DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended June 30, 2017



In collaboration with our community and parents, the mission of Durham Public Schools is to provide all students with an outstanding education that motivates them to reach their full potential and enables them to discover their interests and talents, pursue their goals and dreams, and succeed in college, in the workforce and as engaged citizens.

Durham, North Carolina

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION

North Carolina

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



Prepared by
Paul LeSieur
Interim Financial Officer

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Durham Public Schools Board of Education

P. O. Box 30002 • Durham, NC 27702 • Telephone: 919-560-2000

Letter of Transmittal

November 29, 2017

To the Members of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education and Citizens of Durham County, North Carolina:

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Durham Public Schools (DPS) Board of Education for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Finance Department of Durham Public Schools has prepared this report, which includes the audited financial statements. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Board. To the best of our knowledge, the enclosed financial information is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner which fairly presents the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the Board. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Board's financial activities are included.

The Report consists of four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical and Compliance. The Introductory Section, of which this transmittal letter is a part, includes a list of the Board members and principal officials, and the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting awarded by the Governmental Finance Officers Association and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting awarded by the Association of School Business Officials International for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The Financial Section includes the independent auditors' report, management's discussion and analysis, the combined financial statements and the individual fund schedules arranged by fund type. The Statistical Section includes various tables of unaudited data providing financial history of the Board as well as demographic and other informative statistics of Durham County. The Compliance Section includes the compliance and internal control reports, the single audit reports, the schedule of findings and questioned costs, the corrective action plan, the schedule of prior year audit findings and the schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Durham Public Schools Board of Education's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The Durham Public Schools Board of Education's financial statements have been audited by Rives and Associates, **LLP**, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion and that the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are fairly presented **in** conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Durham Public Schools Board of Education is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act, the US Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Loco/ Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and North Carolina State law for State funds. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of financial assistance, findings and questioned costs, and the independent auditors' report on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are presented in the Compliance Section of this report. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, there were no compliance findings or questioned costs.

REPORTING ENTITY

Durham City Schools and Durham County Schools merged on July 1, 1992, to become Durham Public Schools. The Durham Public Schools Board of Education has total authority over non-charter public education in Durham County. The seven-member is elected by the citizens of the County and is accountable to the citizens for the educational and fiscal operations of the system's 53 schools. For 2016-17, the school system served 33,147 students from kindergarten through 12th grade in 30 elementary schools, 10 middle schools, 2 secondary schools, 7 high schools, and 4 special/optional schools. The Board is charged with the responsibility of providing a free and appropriate education for all students of Durham Public Schools. As defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the Durham Public Schools Board of Education is a separate reporting entity. These statements cover all financial resources of Durham Public Schools: State, Federal, Local, Child Nutrition and Grants, and funds received at each school.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Durham Public Schools *serves* the diverse needs of the entire county of Durham, North Carolina, a 299-square-mile area with an approximate population of 301,243. Our current enrollment of 33,181 students mirrors the diversity of the community, speaking more than 105 languages. This is the second consecutive year drop we have seen in enrollment.

Durham is home to the Research Triangle Park (RTP), a 7,000-acre business tract established in 1959 by local businesses, academia, and industry. Located near Duke University in Durham, the University of North Carolina in Chapel Hill, and North Carolina State University in Raleigh, a major focus of the park is research. Even though it was established as a regional research park, approximately 95 percent of its corporate enterprises are located in Durham County. The park is home to approximately 200 industry-leading firms such as IBM, GlaxoSmithKline, Ericsson, Cisco Systems, Research Triangle Institute and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, employing approximately 50,000 employees. When one thinks of the computer industry, they typically think of Silicon Valley, but RTP is recognized as one of the hottest markets in the United States for "high tech" industries.

The City of Durham is the only municipality in Durham County and is known as the "City of Medicine" because of the importance that biotechnology, health care, and medical-related industries play in the city's economy. More than 300 medical and health related companies are located in Durham County including Duke University Medical Center, which was ranked in 23 specialties and was named the Best Hospital in North Carolina by *US News and World Report, for 2016-17*. The ongoing medical research and expanding clinical opportunities attract medical doctors. Durham County has one of the nation's top five concentrations of physicians per capita and nearly one third of the labor work force works in a health or medical related industry. The metropolitan area of Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill is consistently ranked among the top U.S. metropolitan areas in economic performance. Our local economy has remained stable because of our diverse industrial base including medicine, research, education, "high- tech," telecommunications, and manufacturing.

