>\$ (11,841,517)</u>

NONCASH OPERATING AND NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

The School Food Service Fund received donated commodities with a value of \$845,357 during the fiscal year. The receipt of these commodities is reflected as a nonoperating revenue on Exhibit 8. The consumption of these commodities is recorded as an operating expense.

The State Public School Fund paid School Food Service Fund salaries and benefits of \$1,005,452 during the fiscal year. These payments are reflected as a transfer from other funds and an operating expense on Exhibit 8.

	He Me Sch	Bradsher dgepeth emorial nolarship Fund
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,931
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	
Net Position		
Assets held in trust for private purpose	\$	34,931

	Heo Me Sch	Bradsher dgepeth emorial olarship Fund
Additions:		
Donations Interest on investments	\$	1,000 451
Total additions		1,451
		1,401
Deductions:		
Scholarships awarded		1,000
Change in net position		451
Beginning net position		34,480
Ending net position	\$	34,931

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Durham Public Schools Board of Education conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Durham Public Schools Board of Education (Board) is a Local Education Agency empowered by State law [Chapter 115C of the North Carolina General Statutes] with the responsibility to oversee and control all activities related to public school education in Durham County, North Carolina. The Board receives State, local, and federal government funding and must adhere to the legal requirements of each funding entity. The Board has no component units.

The Board is governed by a seven-member governing body elected by the citizens of Durham County. The County provides approximately 38% of the total funding for the Board and has the authority to control how this funding is spent. However, beyond this, the County does not have legal authority over the Board's budget. Accordingly, the Board is not considered to be a component unit of Durham County.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities upon revenues and expenses. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Board. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Board and for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds, including its fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The fiduciary fund is presented separately.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. All expenses are considered to be operating expenses.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

Local Current Expense Fund. The Local Current Expense Fund is the general operating fund (General Fund) of the Board. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are accounted for in another fund. This fund is mandated by State law [G.S. 115C-426].

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Grant and Community Schools Special Revenue Fund. The Grant and Community Schools Special Revenue Fund includes grants received by the Board as well as fiscal agency monies.

Capital Outlay Fund. The Capital Outlay Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). It is mandated by State law [G.S.115C-426]. Capital projects are funded by Durham County appropriations, restricted sales tax moneys, proceeds of county debt issued for public school construction, lottery proceeds as well as certain other State assistance.

The Board reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Federal Grants Fund. The Federal Grants Fund includes appropriations from the U.S. Government for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Local Special Expense Fund. The Restricted Revenue Fund is used to account for revenues from reimbursements, including indirect costs, fees for actual costs, tuition, sales tax refunds, gifts and grants restricted as to use, federal and State grants restricted as to use, federal and State appropriations made directly to local school administrative units, funds received for prekindergarten programs and special programs.

School Activity Funds. The School Activity Funds includes revenues and expenditures of the activity funds of the individual schools. The primary revenue sources include funds held on the behalf of various clubs and organizations, receipts from athletic events, and proceeds from various fund-raising activities. The primary expenditures are for athletic teams, club programs, activity buses and instructional needs.

The Board reports the following major enterprise fund:

School Food Service Fund. The School Food Service Fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system.

The Board reports the following fiduciary fund:

Private Purpose Trust Fund. The Board has one Private-Purpose Trust Fund, the Della Bradsher Hedgepeth Memorial Scholarship Fund. Interest earned on the principal is to be used to award scholarships according to the criteria set forth in the scholarship fund agreement.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These could include federal, State, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated

absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Board's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for the school activity funds and the private-purpose trust, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. No budget is required by State law for individual school funds. All appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level within funds for all annually budgeted funds. The Finance Officer, with the approval of the Superintendent, is authorized by the governing Board to transfer appropriations within a fund. Such transfers must be reported to the governing Board at its next regular meeting. Transfers between funds require governing Board approval. Amendments which alter the County appropriations or transfer monies between the Local Current Expense Fund and the Capital Outlay Fund require the approval of the Durham County Board of Commissioners. During the year, significant amendments to the original budget were necessary and were appropriately approved by the Board of Education.

A budget calendar is included in G.S. 115C, Article 31, and prescribes the last day on which certain steps of the budget procedure are to be performed. The following schedule lists the tasks to be performed and the date each is required to be completed.

- May 1 The Superintendent must submit the budget request along with a copy of the budget message to the Board of Education no later than May 1.
- May 15 The Board of Education should make changes, if necessary, to the budget request as submitted by the Superintendent and forward an approved budget request to the Board of County Commissioners not later than May 15, unless the County Commissioners have established a later date.
- July 1 The Board of County Commissioners must complete its actions on the school budget not later than July 1, unless a later date is agreed upon between the Board of Education and County Commissioners.
- Month of July The Board of Education must adopt its balanced budget resolution after the Board of County Commissioners has decided upon the amount of appropriations to be provided by the County or after the appeal procedures as set forth in State law [G.S. 115C-431].

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 115C-444]. The Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The Board also has money credited in its name with the State Treasurer and may issue State warrants against these funds.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

State law [G.S. 115C-443] authorizes the Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund; and the North Carolina State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is managed by the staff of the Department of State Treasurer and operated in accordance with State laws and regulations. It is not registered with the SEC. The STIF consists of an internal portion and an external portion in which the Board participates. Investments are restricted to those enumerated in G.S. 147-69.1.

The Board's investments are reported at amortized cost or at fair value determined by either quoted market prices or a matrix pricing model. Bank deposits are measured at amortized cost. The NCCMT is reported at fair value. Ownership interest of the STIF is determined on a fair market valuation basis as of fiscal year end in accordance with the STIF operating procedures. Valuation of the underlying assets is performed by the custodian. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIF are distributed to external participants of the fund.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Inventories

The inventories of the Board are valued at cost and the Board uses the first-in, first-out (FIFO) flow assumption in determining cost. The inventories of the Board's Local Current Expense Fund consist of expendable materials and supplies which are recorded as expenditures when purchased. The Local Current Expense Fund inventories do not reflect current appropriable resources and, thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is classified as nonspendable. Proprietary Fund inventories consist of food and supplies and are recorded as expenses when consumed.

4. Capital Assets

Donated assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are recorded at original cost. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Certain items acquired before July 1, 1990 are recorded at an estimated original historical cost. The total of these estimates is not considered large enough that any errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole.

For capital assets utilized in governmental and business-type activities, it is the policy of the Board to capitalize those assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two or more years. In addition, other items which are purchased and used in large quantities such as student desks, library books and materials are capitalized. The library collections consist of large numbers of books with modest values; the composite depreciation method has been used as discussed in GASB 35, para 163-166. The cost of normal repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives is not capitalized.

Durham County holds title to certain properties, which are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board gives the schools full use of

the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provides that the County will convey title of the property back to the Board, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met.

Capital assets, excluding land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 50
Building improvements	20
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	8

Depreciation for assets that serve multiple purposes cannot be allocated ratably and is therefore reported as "unallocated depreciation" on the Statement of Activities.

5. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Board has two items that meet this criterion – pension and other post-employment benefit-related deferrals. The statement of financial position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Board has two items that meet this criterion – pension and other post-employment benefit-related deferrals.

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

7. Compensated Absences

The Board follows the State's policy for vacation and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Board, the current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material. The Board's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2020 is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a FIFO basis. An estimate has been made based on prior years' records of the current portion of compensated absences.

The sick leave policy of the Board provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

8. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the yearend balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaid items - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of assets held for prepaid items, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted fund balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 115C-425(a) prohibits boards of education from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. Restricted by State statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget year. RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS.

Restricted for school capital outlay - portion of fund balance that can only be used for school capital outlay [G.S. 159-18 through 22].

Restricted for Grants and Scholarships – revenue sources restricted for distributions as described per their original intent from the source for which they were received.

Restricted for Individual Schools – revenue sources restricted for expenditures for the various clubs and organizations, athletic events, and various fund raising activities for which they were collected.

Committed fund balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for a specific purpose imposed by majority vote by quorum of Board of Education's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority) and in certain instances approval by the County's governing body is required. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing bodies that approved the original action.

Teachers Salaries – portion of fund balance approved by resolution of the Board of Education to maintain staffing levels equivalent to the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that the Board of Education intends to use for specific purposes. The assignment of fund balance is governed by N.C. General Statutes. The Board of Education is authorized to approve appropriations of fund balance in accordance with restrictions established by N.C. General Statutes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted.

Special revenues – portion of fund balance in the Local Special Expense Fund that represents the residual amount of revenues from certain grants, reimbursements, indirect costs and other financial resources in excess of related expenditures that will be used for instructional services, system-wide support services, ancillary services or non-programmed charges, as determined by the Board of Education.

Self-insurance – portion of fund balance that will be used by the Local Current Expense Fund for covered insurance claims.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The Local Current Expense Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes.

The Board of Education has a management policy for revenue spending that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Chief Financial Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-board of education funds, board of education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Chief Financial Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Board of Education.

9. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

a. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$(307,151,578) consists of the following:

Description		Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide		
statement in governmental activities column)	\$	713,509,994
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(355,680,630)
Net capital assets		357,829,364
Net OPEB asset		596,977
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		65,123,788
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		49,020,017
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do		
not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund		
statements:		
Installment purchases		(809,653)
Compensated absences		(19,522,146)
Claims liability for retained risks		(362,345)
Net pension liability		(160,523,519)
Net OPEB liability		(426,422,536)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(2,371,438)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(169,710,087)
Total adjustment	\$	(307,151,578)

b. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$(12,435,926) as follows:

Description	 Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$ 14,158,189
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	(20,081,484)
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fund statements; it has no effect on the statement of activities - it affects only the government-wide statement of net position	(412,949)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but affect only the statement of net position on the government-wide statements	610,704
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	30,149,254
Contributions to the OPEB plans in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	15,272,213
Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements	
Pension (expense) benefit	(57,386,166)
OPEB (expense) benefit	5,786,117
Loss on disposal of capital assets Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not	(265)
in the fund statements because they do not use current resources Claims liabilities for retained risks are accrued in the government-wide	(583,554)
statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources	599,828
Revenues reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements	,
Change in unearned revenues for sales tax receivable reported in the governmental funds	(574,312)
Adjustment due to the use of the consumption method of recording inventory in the government-wide statements	 26,499
Total adjustment	\$ (12,435,926)

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), the Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF), and the Disability Income Plan of NC (DIPNC) and additions to/deductions from TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Board's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Board has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Board's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the agent in the entity's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each deposits under the Pooling Method. The Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2020, the Board had deposits with banks and savings and loans with a carrying amount of \$21,866,715 and with the State Treasurer of \$72,254. The bank balances with the financial institutions and the State Treasurer were \$21,328,580 and \$3,434,695, respectively. Of these balances, \$2,455,482 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$22,307,793 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer. The Board also had cash on hand of \$9,855 at June 30, 2020.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2020, the Board had \$3,661,098 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's and is classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Additionally, at June 30 2020 the Board had \$16,017,536 invested with the State Treasurer in the Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is unrated and had a weighted average maturity of 1.3 years at June 30, 2020. The Board of Education does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Board has no policy for managing interest rate risk or credit risk. The Board places no limit on the amount the Board may invest in any one issuer. All

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

investments are measured using the market approach. The STIF is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and valued using prices that are either directly or indirectly observable for an asset or liability.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level Two: Debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

3. Accounts Receivable

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Due from (to) other funds (internal balances)	Due from other governments	Other	Total
Governmental activities: General Fund Other governmental activities	\$ 1,899,815 (432,674)	\$	\$ 194,701 1,904,985	\$ 2,094,516 10,989,605
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,467,141</u>	<u>\$ 9,517,294</u>	\$ 2,099,686	<u>\$ 13,084,121</u>
Business-type activities: School Food Service Fund	<u>\$ (1,467,141</u>)	<u>\$ 735,087</u>	<u>\$586</u>	<u>\$ (731,468</u>)

Due from other governments consists of the following:

Governmental activities: Capital Outlay Fund State Public School Fund Local Special Expense Fund Federal Grants Fund	\$ 929,837 7,934,875 2,649 <u>649,933</u>	Amounts due from County Operating funds from DPI Federal grant funds Federal grant funds
Total	<u>\$ 9,517,294</u>	
Business-type activities: School Food Service Fund	<u>\$ </u>	Federal grant funds

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 22,163,93	34 \$ 3,522,952	\$-	\$ 25,686,886
Construction in progress	22,389,62	9,944,689	2,939,068	29,395,250
Total capital assets not being depreciated	44,553,56	13,467,641	2,939,068	55,082,136
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	396,789,04	- 2	-	396,789,042
Building improvements	209,827,78	2,689,463	-	212,517,247
Furniture and equipment	16,390,92	261,092	134,416	16,517,596
Vehicles	33,421,68	679,061	1,496,770	32,603,973
Total capital assets being depreciated	656,429,42	3,629,616	1,631,186	658,427,858
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	237,459,87	9,578,471	-	247,038,343
Building improvements	55,244,41	4 8,789,053	-	64,033,467
Furniture and equipment	13,914,83		134,416	14,406,542
Vehicles	30,610,95	1,087,832	1,496,505	30,202,278
Total accumulated depreciation	337,230,06	20,081,484	1,630,921	355,680,630
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	319,199,36	<u>51</u>		302,747,228
Governmental activity capital assets, net	<u>\$ 363,752,92</u>	24		<u>\$ 357,829,364</u>
Business-type activities:				
School Food Service Fund:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 3,653,70		\$-	\$ 3,661,536
Vehicles	193,62	26		193,626
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,847,33	3 7,829		3,855,162
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and equipment	3,157,22		-	3,246,819
Vehicles	193,62	.6 -		193,626
Total accumulated depreciation	3,350,85	60 89,595	<u> </u>	3,440,445
School Food Service capital assets, net	\$ 496,48	<u>33</u>		\$ 414,717

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Unallocated depreciation	\$ 18,993,652
Operational support	1,087,832
Total	\$ 20,081,484

5. Construction and Other Significant Commitments

As of June 30, 2020, the Board had several improvement and repair projects in progress throughout the district. At year-end, the Board's commitments with contractors for the remaining portion of the contracts to complete these projects totaled approximately \$3.0 million. Subsequent to year end, the Board entered into several additional contracts totaling \$24.9 million for construction, improvements and repairs, including construction of a new elementary school. All of these projects are commitments of the Capital Outlay Fund which will be funded primarily from proceeds of County-issued general obligation bonds, as well as other general County and State revenues.

- B. Liabilities
- 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations
- a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Board is a participating employer in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the employees of Local Education Agencies and charter schools. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the TSERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as exofficio members. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

TSERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in

active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Board employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the TSERS Board of Trustees. The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 12.97% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$30,737,571 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Refunds of Contributions – Board employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of TSERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by TSERS.

At June 30, 2020, the Board reported a liability of \$163,655,893 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating TSERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 and at June 30, 2018, the Board's proportion was 1.5786% and 1.5254%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Board recognized pension expense of \$58,328,658. At June 30, 2020, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 13,689,627	\$	327,629
Changes of assumptions	17,438,178		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	3,137,054		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,392,150		2,090,084
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 30,737,571		-
Total	\$ 66,394,580	\$	2,417,713

\$30,737,571 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year ended June 30:

2021	:	\$ 23,169,011
2022		5,587,828
2023		3,385,042
2024	_	1,097,415
Total	:	\$ 33,239,296
	-	

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.5 to 8.1 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study prepared as of December 31, 2014 and adopted by the Board of Trustees on January 21, 2016.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including TSERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability reported at June 30, 2020 and 2019 was 7.00% for both years. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Board's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 311,482,690	\$ 163,655,893	\$ 39,648,050

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Other Postemployment Benefits

1. Healthcare Benefits

Plan description. The Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) has been established as a fund to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. RHBF is established by General Statute 135-7, Article 1. It is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan, exclusively for the benefit of former employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, and community colleges. In addition, LEAs, charter schools, and some select local governments also participate.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. RHBF is supported by a percent of payroll contribution from participating employing units. Each year the percentage is set in legislation, as are the maximum per retiree contributions from RHBF to the State Health Plan. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, then sets the employer contributions (subject to the legislative cap) and the premiums to be paid by retirees, as well as the health benefits to be provided through the State Health Plan.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's CAFR, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits provided. Plan benefits received by retired employees and disabled employees from RHBF are OPEB. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees who are not eligible for Medicare are the same as for active employees. The plan options change when former employees become eligible for Medicare. Medicare retirees have the option of selecting one of two fully-insured Medicare Advantage/Prescription Drug Plan (MA-PDP) options of the self-funded Traditional 70/30 preferred Provider Organization plan option that is also offered to non-Medicare members. If the Traditional 70/30 Plan is selected by a Medicare retiree, the self-funded State Health Plan coverage is secondary to Medicare.

Those former employees who are eligible to receive medical benefits from RHBF are long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC) and retirees of the TSERS, the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System (CJRS), the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), the University Employees' Optional Retirement Program (ORP), and a small number of local governments, with five or more years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement, with the following exceptions: for employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006, and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007, future coverage as retired employees and retired members of the General Assembly is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's noncontributory premium.

Section 35.21 (c) and (d) of Session Law 2017-57 repeals retiree medical benefits for employees first hired January 1, 2021. The new legislation amends Article 3B of Chapter 135 of the General Statutes to require that retirees must earn contributory retirement service in TSERS (or in an allowed local system unit), CJRS, or LRS prior to January 1, 2021, and not withdraw that service, in order to be eligible for retiree medical benefits under the amended law. Consequently, members first hired on and after January 1, 2021 will not be eligible to receive retiree medical benefits.

RHBF's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1 and Chapter 135, Article 3B of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. RHBF does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions. By General Statute, accumulated contributions from employers to RHBF and any earnings on those contributions shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. By statute, contributions to RHBF are irrevocable. Also, by law, fund assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to RHBF. However, RHBF assets may be used for reasonable expenses to administer the RHBF, including costs to conduct required actuarial valuations of state—supported retired employees' health benefits. Contribution rates to RHBF, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the current fiscal year, the Board contributed 6.47% of covered payroll which amounted to \$15,333,237.

At June 30, 2020, the Board reported a liability of \$434,743,527 for its proportionate share of the net RHBF OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Board's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Board's proportion was 1.3741% and 1.3608%, respectively.

\$15,333,237 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2021	\$ (43,119,711)
2022	(43,119,711)
2023	(43,077,855)
2024	(14,611,515)
2025	4,644,233
Total	<u>\$ (139,284,559)</u>

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

Inflation Salary increases	3.00% 3.50-8.10%, include 3.5% inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate - medical	5.00-6.50%
Healthcare cost trend rate - prescription drug	5.00-9.50%
Healthcare cost trend rate -Medicare advantage	5.00-6.50%
Healthcare cost trend rate - administrative	3.00%

Discount rate. The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liability for the RHBF at June 30, 2020 and 2019 were 3.50% and 3.87%, respectively. The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers would be made at the current statutorily determined contribution rate. Based on the above assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. As a result, a municipal bond rate of 3.50% was used as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability. The 3.50% rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Index as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% decrease (2.50%)	[Discount Rate (3.50%)	1% Increase (4.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 516,631,329	\$	434,743,527	\$ 369,173,786

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare trend rates. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

		Healthcare Trend Rates	
	1% Decrease (Medical -	(Medical -5.00-6.50%,	1% increase (Medical -6.00-
	4.00-5.50%, Pharmacy -	Pharmacy - 5.00-9.50%,	7.50%, Pharmacy - 6.00-
	4.00-8.50%, Medicare	Medicare Advantage - 5.00-	10.50%, Medicare
	Advantage - 4.00-5.50%,	6.50%, Administrative -	Advantage - 6.00-7.50%,
	Administrative - 2.00%)	3.00%)	Administrative - 4.00%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 357,977,604	\$ 434,743,527	\$ 535,676,434

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CAFR for the State of North Carolina.

2. Disability Benefits

Plan description. Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan, to the eligible members of TSERS which includes employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, community colleges, certain Local Education Agencies, and ORP.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's CAFR, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits Provided. Long-term disability benefits are payable as an OPEB from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provide the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in TSERS or ORP, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from TSERS after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing 5 years of membership service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of service at any age.

Contributions. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Disability income benefits are funded by actuarially determined employer contributions that are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly and coincide with the State fiscal year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, employers made a statutory contribution of 0.10% of covered payroll which was equal to the actuarially required contribution. Board contributions to the plan were \$236,990 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separated from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as an other postemployment benefit.

At June 30, 2020, the Board reported an asset of \$608,626 for its proportionate share of the net DIPNC OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of the Board's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Board's proportion was 1.4105% and 1.3694%, respectively.

\$236,990 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net OPEB asset in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2021	\$ 236,357
2022	166,736
2023	119,555
2024	71,570
2025	102,137
Thereafter	 (27,180)
Total	\$ 669,175

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.5%-8.10%, include 3.5% inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	3.75%, net of OPEB plan expense, including inflation

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.75 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.75%)		[Discount Rate (3.75%)	1% Increase (4.75%)
Net OPEB asset	\$	515,491	\$	608,626	\$ 699,123

Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liability was calculated through the use of update procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The update procedures incorporated the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation. The entry age normal cost method was utilized.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer), and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are

based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience review for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29%	1.4%
Global Equity	42%	5.3%
Real Estate	8%	4.3%
Alternatives	8%	8.9%
Opportunistic Fixed Income	7%	6.0%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	4.0%
Total	100%	

Following is information related to OPEB expense, proportionate share, assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported by the Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	 RHBF	 DIPNC		Total
OPEB expense (benefit)	\$ (7,892,815)	\$ 566,996	\$	(7,325,819)
OPEB liability (asset)	434,743,527	(608,626)		434,134,901
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	1.3741%	1.4105%		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 621,758	\$	621,758
Changes of assumptions	20,895,821	67,421		20,963,242
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
plan investments	289,505	115,928		405,433
Changes in proportion and differences between Board				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	12,415,907	-		12,415,907
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 15,333,237	 236,990	_	15,570,227
Totals	\$ 48,934,470	\$ 1,042,097	\$	49,976,567
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 21,916,550	\$ -	\$	21,916,550
Changes of assumptions	130,702,958	62,442		130,765,400
Changes in proportion and differences between Board				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	 20,266,284	 73,490		20,339,774
Totals	\$ 172,885,792	\$ 135,932	\$	173,021,724

2. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Vendors and Other		 Accrued Salaries	 Total
Governmental activities:				
General Fund	\$	6,974,789	\$ 2,180,349	\$ 9,155,138
Other governmental activities		682,903	 8,710,991	 9,393,894
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	7,657,692	\$ 10,891,340	\$ 18,549,032
Business-type activities: School Food Service Fund	\$	153,365	\$ 43,727	\$ 197,092

3. Unearned Revenues

The balance in unearned revenues at year-end is composed of the following item:

Governmental activities: Grants, donations and scholarships (Grant and Community Schools	
Special Revenue Fund)	\$ 4,483,509
Business-type activities: Prepayments of meals (School Food Service Fund)	<u>\$ 163,148</u>

4. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The balances in deferred outflows and inflows of resources at year-end are composed of the following:

	- • •	erred Outflows f Resources	Def	erred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	14,311,385	\$	22,244,179
Changes of assumptions		38,401,420		130,765,400
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments		3,542,487		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions		13,808,057		22,429,858
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date		46,307,798		-
Total	\$	116,371,147	\$	175,439,437

5. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board protects itself from potential loss through a combination of the purchase of commercial insurance from primary and/or excess liability coverage and self-funded risk retention.

The Board is self-insured for general liability claims up to \$75,000 per claim and maintains excess commercial insurance coverage of \$1,000,000 per occurrence with a \$2,000,000 annual aggregate. The

Board also carries commercial errors and omissions coverage with a \$75,000 deductible amount per claim and a \$3,000,000 annual aggregate.

The Board is self-insured for workers' compensation claims for employees paid from local and federal funds and carries excess workers' compensation coverage for claims over \$400,000. The State of North Carolina provides workers' compensation coverage for employees to the extent they are paid from State funds. The Board has recorded a claims liability for retained risks of \$362,345 at June 30, 2020 in governmental activities for workers compensation claims.

Tangible property assets of the Board are insured through commercially purchased insurance coverage up to approximately \$890 million. Deductibles range from \$1,000 to \$25,000 per occurrence. Umbrella coverage in the amount of \$4,000,000 applies as excess over the general liability, automobile liability and employer's liability.

The Board also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan, a self-funded risk financing pool of the State administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees of the Board are eligible to receive health care benefits. The Board pays most of the cost of coverage for employees enrolled in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan.

In accordance with G.S. 115C-442, the Board's employees who have custody of the Board's monies at any given time are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Chief Financial Officer is bonded for \$250,000.

The Board carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

6. <u>Contingent Liabilities</u>

The Board has received notifications from the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) that the school system is being assessed a penalty of approximately \$700,000, due to allegations of improper gifts given by a school system vendor to school system officials during the bidding process. The penalty, which was originally assessed in December 2015, is under appeal. The Board's management and the Board's attorneys have been unable to determine the amount of loss, if any, the Board might incur as a result of this legal matter.

As of the date of our report, the Board was also a defendant to several other pending and threatened lawsuits. The Board's management and the Board's attorneys have been unable to determine the amount of loss, if any, the Board might incur as a result of these legal matters.

7. Long-Term Obligations

a. Direct Placement Installment Purchases

The Board is authorized to finance the purchase of school buses under G.S. 115C-528(a). Session law 2003-284, section 7.25 authorized the State Board of Education to allot monies for the payments on financing contracts entered into pursuant to G.S. 115C-528. The State has accepted the bid to purchase Thomas Built Buses through special third-party direct placement financing arrangements. During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, 2019 and 2020, the Board entered into such contracts for the purchase of school buses. The gross amount of buses capitalized under the outstanding installment purchase contracts totaled \$826,626 at June 30, 2020. The contracts each require four equal principal-only payments with the first payment due within 10 days of receipt of the buses and the following 3 payments due on the next 3 immediately following November 15th dates.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The Board is authorized by State law [G.S. 115C-528(a)] to enter into installment purchase contracts to finance the purchase of activity buses. In January 2018, the Board entered into such a contract to purchase eight activity buses at a total cost of \$725,184. The financing contracts require principal payments for five years with an interest rate of 2.46 percent.

The future minimum payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2020, including interest, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:		Governmental Activities						
	F	Principal		nterest				
2021	\$	351,592	\$	11,971				
2022		252,056		8,086				
2023		206,005		4,096				
Totals	<u>\$</u>	809,653	\$	24,153				

b. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the Board's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

	July 1, 2019	R	estatements (Note 4)	Increases	Decreases	J	une 30, 2020	Current Portion
Governmental activities: Direct placement			· · · ·				·	
installment purchases	\$ 1,007,408	\$	-	\$ 412,949	\$ 610,704	\$	809,653	\$ 351,592
Net pension liability	148,592,115		-	11,931,404	-		160,523,519	-
Net OPEB liability	379,317,717		-	47,104,819	-		426,422,536	-
Compensated absences Claims liability for	20,940,233		(2,001,641)	13,922,463	13,338,909		19,522,146	7,469,420
retained risk	 4,232,647		(3,270,474)	 49,008	 648,836		362,345	 232,503
Total	\$ 554,090,120	\$	(5,272,115)	\$ 73,420,643	\$ 14,598,449	\$	607,640,199	\$ 8,053,515
Business-type activities:								
Net pension liability	\$ 3,273,089	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 140,715	\$	3,132,374	\$ -
Net OPEB liability	8,355,361		-	-	34,370		8,320,991	-
Compensated absences	 382,724		-	 334,321	 298,637		418,408	 174,260
Total	\$ 12,011,174	\$	-	\$ 334,321	\$ 473,722	\$	11,871,773	\$ 174,260

Compensated absences, net pension and net OPEB liabilities related to governmental activities are typically liquidated by the Local Current Expense Fund, State Public School Fund, Grants and Community Schools Special Revenue Fund, Federal Grants Fund and the Local Special Expense Fund. Installment purchases are typically liquidated by the Capital Outlay Fund.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

1. Interfund Balances

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Ar	nount
Local Current Expense Fund	Local Special Expense Fund	\$	432,674
Local Current Expense Fund	School Food Service Fund	<u>\$ 1,</u>	467,141

The balances owed to the Local Current Expense Fund by the School Food Service and Local Special Expense funds are for amounts loaned to fund operating expenditures. These amounts are expected to be paid prior to June 30, 2021.

2. Transfers to/from other Funds

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

From the State Public School Fund to the School Food Service Fund for		
salary and benefit costs	<u>\$</u>	1,005,452

D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of Local Current Expense Fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - Local Current Expense Fund	\$	15,740,423
Less:		
Inventories		(112,350)
Stabilization by State statute		(2,094,516)
Committed funds		(2,180,000)
Appropriated Fund Balance in the 2020-2021 budget		(1,662,530)
Assigned for self-insurance		(3,056,908)
Remaining fund balance	<u>\$</u>	6,634,119

Encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end. The Board had no encumbrances as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Board has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

NOTE 4 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Board reported the following prior period adjustments:

During the current year, it was determined that the Board's claims liability for retained risks as of June 30, 2019 was overstated by \$3,270,474 for governmental activities. The adjustment to correct this misstatement had the effect of increasing governmental activities net position as of June 30, 2019 by \$3,270,474. This adjustment to governmental activities net position has been reflected in Exhibit 2.

During the current year, it was determined that the Board's liability for compensated absences payable as of June 30, 2019 was overstated by \$2,001,641 for governmental activities. The adjustment to correct this misstatement had the effect of increasing governmental activities net position as of June 30, 2019 by \$2,001,641. This adjustment to governmental activities net position has been reflected in Exhibit 2.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1.579%	1.530%	1.550%	1.580%	1.540%
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 163,655,893	\$ 151,865,204	\$123,106,819	\$ 145,085,971	\$ 56,785,953
Board's covered payroll	\$230,313,653	\$213,532,839	\$209,108,467	\$205,715,596	\$205,007,563
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	71.06%	71.12%	58.87%	70.53%	27.70%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	87.56%	87.61%	89.51%	87.32%	94.64%
	2015	2014			
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1.480%	1.510%			
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 17,425,928	\$ 91,453,830			
Board's covered payroll	\$ 192,070,759	\$ 191,051,990			
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	9.07%	47.87%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	98.24%	90.60%			

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Note: This is a ten year schedule. However, GASB 68 was not adopted until the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Therefore, there are only seven years of data presented.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 30,737,571	\$ 28,305,548	\$ 23,018,840	\$ 20,869,025	\$ 18,822,977
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	30,737,571	28,305,548	23,018,840	20,869,025	18,822,977
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>				
Board's covered payroll	\$236,989,753	\$230,313,653	\$213,532,839	\$209,108,467	\$205,715,596
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.97%	12.29%	10.78%	9.98%	9.15%
	2015	2014			
Contractually required contribution	\$ 18,758,192	\$ 16,690,949			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	18,758,192	16,690,949			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -			

Board's covered payroll\$ 205,007,563\$ 192,070,759Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll9.15%8.69%

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT FUND LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	1.374%	1.361%	1.430%	1.390%
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$434,743,527	\$ 387,673,078	\$468,027,345	\$603,001,942
Board's covered payroll	\$230,313,653	\$213,532,839	\$209,108,467	\$205,715,596
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	188.76%	181.55%	223.82%	293.12%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	4.40%	4.40%	3.52%	2.41%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT FUND LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 15,333,237	\$ 14,440,666	\$ 12,918,737	\$ 12,147,277
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	15,333,237	14,440,666	12,918,737	12,147,277
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>
Board's covered payroll	\$236,989,753	\$230,313,653	\$213,532,839	\$209,108,467
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	6.47%	6.27%	6.05%	5.81%

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB ASSET DISABILITY INCOME PLAN OF NORTH CAROLINA LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

		2020	2019	2018	2017
Board's proportion of the net OPEB asset		1.411%	1.369%	1.390%	1.430%
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	608,626	\$ 415,969	\$ 848,596	\$ 887,235
Board's covered payroll	\$23	80,313,653	\$213,532,839	\$209,108,467	\$205,715,596
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.26%	0.19%	0.41%	0.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset		113.00%	108.47%	116.23%	116.06%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS DISABILITY INCOME PLAN OF NORTH CAROLINA LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2020		2019		2018		2017	
Contractually required contribution	\$	236,990	\$	322,439	\$	298,946	\$	794,163
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		236,990		322,439		298,946		794,163
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-
Board's covered payroll	\$23	6,989,753	\$23	30,313,653	\$21	3,532,839	\$20	9,108,467
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.10%		0.14%		0.14%		0.38%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability *Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System*

> Schedule of Board Contributions Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability *Retiree Health Benefit Fund*

> Schedule of Board Contributions Retiree Health Benefit Fund

Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset Disability Income Plan of North Carolina

> Schedule of Board Contributions Disability Income Plan of North Carolina

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL CURRENT EXPENSE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:			
Durham County:			
Appropriations from general revenues	\$ 144,092,577	\$ 144,092,577	\$-
Late property filing	710,000	785,264	75,264
Total Durham County	144,802,577	144,877,841	75,264
City of Durham:			
Property late fees	55,000	20,268	(34,732)
Other:			
Fines and forfeitures	840,000	699,423	(140,577)
Total revenues	145,697,577	145,597,532	(100,045)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instructional services:			
Regular instructional	35,486,134	35,146,802	339,332
Special populations	7,534,491	7,392,317	142,174
Alternative programs	11,203,641	11,123,895	79,746
School leadership Co-curricular	11,754,248 1,732,947	11,754,079 1,697,814	169 35,133
	8,546,096	8,247,751	298,345
School-based support			
Total instructional services	76,257,557	75,362,658	894,899
System-wide support services:			
Support and development	2,040,933	1,948,232	92,701
Special population support and development	628,808	626,653	2,155
Alternative programs and services			
support and development	907,172	905,831	1,341
Technology support	3,299,204	3,120,456	178,748
Operational support	25,848,274	24,521,945	1,326,329
Financial and human resource services	5,394,997	5,261,635	133,362
Accountability System-wide pupil support	835,094 1,027,914	815,711 996,916	19,383 30,998
Policy, leadership and public relations	3,587,396	3,306,396	281,000
Total system-wide support services	43,569,792	41,503,775	2,066,017
Ancillary services:	446 200	422 604	40 700
Community	446,386 465,065	432,604	13,782
Nutrition		465,065	-
Total ancillary services	911,451	897,669	13,782

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) LOCAL CURRENT EXPENSE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures (continued): Non-programmed charges: Payments to other governments	26,708,777	26,162,974	545,803
Total expenditures	147,447,577	143,927,076	3,520,501
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,750,000)	1,670,456	3,420,456
Fund balance appropriated	1,750,000	<u> </u>	(1,750,000)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	1,670,456	<u>\$ 1,670,456</u>
Fund balance: Beginning of year		14,043,468	
Change in reserve for inventories		26,499	
End of year		\$ 15,740,423	

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
State of North Carolina: Public School Capital Fund - Lottery State appropriations - buses Total State of North Carolina	\$ 1,324,227 2,097,204 3,421,431	\$ 1,130,189 <u>470,162</u> 1,600,351	\$ (194,038) (1,627,042) (1,821,080)
Durham County: Bond revenues General county appropriations Total Durham County	19,368,940 1,370,000 20,738,940	11,472,653 1,370,000 12,842,653	(7,896,287) (7,896,287)
City of Durham: City appropriations	110,000	110,000	<u>-</u>
Other: Miscellaneous	7,520,000	538,023	(6,981,977)
Total revenues	31,790,371	15,091,027	(16,699,344)
Expenditures: Current: System-wide support services: Operational support	1,627,042	412,949	1,214,093
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fees Total debt service	610,704 16,364 627,068	610,704 16,364 627,068	
Capital outlay	29,536,261	13,925,725	15,610,536
Total expenditures	31,790,371	14,965,742	16,824,629
Revenues over expenditures	-	125,285	125,285
Other financing sources: Installment purchase obligations issued	<u>-</u>	412,949	412,949
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u> -	538,234	\$ 538,234
Fund balance: Beginning of year		4,837,292	
End of year		<u>\$ 5,375,526</u>	

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Federal Local Special		Individual				
		Grants		Expense		Schools	 Totals
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	72,254	\$	-	\$	2,360,906	\$ 2,433,160
Due from other governments		649,933		2,649		-	652,582
Accounts receivable		-		1,861,095		-	 1,861,095
Total assets	\$	722,187	\$	1,863,744	\$	2,360,906	\$ 4,946,837
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	247,279	\$	-	\$ 247,279
Accrued salaries and wages payable		649,933		50,480		-	700,413
Due to other funds		-		432,674		-	432,674
Due to other governments		72,254		-		-	 72,254
Total liabilities		722,187		730,433		-	 1,452,620
Fund balances							
Restricted:							
Stabilization by State statute		-		1,863,744		-	1,863,744
Individual schools		-		-		2,360,906	2,360,906
Unassigned		-		(730,433)		2 260 006	 (730,433)
Total fund balances		<u> </u>		1,133,311		2,360,906	 3,494,217
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	722,187	\$	1,863,744	\$	2,360,906	\$ 4,946,837

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Spo			
	Federal	Local Special	Individual	
	Grants	Expense	Schools	Totals
Revenues:				
City of Durham	\$-	\$ 184,511	\$-	\$ 184,511
U.S. Government	¥ 27,748,996	178,377	Ψ	27,927,373
Other		6,500,062	3,087,055	9,587,117
Total revenues	27,748,996	6,862,950	3,087,055	37,699,001
Expenditures: Current: Instructional services:				
Regular instructional	1,768,207	1,300,392	-	3,068,599
Special populations	6,714,171	1,668,697	-	8,382,868
Alternative programs	16,040,719	-	-	16,040,719
School leadership	254,702	-	-	254,702
Co-curricular	-	-	3,125,756	3,125,756
School-based support	814,597	221,068		1,035,665
Total instructional services	25,592,396	3,190,157	3,125,756	31,908,309
System-wide support services: Support and development	123,701			123,701
Special population support and development		- 27,500	-	561,579
Alternative programs and services			-	
support and development	553,571	79,696	-	633,267
Technology support	-	589,663	-	589,663
Operational support	195,288	2,580,390	-	2,775,678
Financial and human resource services	-	88,374	-	88,374
Policy, leadership and public relations	-	304,880	-	304,880
Total system-wide support services	1,406,639	3,670,503		5,077,142
Ancillary services: Community	-	14,960	-	14,960
Non-programmed charges	749,961			749,961
Total expenditures	27,748,996	6,875,620	3,125,756	37,750,372
Net change in fund balance	-	(12,670)	(38,701)	(51,371)
Fund balances: Beginning of year		1,145,981	2,399,607	3,545,588
End of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,133,311</u>	<u>\$ 2,360,906</u>	<u>\$ 3,494,217</u>

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FEDERAL GRANTS FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:			
U.S. Government	\$ 49,443,937	<u>\$ 27,748,996</u>	<u>\$ (21,694,941</u>)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instructional services:		. =	
Regular instructional	11,575,749	1,768,207	9,807,542
Special populations	7,333,606	6,714,171	619,435
Alternative programs	24,138,631	16,040,719	8,097,912
School leadership	341,132	254,702	86,430
School-based support	1,837,695	814,597	1,023,098
Total instructional services	45,226,813	25,592,396	19,634,417
System-wide support services:			
Support and development	134,487	123,701	10,786
Special population support and development	543,537	534,079	9,458
Alternative programs and services			
support and development	977,039	553,571	423,468
Technology support	139,962	-	139,962
Operational support	1,400,674	195,288	1,205,386
Total system-wide support services	3,195,699	1,406,639	1,789,060
Ancillary services:			
Nutrition	94,682	<u> </u>	94,682
Non-programmed charges:			
Payments to other governments	926,673	749,961	176,712
Unbudgeted Federal grant funds	70		70
Total non-programmed charges	926,743	749,961	176,782
Total expenditures	49,443,937	27,748,996	21,694,941
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u> -	-	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund balance: Beginning of year		<u> </u>	
End of year		<u>\$</u> -	

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL SPECIAL EXPENSE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:			
City of Durham: Holton Center Project	<u>\$ 160,927</u>	<u>\$ 184,511</u>	<u>\$ 23,584</u>
U.S. Government:			
ROTC	170,000	178,377	8,377
Other:			
Fines and forfeitures	1,000	-	(1,000)
Interest earned on investment	375,000	363,779	(11,221)
Indirect costs allocated	1,938,000	831,500	(1,106,500)
Private grants and programs	224,141	259,830	35,689
Rental of school property	247,000	201,535	(45,465)
Medicaid reimbursement program	2,135,069	2,455,179	320,110
Tuition and fees	6,000	7,397	1,397
E-rate reimbursement	500,000	594,920	94,920
Sales and use tax refund	428,000	427,846	(154)
Miscellaneous	1,357,901	1,358,076	175
Total other	7,212,111	6,500,062	(712,049)
Total revenues	7,543,038	6,862,950	(680,088)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instructional services:			
Regular instructional	1,380,656	1,300,392	80,264
Special populations	1,668,713	1,668,697	16
School-based support	221,071	221,068	3
Total instructional services	3,270,440	3,190,157	80,283
System-wide support services:			
Special population support and development	27,501	27,500	1
Alternative programs and services	70 607	70 606	1
support and development Technology support	79,697 595,386	79,696 589,663	5,723
Operational support	3,884,393	2,580,390	5,723 1,304,003
Financial and human resource services	88,374	88,374	1,50
Policy, leadership and public relations	382,286	304,880	77,406
Total system-wide support services	5,057,637	3,670,503	1,387,134
i otal system-wide support services	5,057,057	3,070,303	1,307,134

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (continued) LOCAL SPECIAL EXPENSE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures (continued): Current: Ancillary services: Community	14,961	14,960	1
Total expenditures	8,343,038	6,875,620	1,467,418
Revenues under expenditures	(800,000)	(12,670)	787,330
Fund balance appropriated	800,000		(800,000)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	(12,670)	<u>\$ (12,670</u>)
Fund balance: Beginning of year		1,145,981	
End of year		<u> </u>	

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		ementary Schools		Middle Schools		enior High Schools		otal School tivity Funds
Revenues: General	\$	93,329	\$	47,483	\$	222,082	\$	362,894
Athletic funds	Ψ	93,329 104	Ψ	109,583	ψ	652,316	Ψ	762,003
Instructional services		441,948		216,964		389,415		1,048,327
Student Activities		7,738		10,492		126,647		144,877
Contributions		320,252		172,659		276,043		768,954
Total revenues		863,371		557,181		1,666,503		3,087,055
Expenditures: Co-curricular instructional		826,658		593,991		1,705,107		3,125,756
Net change in fund balance		36,713		(36,810)		(38,604)		(38,701)
Fund balances: Beginning of year		634,624		397,980		1,367,003		2,399,607
End of year	\$	671,337	\$	361,170	\$	1,328,399	\$	2,360,906

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Operating revenues: Food sales Other	\$ 2,263,793 -	\$ 1,728,889 31,851	\$ (534,904) 31,851
Total operating revenues	2,263,793	1,760,740	(503,053)
Operating expenditures: Business support services: Purchase of food Donated commodities Salaries and benefits Indirect costs Materials and supplies Repairs and maintenance Contracted services Other Capital outlay		5,914,258 845,357 8,509,496 8 457,200 31,896 13,200 73,685	
Total operating expenditures	18,093,413	7,829 15,852,929	2,240,484
Operating loss	(15,829,620)	(14,092,189)	1,737,431
	(15,629,020)	(14,092,109)	1,737,431
Nonoperating revenues: Federal reimbursements and grants Federal commodities State reimbursements Interest earned	13,868,000 944,900 16,720	11,712,729 845,357 12,740 4,275	(2,155,271) (99,543) (3,980) 4,275
Total nonoperating revenues	14,829,620	12,575,101	(2,254,519)
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources and fund balance appropriated Other financing sources: Transfers from other funds	(1,000,000)	(1,517,088)	(517,088)
Fund balance appropriated	1,000,000	,, -	(1,000,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(511,636)	\$ (511,636)
Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual basis: Reconciling items:	<u> </u>	(311,636)	<u>\$ (311,636)</u>
Depreciation Net OPEB asset Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows - pension and OPEB Deferred inflows - pension and OPEB Equipment purchases Increase in compensated absences payable Decrease in inventories		(89,595) 2,684 140,715 34,370 (181,815) 1,487,587 7,829 (35,684) (12,709)	
Change in net position (full accrual)		\$ 841,746	

STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

The Statistical Section of the District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the District's overall financial outlook.

Sections

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and operations have changed over time.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place. County information is included.

Debt Capacity

Since the District has no tax-levying or debt-issuing authority, the County of Durham provides significant funding to the school system. Selected fiscal data from the County of Durham has been included to help the reader better understand the school system and its financial operations.

Revenue Capacity

Since the District's local revenues are primarily provided by Durham County, these schedules on the county's revenue sources are relevant to an understanding of Durham County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

This page left blank intentionally.



DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Table 1

	2011	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 364,841,047 10,388,736 11,855,558	\$ 386,381,988 10,543,358 14,698,890	\$ 390,271,923 10,491,824 8,148,512	\$ 392,808,425 11,636,318 5,732,816	\$ 386,682,864 12,343,341 (65,986,927)	\$ 378,667,580 13,665,828 (55,704,742)	\$ 369,251,385 11,498,365 (59,250,757)	\$ 360,525,971 13,511,239 (656,718,881)	\$ 362,745,516 13,797,010 (650,146,800)	\$ 357,019,711 17,104,346 (652,740,614)
	\$ 387,085,341	\$ 411,624,236	\$ 408,912,259	\$ 410,177,559	\$ 333,039,278	\$ 336,628,666	\$ 321,498,993	\$ (282,681,671)	\$ (273,604,274)	\$ (278,616,557)
Business-type activities Investment in capital assets	\$ 418,232	\$ 549,951	\$ 642,068	\$ 594,143	\$ 649,873	\$ 567,482	\$ 524,855	\$ 583,000	\$ 496,483	\$ 414,717
Restricted Unrestricted	 - 4,352,498	 4,307,099	 4,448,204	 3,844,133	 - 1,014,003	- 859,303	 - 1,251,017	34,610 (12,148,017)	 39,760 (11,277,663)	 28,992 (10,343,383)
	\$ 4,770,730	\$ 4,857,050	\$ 5,090,272	\$ 4,438,276	\$ 1,663,876	\$ 1,426,785	\$ 1,775,872	\$ (11,530,407)	\$ (10,741,420)	\$ (9,899,674)
Government-wide Net investment in										
capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 365,259,279 10,388,736 16,208,056	\$ 386,931,939 10,543,358 19,005,989	\$ 390,913,991 10,491,824 12,596,716	\$ 393,402,568 11,636,318 9,576,949	\$ 387,332,737 12,343,341 (64,972,924)	\$ 379,235,062 13,665,828 (54,845,439)	\$ 369,776,240 11,498,365 (57,999,740)	\$ 361,108,971 13,545,849 (668,866,898)	\$ 363,241,999 13,836,770 (661,424,463)	\$ 357,434,428 17,133,338 (663,083,997)
	\$ 391,856,071	\$ 416,481,286	\$ 414,002,531	\$ 414,615,835	\$ 334,703,154	\$ 338,055,451	\$ 323,274,865	\$ (294,212,078)	\$ (284,345,694)	\$ (288,516,231)

Source: Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Reports.

Note: Net position for 2014 and before are not comparable to 2015 (and after) net position due to the implementation of GASB 68 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The standard requires the Board to record its proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with its participation in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS).

Note: Net position for 2017 and before are not comparable to 2018 (and after) net position due to the implementation of GASB 75 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The standard requires the Board to record its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset associated with its participation in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS).

Table 2 (Pg 1 of 2)

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
Instructional Services	\$ 228,269,412	\$ 252,812,921	\$ 253,940,630	\$ 251,596,848	\$ 259,722,116	\$ 255,000,734	\$ 275,116,017	\$ 303,801,232	\$ 292,344,253	\$ 312,707,501
System-wide Support services	62,691,265	75,585,737	82,147,274	75,411,074	70,765,672	72,219,815	77,708,886	75,896,907	72,923,554	69,238,268
Ancillary services	3,984,105	4,600,655	4,335,383	4,322,900	4,253,121	4,019,530	4,208,509	3,886,477	4,016,860	5,028,122
Payments to other Governments	11,170,948	11,686,197	13,734,133	15,266,378	16,343,023	18,333,827	20,354,980	21,734,101	23,983,830	26,081,435
Interest on long-term debt	-	-	85,733	46,330	25,474	14,382	4,129	-	17,834	16,364
Unallocated depreciation expense	11,253,657	14,003,381	14,991,658	15,374,840	15,912,579	16,130,384	15,636,887	19,222,740	18,633,976	18,993,652
Total governmental activities	317,369,387	358,688,891	369,234,811	362,018,370	367,021,985	365,718,672	393,029,408	424,541,457	411,920,307	432,065,342
Business-type activities:										
School food service	12,981,507	14,151,627	14,635,200	16,082,377	17,108,664	17,225,331	16,805,599	17,049,195	16,055,074	14,499,547
Total government-wide	\$ 330,350,894	\$ 372,840,518	\$ 383,870,011	\$ 378,100,747	\$ 384,130,649	\$ 382,944,003	\$ 409,835,007	\$ 441,590,652	\$ 427,975,381	\$ 446,564,889
Program Revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services: Instructional services Other	\$ 3,182,855	\$ 3,326,303	\$ 3,264,826	\$ 3,375,227	\$ 3,120,067	\$ 3,100,941	\$ 3,286,522	\$ 3,551,242		\$ 3,087,055 2,425,007
	408,028	483,758	327,411	312,096	287,234	5,833,496	6,777,442	6,677,713	7,197,675	3,435,067
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	209,280,266 8,755	216,312,932 15,528	213,360,014 3,787	215,524,348 930,169	226,510,824 58,037	221,234,036	223,156,329 1,681,206	234,743,300 668,717	246,330,660 669,677	251,301,032 470,162
Capital grants and contributions	0,755	15,528	5,787	950,109	58,057		1,081,200	000,/17	009,077	470,102
Total governmental activities	212,879,904	220,138,521	216,956,038	220,141,840	229,976,162	230,168,473	234,901,499	245,640,972	257,786,738	258,293,316
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services - School Food Service Fund Operating grants and contributions -	2,955,052	2,712,070	2,308,001	2,155,867	1,804,464	2,299,357	2,337,511	2,395,969	2,498,039	1,728,889
USDA grant	11,216,035	11,504,918	12,373,727	13,140,308	14,191,492	14,468,321	14,571,812	14,121,489	14,192,296	12,570,826
Total business-type activities	14,171,087	14,216,988	14,681,728	15,296,175	15,995,956	16,767,678	16,909,323	16,517,458	16,690,335	14,299,715
Total government-wide	\$ 227,050,991	\$ 234,355,509	\$ 231,637,766	\$ 235,438,015	\$ 245,972,118	\$ 246,936,151	\$ 251,810,822	\$ 262,158,430	\$ 274,477,073	\$ 272,593,031
Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (104,489,483) 1,189,580	\$ (138,550,370) 65,361	\$ (152,278,773) 46,528	\$ (141,876,530) (786,202)	\$ (137,045,823) (1,112,708)	\$ (135,550,199) (457,653)	\$ (158,127,909) 103,724	\$ (178,900,485) (531,737)	\$ (154,133,569) 635,261	\$ (173,772,026) (199,832)
Total primary government	\$ (103,299,903)	\$ (138,485,009)	\$ (152,232,245)	\$ (142,662,732)	\$ (138,158,531)	\$ (136,007,852)	\$ (158,024,185)	\$ (179,432,222)	\$ (153,498,308)	\$ (173,971,858)

Table 2 (Pg 2 of 2)

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Revenues and Transfers Governmental activities:										
Unrestricted local appropriations - operating	\$ 107,214,112	\$ 108,971,662	\$ 115,572,760	\$ 118,073,439	\$ 118,563,483	\$ 124,057,383	\$ 126,261,485	\$ 132,314,848	\$ 136,978,626	\$ 147,002,483
Unrestricted county appropriations - capital	1,649,332	1,440,981	1,370,000	1,370,000	1,480,000	1,370,000	1,370,000	1,370,000	1,370,000	1,370,000
Unrestricted city appropriations - capital Unrestricted other county revenues -	1,014,991	5,860,947	1,538,793	1,528,267	1,398,485	86,510	61,157	110,000	110,000	110,000
capital	70,906,098	43,802,250	29,554,012	20,316,477	9,101,609	8,358,381	10,407,753	9,950,961	19,823,881	11,472,653
Unrestricted state appropriations - capital	1,128,798	-	-	-	-	2,422,338	1,821,738	1,088,886	1,322,406	1,130,189
Investment earnings, unrestricted	412,175	391,167	275,925	226,413	386,597	216,493	242,486	239,912	421,572	363,779
Miscellaneous, unrestricted	1,675,658	2,622,258	1,429,760	1,750,030	2,030,195	2,847,144	3,074,754	6,041,326	3,333,527	3,043,976
Transfers and capital contributions			(174,454)	(122,796)	(123,926)	(218,662)	(241,137)	(242,192)	(149,046)	(1,005,452)
Total governmental activities	184,001,164	163,089,265	149,566,796	143,141,830	132,836,443	139,139,587	142,998,236	150,873,741	163,210,966	163,487,628
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings, unrestricted	15,382	20,959	12,240	11,410	6,755	1,900	2,306	2,613	4,680	4,275
Miscellaneous, unrestricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,851
Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,920	-	-	-
Transfers and capital contributions	-	-	174,454	122,796	123,926	218,662	241,137	242,192	149,046	1,005,452
Total business-type activities	15,382	20,959	186,694	134,206	130,681	220,562	245,363	244,805	153,726	1,041,578
Total government-wide	\$ 184,016,546	\$ 163,110,224	\$ 149,753,490	\$ 143,276,036	\$ 132,967,124	\$ 139,360,149	\$ 143,243,599	\$ 151,118,546	\$ 163,364,692	\$ 164,529,206
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 79,511,681	\$ 24,538,895	\$ (2,711,977)	\$ 1,265,300	\$ (4,209,380)	\$ 3,589,388	\$ (15,129,673)	\$ (28,026,744)	\$ 9,077,397	\$ (10,284,398)
Business-type activities	1,204,962	86,320	233,222	(651,996)	(982,027)	(237,091)	349,087	(286,932)	788,987	841,746
Total primary government	\$ 80,716,643	\$ 24,625,215	\$ (2,478,755)	\$ 613,304	\$ (5,191,407)	\$ 3,352,297	\$ (14,780,586)	\$ (28,313,676)	\$ 9,866,384	\$ (9,442,652)

Source: Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2020

Note: Net position for 2014 and before are not comparable to 2015 (and after) net position due to the implementation of GASB 68 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The standard requires the Board to record its proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with its participation in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS).

Note: Net position for 2017 and before are not comparable to 2018 (and after) net position due to the implementation of GASB 75 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The standard requires the Board to record its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset associated with its participation in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS).

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FUND BALANCES Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Table 3

	2011	2012		2013	2014	2015		2016	20	017	 2018	 2019		2020
Local Current Expense Fund														
Nonspendable	\$ 1,195,	563 \$ 1,331	,656	\$ 1,387,010	\$ 1,412,411	\$ 1,407,555	\$	394,979	\$ 1	156,135	\$ 199,667	\$ 201,303	\$	112,350
Restricted	2,459,	570 8,648	3,572	686,153	538,097	551,060		2,681,797	4	431,234	729,332	595,551		2,094,516
Committed	6,442	,119 5,408	3,660	7,455,975	16,712,463	8,532,931		7,677,109	1,0	014,290	2,200,805	1,750,000		2,180,000
Assigned	6,696,	4,493	,568	3,385,031	3,056,908	3,056,908		3,056,908	5,0	056,908	3,556,908	3,056,908		4,719,438
Unassigned	12,827,	309 9,895	5,228	19,747,754	8,474,324	4,717,324		453,577	2,8	835,538	2,425,310	8,439,706		6,634,119
Total Local Current Expense Fund	29,620,	29,78	,684	32,661,923	30,194,203	18,265,778		14,264,370	9,4	494,105	 9,112,022	 14,043,468		15,740,423
All other governmental funds														
Nonspendable		-	-	-	-	-		274		-	24,442	25,999		1,000
Restricted	13,023,	13,939	9,259	9,805,671	11,098,221	11,792,281		10,984,031	11,0	067,131	11,250,300	11,396,422		13,524,031
Committed		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	6,568,579	-		-
Assigned	975,	51 4,179	9,132	-	1,232,649	1,250,346		1,804,581	6,3	372,137	5,874,278	891,105		-
Unassigned	(3,609,	996) (2,220),505)	(51,397)	-	-		-		-	-	-		(730,433)
Total fund balance	10,388,	15,897	,886	9,754,274	12,330,870	13,042,627		12,788,886	17,4	439,268	 23,717,599	 12,313,526	_	12,794,598
Total all governmental funds	\$ 40,009,	587 \$ 45,679	9,570	\$ 42,416,197	\$ 42,525,073	\$ 31,308,405	\$ 2	27,053,256	\$ 26,9	933,373	\$ 32,829,621	\$ 26,356,994	\$	28,535,021

Source: Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Reports.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues										
State of North Carolina	\$ 163,204,852	\$ 171,743,913	\$ 175,674,111	\$ 181,321,376	\$ 191,347,701	\$ 194,412,066	\$ 198,103,467	\$ 204,717,196	\$ 213,215,211	\$220,410,504
Durham County	179,308,287	153,909,202	146,305,844	139,919,787	129,878,753	133,601,394	138,622,252	145,987,065	160,410,154	159,640,357
City of Durham	374,032	234,710	190,928	254,958	244,892	312,304	237,878	365,895	269,075	314,779
U.S. Government	39,470,884	35,819,632	29,467,024	25,993,585	28,295,951	27,184,860	25,566,675	27,570,017	30,054,691	28,739,192
Other	15,847,274	23,125,460	16,249,973	17,266,217	14,708,276	14,816,220	16,703,557	18,569,364	18,677,646	15,087,376
Total revenues	398,205,329	384,832,917	367,887,880	364,755,923	364,475,573	370,326,844	379,233,829	397,209,537	422,626,777	424,192,208
Expenditures										
Instructional services	226,953,898	250,231,115	250,850,391	250,122,678	270,190,487	268,236,676	270,378,931	281,739,897	304,245,040	306,931,061
System-wide Support services	60,695,006	65,352,876	66,832,194	69,223,629	70,940,914	68,166,463	67,069,186	69,608,675	71,589,346	68,068,992
Ancillary services	3,984,105	4,600,655	4,335,383	4,322,900	4,359,394	4,142,335	4,148,497	3,970,265	4,261,615	4,982,396
Non-programmed charges	12,085,088	12,378,157	14,420,218	15,856,313	17,191,488	19,334,963	21,201,167	22,545,728	24,920,949	26,912,935
Capital outlay	74,274,614	46,270,479	36,226,962	23,445,653	11,543,152	15,063,438	16,424,734	13,566,925	23,100,352	13,925,725
Debt service - principal retirement	1,175,084	1,181,892	3,203,389	1,502,624	1,279,136	809,127	930,565	668,717	807,754	610,704
Debt service - interest and fees	-	47,233	85,733	46,330	25,474	14,382	4,129	-	17,834	16,364
Total expenditures	379,167,795	380,062,407	375,954,270	364,520,127	375,530,045	375,767,384	380,157,209	392,100,207	428,942,890	421,448,177
Revenues over (under) expenditures	19,037,534	4,770,510	(8,066,390)	235,796	(11,054,472)	(5,440,540)	(923,380)	5,109,330	(6,316,113)	2,744,031
Other financing sources (uses) Installment purchase obligations issued	1,771,157	949,858	4,915,999	-	-	1,360,476	1,109,401	1,044,300	-	412,949
Transfers to other funds	-	-	(174,454)	(122,796)	(123,926)	(218,662)	(241,137)	(242,192)	(149,046)	(1,005,452)
Other		-	31,003					-		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 20,808,691	\$ 5,720,368	\$ (3,293,842)	\$ 113,000	\$ (11,178,398)	\$ (4,298,726)	\$ (55,116)	\$ 5,911,438	\$ (6,465,159)	\$ 2,151,528
Ratio of debt service to non-capital expenditures	0.39%	0.37%	0.98%	0.46%	0.36%	0.23%	0.26%	0.18%	0.20%	0.15%

Source: Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2020

Table 4

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY FOR DURHAM COUNTY Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year	Tax Year					
Ended	Ended	Real	Personal	F	Public Service	Registered
June 30,	December 31,	Property	Property		Companies	 Vehicles ⁽³⁾
2020	2019	\$ 37,068,818,904	\$ 3,829,445,315	\$	607,015,073	\$ 2,501,803,406
2019	2018	30,692,283,357	3,619,859,514		580,268,564	2,469,097,142
2018	2017	29,641,340,413	3,594,119,882		575,537,361	2,348,224,018
2017	2016	28,894,972,479	3,483,300,069		565,369,921	2,286,702,778
2016	2015	26,213,161,494	3,524,686,233		553,248,101	2,163,704,337
2015	2014	25,730,862,172	2,462,350,676		510,732,429	2,032,233,042
2014	2013	25,254,108,336	3,300,458,222		489,915,862	2,980,521,352
2013	2012	24,909,554,030	3,304,053,564		494,110,311	1,739,032,299
2012	2011	24,580,465,174	3,166,306,877		471,720,126	1,623,871,164
2011	2010	24,353,954,146	3,074,419,178		501,907,483	1,530,317,547

Notes: (1) All taxable property is assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of its estimated market value. Revaluation of taxable property occurred on January 1, 1985, 1993, 2001, 2008, 2016, and 2019.

(2) This does not include valuations of property owned by the State of North Carolina, United States Government, eleemosynary institutions, etc., not subject to taxation. Assessed valuation equals estimated actual value.

- (3) Effective July 1, 1993, registered vehicles were separated from personal property. The taxes on registered vehicles now coincide with the Department of Motor Vehicles renewals.
- (4) Per \$100 of assessed value

 Total Assessed Value ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	County-wide Tax Rate ⁽⁴⁾	Special Tax Districts Tax Rate ⁽⁴⁾	Average County Tax Rate ⁽⁴⁾
\$ 44,007,082,698	0.7122	0.0786-0.1978	0.7398
37,361,508,577	0.7779	0.0778-0.2880	0.8070
36,159,221,674	0.7679	0.0778-0.1880	0.7987
35,230,345,247	0.7404	0.0778-0.1880	0.7727
32,454,800,165	0.7931	0.07999-0.1779	0.8276
30,736,178,319	0.7931	0.07999-0.1729	0.8073
32,025,003,772	0.7744	0.0600-0.1668	0.8047
30,446,750,204	0.7444	0.0599-0.1524	0.7734
29,842,363,341	0.7459	0.0599-0.2500	0.7745
29,460,598,354	0.7459	0.0599-0.2500	0.8359

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS FOR DURHAM COUNTY Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020 PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE ⁽¹⁾

Table 6

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
County direct rate										
Operating rate	0.6911	0.6865	0.6850	0.6850	0.6951	0.7078	0.6608	0.6708	0.6808	0.6261
Capital rate	0.0548	0.0594	0.0594	0.0894	0.0980	0.0853	0.0796	0.0971	0.0971	0.0861
Total general fund direct rate	0.7459	0.7459	0.7444	0.7744	0.7931	0.7931	0.7404	0.7679	0.7779	0.7122
Fire district rates	0.0599-0.1100	0.0599-0.1125	0.0599-0.1150	0.0600-0.1300	.0799-0.1386	.0799-0.1386	0.0778-0.1344	0.0778-0.1344	0.0778-0.1451	0.07561349
Other special district rates	0.1460-0.2500	0.1474-0.2500	0.1374-0.1524	0.1518-0.1668	0.1514-0.1729	0.0000-0.1779	0.0000-0.1880	0.0000-0.1880	0.0000-0.2880	0.0000-0.1978
Municipality Rates										
City of Durham	0.5519	0.5575	0.5675	0.5675	0.5912	0.5912	0.5607	0.5786	0.5786	0.5317
City of Durham BID	-	-	0.6375	0.6375	0.6612	0.6612	0.6307	0.6486	0.6486	0.6017
Town of Chapel Hill	0.4940	0.4940	0.4940	0.5140	0.5240	0.5240	0.5240	0.5080	0.5280	0.5440
City of Raleigh	0.3735	0.3735	0.3826	0.3826	0.4038	0.4210	0.4183	0.4253	0.4382	0.4382
Town of Morrisville	-	0.3665	0.3665	0.3900	0.3900	0.4100	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900

Notes:

 All taxable property is subject to the County direct rate. Most property in unincorporated areas is also subject to one of the seven fire district taxes.

(2) A revaluation of real property is required by N. C. General Statues at least every eight years. Revaluation of taxable property occurred on January 1, 2019.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS FOR DURHAM COUNTY Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020 and 2011

Table 7

		Fis	cal Year 202		Fiscal Year 2011				
Taxpayer	Type of Enterprise	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation		
Cree Inc	Manufacturer	\$ 436,086,084	1	0.99%	\$ 256,957,363	4	0.87%		
AW North Carolina Inc	Manufacturer	389,791,299	2	0.89%	283,874,782	3	0.96%		
Duke Energy Corp	Utility	277,457,813	3	0.63%	183,791,292	6	0.62%		
Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp	Bio Tech	266,841,525	4	0.61%	207,684,813	5	0.70%		
SouthPoint Mall LLC	Retail	185,830,435	5	0.42%	169,444,545	8	0.58%		
International Business Machine	Manufacturer	171,254,194	6	0.39%	461,320,862	2	1.57%		
Palmer RTP LLC	Real Estate	166,126,824	7	0.38%	-	-	-		
IBM Corporation	Manufacturer	164,570,586	8	0.37%	-	-	-		
Biomerieux Inc	Bio Tech	140,009,615	9	0.32%	-	-	-		
EMC Corporation	Manufacturer	134,220,606	10	0.30%	-	-	-		
GlaxoSmithKline	Manufacturer	-	-	-	551,489,109	1	1.87%		
Verizon South Inc	Communications	-	-	-	178,625,471	7	0.61%		
Eisai, Inc.	Real Estate	-	-	-	130,546,427	9	0.44%		
Highwoods	Real Estate	-	-	-	100,905,698	10	0.34%		
		\$ 2,332,188,981		5.30%	\$ 2,524,640,362		8.56%		

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS FOR DURHAM COUNTY Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Year Ended December 31,	Adjusted Tax Levy	Current Year Levy Collections	Percent of Levy Collected
2020	2019	\$ 514,458,774	\$ 510,808,652	99.29%
2019	2018	470,874,385	469,334,909	99.67%
2018	2017	449,716,944	448,937,493	99.83%
2017	2016	423,015,800	422,143,612	99.79%
2016	2015	412,678,081	411,447,291	99.70%
2015	2014	402,812,328	401,244,673	99.61%
2014	2013	387,633,332	385,068,858	99.34%
2013	2012	368,162,207	364,152,559	98.91%
2012	2011	356,876,076	352,704,112	98.83%
2011	2010	363,164,888	358,623,043	98.75%

ollections Subsequent Years	 Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	utstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
\$ -	\$ 510,808,652	99.29%	\$ 6,082,891	1.18%
-	469,334,909	99.67%	3,414,781	0.73%
446,608	449,384,101	99.93%	2,597,992	0.58%
181,536	422,325,148	99.84%	2,657,009	0.63%
854,674	412,301,965	99.91%	3,272,332	0.79%
1,181,131	402,425,804	99.90%	3,899,430	0.97%
1,273,755	386,342,613	99.67%	5,130,862	1.32%
2,669,340	366,821,899	99.64%	6,530,429	1.77%
3,118,383	355,822,495	99.70%	6,555,562	1.84%
2,465,889	361,088,932	99.43%	7,165,866	1.97%

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA FOR DURHAM COUNTY Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Table 9

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Population Estimate (1)	Total Assessed Value	Debt Limit	Gross Bonded Debt	Net Bonded Debt	Debt to Taxable Property Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2020	331,807	\$ 44,007,086,698	\$ 3,520,566,616	\$ 249,550,771	\$ 249,550,771	0.57%	\$ 752
2019	320,639	37,361,508,577	2,988,920,686	280,732,596	280,732,596	0.75%	876
2018	308,194	36,159,221,674	2,892,737,734	258,989,288	258,989,288	0.72%	840
2017	301,243	35,230,345,247	2,818,246,797	288,086,321	288,086,321	0.82%	956
2016	293,647	32,454,800,165	2,596,384,013	243,775,000	243,775,000	0.75%	830
2015	290,874	31,736,178,319	2,538,894,266	270,905,000	270,905,000	0.85%	931
2014	284,437	32,025,003,772	2,562,000,302	295,905,000	295,905,000	0.92%	1,040
2013	277,588	30,446,750,204	2,435,740,016	273,900,000	273,900,000	0.90%	987
2012	275,960	29,842,363,341	2,387,389,067	298,585,000	298,585,000	1.00%	1,082
2011	272,156	29,460,598,354	2,356,847,868	272,680,000	272,680,000	0.93%	1,002

Notes:

(1) Estimate from Durham City/County Planning Department.

(2) Calculated per \$100 of assessed value.

Table 10

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL BOND DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL EXPENDITURES FOR DURHAM COUNTY Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Other Expenditures	Total Debt Service	Total General Expenditures ⁽¹⁾	Ratio of Debt Service to Total General Expenditures
2020	\$ 41,300,728	\$ 19,709,824	\$ 65,089	\$ 61,075,641	\$ 537,939,362	11.35%
2019	36,131,116	20,122,333	701,235	56,954,684	522,692,535	10.90%
2018	37,322,892	19,606,512	247	56,929,651	504,661,128	11.28%
2017	37,427,611	18,653,456	617,443	56,698,510	480,074,049	11.81%
2016	35,596,413	20,599,097	741,165	56,936,675	446,935,402	12.74%
2015	36,159,495	22,573,434	23,000	58,755,929	427,775,715	13.74%
2014	34,261,816	2,335,411	644,769	58,260,746	435,141,587	13.39%
2013	39,155,769	19,669,554	244,735	59,070,058	331,823,530	17.80%
2012	109,738,120	16,642,611	540,070	126,920,801	329,489,901	38.52%
2011	53,158,145	15,794,753	683,053	69,635,951	323,275,838	21.54%

Notes:

(1) General expenditures are taken from all General Government Fund types consisting of General Fund, Special Revenue funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Capi Leas Obliga	se		allment chases	Total Primary Government		Percentage of Personal Income		Per pita
2020	\$	-	\$ 8	809,653	\$	809,653		N/A	\$ 2.44
2019		-	1,0	007,408		1,007,408		0.007%	3.14
2018		-	1,8	815,162		1,815,162		0.014%	5.89
2017		-	1,4	439,579		1,439,579		0.011%	4.78
2016		-	1,2	260,743		1,260,743		0.010%	4.29
2015		-		709,394		709,394		0.006%	2.44
2014		-	1,9	988,530		1,988,530		0.017%	6.99
2013		-	3,4	491,154		3,491,154		0.031%	12.58
2012	17	,022	1,7	761,522		1,778,544		0.016%	6.44
2011	34	,045	1,9	976,533		2,010,578		0.019%	7.39

Notes: Details regarding the school system's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

N/A = Information not yet available

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 12 DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS FOR DURHAM COUNTY

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Population Estimate	Student Average Daily Membership	Unemployment Rate	Per Capita Personal Income		Retail Sales	
2020	331,807	32,596	7.5%		*	\$ 7,811,731,000	
2019	320,639	32,448	4.0%		*	7,771,144,000	
2018	308,194	33,072	3.8%	\$	50,698	7,195,550,000	
2017	301,243	33,147	3.8%		47,825	6,884,030,000	
2016	293,647	33,501	4.7%		45,931	6,458,506,000	
2015	290,874	33,626	5.4%		44,507	6,097,770,000	
2014	284,437	33,263	5.3%		42,830	5,501,325,000	
2013	277,588	32,405	7.5%		41,376	4,925,320,533	
2012	275,960	32,569	8.2%		40,963	4,434,078,534	
2011	272,156	32,118	8.4%		38,795	4,163,246,000	

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

N/A = Information not yet available

Sources: Durham County, North Carolina (as of October, 2020) and North Carolina Department of Public Instruction.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA TEN LARGEST EMPLOYERS FOR DURHAM COUNTY Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020 and 2011

		2020			2011	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Duke University & Health System	40,000	1	18.13%	33,750	1	18.81%
International Business Machine (IBM)	5,200	2	2.36%	10,000	2	5.57%
Durham Public Schools	5,054	3	2.36%	5,440	3	3.03%
Fidelity Investments	3,900	4	1.77%	1,800	10	1.00%
Veteran Affairs (VA) Medical Center	3,900	5	1.77%	2,162	8	1.21%
Blue Cross Blue Shield of North Carolina	3,900	6	1.77%	2,437	5	1.36%
Durham City Government	2,500	7	1.13%	2,336	6	1.30%
Cree, Inc	2,500	8	1.13%	2,000	9	1.11%
Research Triangle Institute (RTI)	2,200	9	1.00%	2,200	7	1.23%
IQVI (formerly Quintiles Transnational Corp	2,200	10	1.00%	-	-	-
GlaxoSmithKline	-	-	-	4,500	4	2.51%
	71,354		32.42%	66,625		37.13%

Source: Durham Chamber of Commerce and Bureau of Labor Statistics (as of October, 2020)

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020 Table 14

Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Instructional Programs	2,753	2,765	2,813	2,881	2,911	2,946	2,912	2,928	2,949	3,311
Support Services	1,330	1,438	1,459	1,431	1,516	1,534	1,536	1,481	1,740	1,428
Community Services	121	121	142	142	142	142	142	110	100	99
Food Services	178	181	190	204	204	207	196	197	216	216
Total	4,382	4,505	4,604	4,658	4,773	4,829	4,786	4,716	5,005	5,054

Source: Finance Department of Durham Public Schools

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHOOL BUILDING DATA-HIGH SCHOOLS Table 15

June 30, 2020

School	Site Acreage	Building Square Feet	Capacity	2019-20 Day 20 Enrollment	Percentage Over/(Under) Capacity	Year Constructed	Years Renovations/ Additions	
High:								
City of Medicine	7.20	40,519	320	342	7.81%	2011		
Durham PLC/ARC @ Holton	7.00	104,869	350	175	-47.14%	1933	2009	
School for Creative Studies *	54.96	124,250	100	300	208.00%	1974	2005,06,09,13,18	
Durham School of the Arts **	11.70	352,267	916	1,132	21.40%	1921	1928,49,55,62,76,2008,11,18	
Hillside	63.04	299,943	1,535	1,441	-12.77%	1995	2005,09,19	
Jordan	55.74	266,477	1,810	1,888	5.52%	1963	1979,80,91,94,2008,12,14,18	
Northern	39.89	258,659	1,790	1,478	-16.70%	1953	1954,55,57,66,75,81,83,84,88,9	
Riverside	63.29	282,845	1,540	1,719	12.92%	1991	1992,2013,18	
Southern	84.09	284,000	1,540	1,276	-18.83%	1993	2013, 18	
J D Clement Early College (1)		Leased	350	394	12.29%			
Hospital School (2)		Leased	28	1	-75.00%			
Lakeview (3) ***	7.16	28,169	64	32	-98.44%	1964	2005,10	
Middle College High School (4)		Leased	100	186	89.00%			
Hillside New Tech High (5)			210	330	61.90%			

* School for Creative Studies has both middle and high school students.

** Durham School of the Arts has both middle and high school students.

*** Lakeview has both middle and high school students

(1) J D Clement Early College uses facilities at NC Central University

(2) Hospital School is located on Duke University's campus

(3) Lakeview is an alternative school housed in two separate facilities: Lakeview School & School for Creative Studies.

(4) Middle College High School is located on the campus of Durham Technical Community College

(5) Hillside New Tech High School is a small school within the existing Hillside High School.

Source: Durham Public Schools' Long Range Facilities Plan

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 16 SCHOOL BUILDING DATA-ELEMENTARY AND MIDDLE SCHOOLS

School	Site Acreage	Building Square Feet	Capacity	2019-20 Day 20 Enrollment	Percentage Over/(Under) Capacity	Year Constructed	Years Renovations/ Additions	
	8		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-	
Elementary:								
Bethesda	43.92	85,432	712	680	-7.87%	1982	1989,2003,14	
Burton	7.14	71,360	376	353	-5.59%	1949	1954,76,92,2014	
Club Boulevard	5.50	45,099	492	431	-6.10%	1949	1955,90,92,95,2010,11	
Creekside	37.11	94,673	764	898	12.96%	2004	2010	
Easley	18.97	71,170	522	475	-3.64%	1989	2013	
Eastway	14.58	78,000	544	503	-6.99%	1995		
Eno Valley	62.27	97,583	596	443	-25.00%	1977	1993, 2014, 18	
Fayetteville Street	7.91	62,797	366	252	-27.05%	1959	1960,61,2008,2014	
Forest View	21.95	85,890	659	766	14.26%	1993		
Glenn	34.28	80,330	591	650	7.61%	1981	1993,2014	
Harris	21.36	70,343	376	324	-12.23%	1968	2003,13	
Hillandale	42.07	85,890	689	594	-13.79%	1993	-	
Holt	23.61	98,208	585	647	11.11%	1958	1984,92,2014,18	
Hope Valley	16.48	79,228	628	660	3.98%	1967	1999	
Lakewood	12.57	60,264	428	388	-9.11%	1962	1963,64,2005	
Little River ****	23.23	83,620	428	360	-14.95%	1993)-)	
Mangum	22.03	54,838	408	319	-21.32%	1925	1939,62,83,2009,14	
Merrick-Moore	16.39	103,075	648	613	-4.17%	1951	1953,58,81,2012,18	
Morehead	4.98	40,861	222	219	0.45%	1951	2009	
Oak Grove	15.72	96,061	710	532	-24.65%	1981	1993	
Parkwood	22.59	79,063	556	534	-1.80%	1967	1983,89,92,2005,13	
Pearson	40.50	82,474	470	441	-8.30%	2006	1703,07,72,2003,13	
Pearsontown	25.50	108,471	824	815	-3.28%	1954	1958,64,92,2014,19	
Powe	5.50		824 494	494	-3.28%	1934		
	25.07	99,384 98,638	494 580	494 554		2011	1950,67,91,94,2001,13,14	
Sandy Ridge		-			-4.48%		2014	
Smith	5.30	46,311	334	292	-7.49%	1967	2014	
Southwest	21.91	91,170	614	641	-1.95%	1989	1991	
Spaulding	9.96	69,486	284	260	-13.03%	1954	1960,76,91,2008	
Spring Valley	35.82	79,921	637	625	-6.59%	2008	100 (04 0014 10	
Watts	3.98	65,841	394	332	-13.45%	1919	1926,94,2014,19	
Middle:	20.25	156 300	(01	570	04.000/	1050	1076 2000 14	
Brogden	29.35	156,380	681	562	-24.23%	1959	1976,2000,14	
Carrington	66.14	207,804	1,168	959	-21.32%	1964	1984,2005,10,14	
School for Creative Studies *			852	306	-64.20%	1974	2005,06,09,13	
Durham School of the Arts ***	8.80	Incl. in HS	722	658	-6.65%	1921	1928,49,55,62,76,88 1990, 92, 2007,08,11,19	
Githens	38.28	133,859	852	1,109	16.78%	1988	2005,06	
Lakewood Montesorri	7.37	71,278	300	303	-2.67%	1965	2011	
Little River ****	,,	, 1,2,0	244	125	-46.31%			
Lowe's Grove	28.07	122,504	774	696	-19.25%	1975	2009,14	
Lucas	31.83	153,593	644	540	-20.65%	2012		
Neal	49.12	129,403	810	878	-2.47%	1966	1988,2011,18	
Rogers-Herr	23.50	122,547	644	644	-0.47%	1967	2005,13,18	
Shepard	23.50	96,870	546	451	-17.03%	1964	1966,2001,10	
Lakeview**	4.75	12,600	30	451	-50.00%	1904 1964	2005,10,19	

* School for Creative Studies has both middle and high school students.

** Lakeview is an alternative school housed in two separate facilities: Lakeview School & School for Creative Studies. Both sites have middle and high school students.

*** Durham School of the Arts has both middle and high school students.

**** Little River completed their K-5 to K-8 grad expansion in 2017-18.

Source: Durham Public Schools' Long Range Facilities Plan

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 17 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OPERATING STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Expenditures	Student Average Daily Membership	-		Percentage Change In Per Pupil Cost	Teaching Staff	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio	Student Attendance Percentage
2020	\$ 421,448,177	32,596	\$	12,929	-2.19%	2,437	13.4	95.82%
2019	428,942,890	32,448		13,219	11.50%	2,426	13.4	94.63%
2018	392,100,207	33,072		11,856	3.37%	2,447	13.5	94.71%
2017	380,157,209	33,147		11,469	2.25%	2,369	14.0	94.72%
2016	375,767,384	33,501		11,217	0.44%	2,402	13.9	94.97%
2015	375,530,045	33,626		11,168	1.91%	2,347	14.3	95.10%
2014	364,520,127	33,263		10,959	-5.54%	2,290	14.5	95.26%
2013	375,954,270	32,405		11,602	-0.57%	2,252	14.4	96.60%
2012	380,062,407	32,569		11,669	-1.15%	2,241	14.5	96.53%
2011	379,167,795	32,118		11,805	16.16%	2,311	13.9	95.92%

Sources: NC Department of Public Instruction, Student Accounting Section and Finance Department of Durham Public Schools

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 18 TEACHER SALARIES Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	M	inimum	M	laximum	Average			
2020	\$	39,900	\$	77,675	\$	53,183		
2019		39,900		101,265		52,042		
2018		39,375		99,359		51,520		
2017		39,375		81,049		49,251		
2016		39,375		79,327		47,627		
2015		37,125		80,474		46,522		
2014		34,650		73,710		43,565		
2013		34,650		77,917		45,057		
2012		34,234		80,854		46,343		
2011		34,234		88,126		45,031		

The above tabulation represents total salaries including both State base salary including the State salary differential for National Board Certification and system-wide local supplement. It does not include longevity payments (Fiscal Year 2011-2014 ranging from 1.5% to 4.5% of the annual salary to teachers for 10 or more years of service), bonus payments, or payments for performing extra duties.

In fiscal year 2014-15 the General Assembly rolled the longevity payments into the salary schedule for teacher pay.

In fiscal year 2015-16 the Durham Public Schools Board of Education with the assistance of the County Commissioners increased the teacher supplement for teachers with more than 10 years of experience by .25% for each year above 10 years of experience topping out at 18.25%. Teachers with zero to 10 years of experience receive a supplement of 12.5%.

Source: Finance Department of Durham Public Schools

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 19 GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	State Public School Fund	State Public School Capital Fund	Other State	County Appropriation	City of Durham Revenues	Bond Revenues	
2020	\$ 218,810,153	\$ 1,130,189	\$ 470,162	\$ 145,462,577	\$ 294,511	\$ 11,472,653	
2019	211,223,128	1,322,406	669,677	138,212,577	269,075	19,823,881	
2018	202,831,665	1,088,886	796,645	133,527,061	365,895	9,950,961	
2017	195,600,373	1,821,738	681,356	127,467,567	237,878	10,407,753	
2016	191,983,228	1,978,837	443,501	124,684,356	312,304	8,358,381	
2015	189,648,480	907,707	791,514	120,233,146	274,755	9,101,609	
2014	179,018,263	1,469,322	833,791	119,603,311	254,958	20,316,476	
2013	173,503,774	102,473	2,066,466	116,751,832	190,928	29,554,012	
2012	171,045,245	172,946	525,722	110,106,952	234,710	43,802,250	
2011	160,586,816	1,036,766	1,128,798	108,402,189	192,109	70,906,098	

Notes:

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and School Activity Funds.

Fines and Forfeitures	I	Interest		Tuition and Fees	L	Other ocal Funds	 Federal	Total		
\$ 1,504,955	\$	363,779	\$	3,233,532	\$	12,710,505	\$ 28,739,192	\$	424,192,208	
1,195,945		421,572		3,588,726		15,845,099	30,054,691		422,626,777	
1,439,594		239,912		3,551,242		15,847,659	27,570,017		397,209,537	
1,458,166		242,486		3,286,522		12,463,315	25,566,675		379,233,829	
1,394,430		192,179		3,086,406		14,239,520	23,653,702		370,326,844	
1,353,937		179,719		3,404,975		13,393,565	25,186,166		364,475,573	
1,417,383		198,024		3,404,975		13,727,825	24,511,595		364,755,923	
1,538,793		250,925		3,220,048		13,000,632	27,707,997		367,887,880	
5,860,947		391,088		3,294,404		16,050,453	33,348,200		384,832,917	
1,014,991		430,131		3,297,708		13,253,373	37,956,350		398,210,158	

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 20 GOVERNMENTAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION PER AVERAGE DAILY MEMBERSHIP AND IN TOTAL Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Average Daily Membership		Special Instructional		Pupil Support	Instructional Support	General Administration
		\$ 4,421	\$ 2,014	\$ 2,314	\$ 126	\$ 234	\$ 147
2020	32,596	144,117,037	65,646,949	75,442,439	4,109,970	7,638,075	4,795,414
		4,485	1,943	2,260	120	231	165
2019	32,448	145,536,683	63,033,287	73,339,873	3,889,104	7,499,287	5,369,770
		4,094	1,798	1,995	124	255	153
2018	33,072	135,403,315	59,458,188	65,991,733	4,105,601	8,446,589	5,051,001
		3,962	1,732	1,816	116	254	133
2017	33,147	131,323,865	57,416,213	60,182,717	3,859,880	8,402,791	4,392,197
		4,031	1,707	1,626	130	261	134
2016	33,501	135,034,516	57,185,537	54,478,361	4,368,640	8,740,453	4,504,227
		4,189	1,589	1,629	132	263	139
2015	33,626	140,852,890	53,416,918	54,777,723	4,443,874	8,854,505	4,690,791
		3,745	1,544	1,607	130	278	137
2014	33,263	124,557,919	51,356,870	53,451,392	4,336,467	9,241,804	4,545,510
		4,009	1,486	1,531	130	289	124
2013	32,405	129,921,528	48,148,403	49,616,044	4,210,193	9,379,656	4,019,049
		4,084	1,445	1,515	116	248	110
2012	32,569	133,016,687	47,048,122	49,334,190	3,766,986	8,069,436	3,586,774
		3,561	1,370	1,558	100	223	106
2011	32,118	114,362,660	44,010,448	50,045,606	3,223,542	7,176,724	3,413,113

Notes:

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue Funds. Capital Outlay Fund expenditures are reported in Table 3. Prior to 2002, School Activity Funds were reported as Expendable Trust Funds and therefore not included in Governmental Fund expenditures.

(2) Expenditures per average daily membership.

Ad	School ministration	 Business Support	 Central Support	(Community Services	 Other	 Total
\$	666	\$ 1,362	\$ 219	\$	153	\$ 826	\$ 12,483
	21,724,636	44,395,315	7,130,218		4,982,396	26,912,935	406,895,384
	688	1,466	223		131	768	\$ 12,482
	22,335,197	47,583,371	7,247,814		4,261,615	24,920,949	405,016,950
	632	1,363	209		120	682	11,426
	20,886,661	45,093,247	6,912,237		3,970,265	22,545,728	377,864,565
	647	1,305	216		125	640	10,945
	21,456,136	43,249,319	7,164,999		4,148,497	21,201,167	362,797,781
	643	1,305	204		124	577	10,742
	21,538,262	43,709,186	6,843,957		4,142,335	19,334,963	359,880,437
	629	1,367	208		130	511	10,786
	21,142,956	45,955,757	6,995,987		4,359,394	17,191,488	362,682,283
	624	1,338	198		130	477	10,208
	20,756,497	44,509,692	6,590,156		4,335,383	15,856,313	339,538,003
	715	1,330	189		134	445	10,382
	23,164,416	43,097,441	6,125,855		4,335,383	14,420,218	336,438,186
	640	1,346	187		141	380	10,211
	20,832,116	43,849,838	6,079,842		4,600,655	12,378,157	332,562,803
	577	1,293	167		124	376	9,456
	18,535,184	41,518,413	5,363,214		3,984,105	12,085,088	303,718,097
	614	1,2/5	197		121	253	9,550

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Sites and Building Improvements		ırniture and uipment	 /ehicles	Total		
2020	\$	13,170,202	\$ 307,747	\$ 447,776	\$	13,925,725	
2019		23,034,201	-	66,151		23,100,352	
2018		12,424,948	97,677	1,044,300		13,566,925	
2017		15,164,878	82,602	1,177,254		16,424,734	
2016		13,411,022	125,677	1,526,739		15,063,438	
2015		10,369,962	647,556	525,634		11,543,152	
2014		20,172,545	2,818,870	454,238		23,445,653	
2013		22,796,337	13,267,264	163,361		36,226,962	
2012		40,678,771	5,312,686	279,022		46,270,479	
2011		71,314,915	861,678	2,098,021		74,274,614	

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 21 CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND EXPENDITURES Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND EXPENSES Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Table 22

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,]	Purchased Food	Donated Commodities		 Salaries and Benefits		Materials and Supplies		Indirect Costs		Other	Total	
2020	\$	5,926,967	\$	845,357	\$ 7,061,639	\$	457,200	\$	8	\$	208,376	\$	14,499,547
2019		5,293,206		1,124,169	7,872,114		592,386		947,851		225,348		16,055,074
2018		5,544,467		1,114,136	8,765,561		516,816		811,076		297,139		17,049,195
2017		5,902,080		1,014,414	8,311,428		476,217		868,863		126,427		16,699,429
2016		6,189,247		1,033,524	8,663,875		526,314		859,578		167,682		17,440,220
2015		6,224,793		972,837	8,233,583		588,267		838,250		486,639		17,344,369
2014		5,249,525		926,372	7,983,143		547,482		801,936		573,919		16,082,377
2013		5,072,231		730,231	7,347,414		521,678		763,708		423,461		14,858,723
2012		4,609,755		856,145	6,648,054		933,492		815,624		288,557		14,151,627
2011		4,480,572		617,629	6,206,286		540,571		866,646		269,803		12,981,507

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year			USD	A	Dona	ited				
Ended Food Sales		Sales	Reimbursement		Commodities		Other		Total	
June 30,	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
2020	\$ 1,728,889	12.1%	\$ 11,712,729	81.7%	\$ 845,357	5.9%	\$ 48,866	0.3%	\$ 14,335,841	100.0%
2019	2,436,212	14.6%	12,080,429	72.4%	1,031,503	6.2%	1,146,871	6.9%	16,695,015	100.0%
2018	2,392,809	14.5%	12,129,498	73.4%	1,078,242	6.5%	919,522	5.6%	16,520,071	100.0%
2017	2,333,483	13.8%	13,087,413	77.4%	1,086,274	6.4%	406,379	2.4%	16,913,549	100.0%
2016	2,280,883	13.6%	13,035,704	77.7%	1,033,524	6.2%	419,467	2.5%	16,769,578	100.0%
2015	1,804,464	11.3%	12,897,911	80.5%	925,434	5.8%	386,464	2.4%	16,014,273	100.0%
2014	2,145,557	14.0%	12,134,235	79.3%	956,710	6.2%	71,083	0.5%	15,307,585	100.0%
2013	2,308,001	19.0%	11,537,008	75.5%	811,715	5.2%	37,244	0.3%	14,693,968	100.0%
2012	2,712,070	20.8%	10,746,241	73.2%	739,882	5.7%	39,754	0.3%	14,237,947	100.0%
2011	2,955,052	24.2%	10,382,931	69.7%	813,104	5.8%	35,382	0.3%	14,186,469	100.0%

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 24 PROPERTY VALUE AND CONSTRUCTION FOR DURHAM COUNTY Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Building Value of Permits Issued ⁽¹⁾	Assessed Valuation ⁽²⁾		
2020	\$1,905,432,972	\$ 44,007,082,698		
2019	1,884,975,303	37,361,508,577		
2018	1,347,736,663	36,159,221,674		
2017	1,501,331,982	35,230,345,247		
2016	1,194,358,281	32,454,800,165		
2015	1,117,161,089	31,736,178,319		
2014	1,107,015,215	30,796,658,950		
2013	912,531,665	30,444,978,195		
2012	782,358,521	29,842,363,341		
2011	918,447,009	29,460,598,354		

Source: (1) City of Durham/Durham County Inspections Department

Note:

(2) Last revalutaion of taxable property occurred on January 1, 2019.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 25 MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS June 30, 2020

Area:	Durham County	299	square miles
Population:	Durham County	331,807	
Average Daily Membership:		32,596	
Schools:	Elementary	30	
	Middle	10	
	Secondary	2	
	Senior/High	10	
	Hospital School	1	
	Alternative	1	
School Personnel (approximate):		5,054	

Sources: Durham County CAFR, Durham Public Schools' Finance Department

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



COMPLIANCE SECTION





ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Durham Public Schools Board of Education Durham, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprises the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 20-01 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Durham Public Schools Board of Education's Response to Finding

The Board's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. The Board's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

March 29, 2021 Rockingham, North Carolina



ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report On Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance; In Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Durham Public Schools Board of Education Durham, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Durham Public Schools Board of Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Durham Public Schools Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over that there is a program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance has a material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

March 29, 2021 Rockingham, North Carolina



ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report On Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major State Program and Internal Control Over Compliance; In Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Durham Public Schools Board of Education Durham, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Board's major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Durham Public Schools Board of Education's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its State programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Durham Public Schools Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

March 29, 2021 Rockingham, North Carolina

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

	auditors' report iss ats audited were p	Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:						
• Ma	iterial weakness(e	es) identified?	No			
• Sig	nificant deficiency	/(ies) identified?	Yes			
Noncomp	pliance material to	financial statements noted?	No			
Federal	Awards					
Internal c	control over major	federal programs:				
• Ma	iterial weakness(e	es) identified?	No			
• Sig	nificant deficiency	(ies) identified?	None Identified for Reporting			
	auditors' report iss leral programs:	Unmodified				
	t findings disclose in accordance wit	No				
Identifica	tion of major fede	ral programs:				
CFI	DA Numbers	Names of Federal Program or Cluster				
	10.555 10.553 10.555 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program (Commo School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Childr	,			
	84.367	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs			<u>\$ 1,238,918</u>			
Auditee c	qualified as low-ris	Yes				

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results (Continued)

State Awards

Internal control over major State programs:

•	Material weakness(es) identified?	No
•	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Identified for Reporting
	e of auditors' report issued on compliance najor State programs:	Unmodified
repo	audit findings disclosed that are required to be rted in accordance with the State Single Audit ementation Act?	No
Iden	tification of major State programs:	

Program Name

State Public School Fund State COVID-19 Supplemental Funds Public School Capital Fund – Lottery

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Finding 20-01

Significant Deficiency Prior Period Adjustments

Criteria:	Controls should ensure that the Board's claims liability for retained risks and liability for compensated absences are properly calculated and reported in the financial statements.
Condition:	It was determined during the audit that the workers' compensation claims liability for retained risks reported at June 30, 2019 was not in agreement with the supporting detailed schedule provided to the district by the claims management company.
	When calculating the accrual for compensated absences each year, management should first roll over leave balances in excess of thirty days to sick leave. This is necessary because an employee can only receive payout for a maximum of thirty annual leave days. The liability for compensated absences reported in the Board's June 30, 2019 financial statements was calculated on accrued leave balances before performing this rollover.

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

Finding 20-01 (continued)

Effect:	The claims liability for retained risks and the liability for compensated absences reported in governmental activities at June 30, 2019 were overstated by \$3,270,474 and \$2,001,641, respectively. As a result, governmental activities net position as previously reported at June 30, 2019 had to be increased by \$5,272,115.
Cause:	The Board did not have the proper controls in place to ensure that these liabilities were accurately calculated and presented in the prior year financial statements.
Identification of a repeat finding:	This is not a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit.
Recommendation:	We recommend that management implement procedures to ensure that these liabilities are properly calculated each year.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions:

The Board of Education agrees with this finding and will ensure that management implements procedures to ensure that the claims liability for retained risks and the liability for compensated absences are properly calculated each year.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.



CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Finding 20-01

Name of Contact Person:	Paul LeSieur, Chief Financial Officer
Corrective Action Plan:	Management will implement controls and procedures to ensure that the claims liability for retained risks and the liability for compensated absences are properly calculated each year.
Proposed Completion Date:	Immediately

No findings were reported in the prior year.

This page left blank intentionally.



DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
Federal Grants:			
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: Noncash Assistance (Commodities): National School Lunch Program	10.555	PRC 035	<u>\$ 845,357</u>
Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children Cash Assistance Subtotal Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.559	PRC 035 PRC 035 PRC 035	2,275,675 6,330,419 2,919,324 11,525,418
	40 500		12,370,775
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Grant	10.582		187,311
Total School Nutrition Program (Note 3)			12,558,086
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			12,558,086
U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed-through the N.C. Office of State Management and Budget N.C. Pandemic Recovery Office: Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: Coronavirus Relief Fund School Nutrition	t: 21.019	PRC 125	811,819
U.S. Department of Education Office of Elementary and Secondary Education: Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction:		PRC 050,	
Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies School Improvement Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Language Acquisition Grant Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.010 84.377 84.367 84.424 84.365 84.196	PRC 030, 105, 115 PRC 117 PRC 103 PRC 108 PRC 104, 111 PRC 026	13,032,072 3,782,444 1,353,448 581,970 812,473 20,725
Special Education Cluster: Grants to States - IDEA, part B (611) Special Needs Targeted Assistance Risk Pool Preschool Grants - IDEA, Part B (619) Preschool Targeted Assistance Total Special Education Cluster	84.027 84.027 84.027 84.173 84.173	PRC 060 PRC 118 PRC 114 PRC 049 PRC 119	7,111,371 17,928 165,078 135,651 647 7,430,675

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
Title VI-B, Education of the Handicapped	84.323	PRC 082	185
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Program Development	84.048	PRC 017	735,004
Total U.S. Department of Education			27,748,996
<u>U.S. Department of Defense</u> Direct Program: ROTC	12.000		178,377
Total Federal Assistance			41,297,278
State Grants:			
N.C. Department of Public Instruction			
Cash Assistance: State Public School Fund Career and Technical Education:		Various	206,895,587
State Months of Employment		PRC 013	9,354,950
Program Support Funds Driver Training		PRC 014 PRC 012	705,855 723,956
School Technology Fund		PRC 015	252,240
State COVID-19 Supplemental Funds		PRC 154	857,371
Passed-through Durham County:			
Public School Capital Fund - Lottery			1,130,189
Cash assistance subtotal			219,920,148
Non-Cash Assistance:			
State Buses Appropriation Textbooks		PRC 120 PRC 130	470,162 20,193
		110 150	
Non-cash assistance subtotal			490,355
Total N.C. Department of Public Instruction			220,410,503
N.C. Department of Agriculture State Reduced Breakfast Program			12,740
Total State Assistance			220,423,243
Total Federal and State Assistance			\$ 261,720,521

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of Durham Public Schools Board of Education under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Durham Public Schools Board of Education, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of Durham Public Schools Board of Education.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Durham Public Schools Board of Education has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3. Cluster of Programs

The School Nutrition Program is clustered by the N.C. Department of Public Instruction and is treated separately for state audit requirement purposes.

This page left blank intentionally.