Durham is home to the world-renowned Duke University and North Carolina Central University. Durham Technical Community College operates a successful industry-training program, which offers new and expanding companies with industrial, technical, and occupational classes specifically designed to meet their needs. Also located in Durham County is the Museum of Life and Science and the innovative North Carolina School of Science and Mathematics, a statewide residential high school for gifted students. Its strategic location, an excellent quality of life, and its ability to attract and retain quality businesses and industries bolster Durham County's economy.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Accreditation Renewed

Durham Public Schools received renewed accreditation from AdvancED, the independent agency assessing district quality, during the 2016-17 school year. The review cited the following strengths for the district:

- DPS embraces and celebrates diversity.
- The district has steadily and for many years improved its graduation rate.
- DPS provides a wide array of magnet and career pathway choices for families.
- DPS has strong Advanced Placement performance.
- DPS's academic growth is comparable to the rest of the state's.
- DPS has strong mental health partnerships and other innovative approaches to meeting student and family needs.
- DPS builds leadership capacity among teachers and staff.
- DPS has strong community support and partnerships.

The review also noted challenges facing DPS including teacher turnover, the need to increase district capacity to support immigrant and refugee students, opportunities to improve communication with families and other stakeholders, and misconceptions about the district. AdvancED also recommended "fiercely protecting" instructional time, improvements to long-range resource planning, better defining and implementing classroom instructional processes and assessments, more consistent monitoring by principals of curriculum delivery and differentiation, ensuring that all students are "well known" and regularly communicated with by at least one school employee, and improving the systematic collection and analysis of student performance data throughout the year.

Graduation Rate and Academic Highlights

Durham Public Schools saw broad, gradual academic improvement in 2016-17. Eighteen of 20 DPS middle and high schools—including every traditional high school—either met or exceeded state expectations of academic growth. Among other highlights:

- DPS student performance increased in 2016-17 in reading and math in grades four through eight, and almost across the board in middle and high school courses.
- Three schools—Mangum Elementary, City of Medicine Academy, and J.D. Clement Early College High School at North Carolina Central University—earned "A+" School Performance Grades.
- More than three out of four DPS schools—78 percent—met or exceeded expected academic growth.
- Every DPS traditional high school met or exceeded expected academic growth.
- Every DPS traditional high school graduated 80 percent or more of its students, including City of Medicine Academy and J.D. Clement Early College at 100 percent and four other high schools with 95 percent or greater.

The number of students considered either grade-level proficient or ready for college and career in sixth grade math jumped by 6.2 percentage points. Sixth grade reading proficiency increased by five percentage points and college and career readiness increased by 3.4 percentage points.

High school students made similar gains in English II, with an identical 6.2-point gain in proficiency and a 5.5-point gain in college and career readiness.

The four-year graduation rate declined by 0.9 percentage points from 82.3 percent in 2016 to 81.4 percent in 2017. DPS's 2,231 spring graduates were offered approximately \$40 million in scholarships, \$18 million from Hillside High alone.

District-wide, grade level proficiency rose by 1.5 percentage points to 46.4 percent and college and career readiness rose by 1.1 percentage points to 37.4 percent, as measured by state Endof-Grade and End-of-Course exams.

School, Staff and Community Achievements

- R.N. Harris Magnet Elementary was named one of the nation's best urban schools by the National Center for Urban School Transformation.
- Lara Brickhouse was named the National Adapted Physical Education Teacher of the Year by SHAPE America.
- Rogers-Herr Middle was named a School to Watch, and principal Kecia Rogers was named president-elect, by the North Carolina Association for Middle Level Education. Lowe's Grove Middle principal Dr. Tekiesha Mitchell was also named one of the state's best middle school administrators by the organization.
- Three DPS elementary schools were named among America's Healthiest Schools for 2017 by the Alliance for a Healthier Generation.
- Six high schools were named among the top 10 percent of the nation in the *Washington Post's* "America's Most Challenging High Schools" survey, and three were ranked on the *U.S. News and World Report* Best High Schools list.
- For the fifth year in a row, J.D. Clement Early College High School graduated 100 percent of its seniors.
- A Hillside High senior earned credit in a published Duke University medical research paper.
- In partnership with Durham County, DPS opened a new pre-kindergarten program in the historic Whitted School.
- Durham voters overwhelmingly supported a \$90 million school construction and renovation referendum in November 2016.
- DPS launched the Office of Equity Affairs to support educators and students with help from community partners.

FINANCIAL AND BUDGETARY CONTROLS

The State of North Carolina is the primary funding source for public education in North Carolina. Minimum program criteria are determined by the State Board of Education and funds are distributed to each school system by the Department of Public Instruction. Once minimum programs are established, the remaining funds are allocated on a per-pupil basis. Local funds are appropriated in varying amounts by each county to supplement the basic educational programs. These local monies are derived primarily from the general tax levy of the county. Federal funds are received through the State operating as a conduit to address the needs of identified categorical groups of students qualifying for federal funding.

The management of the school system is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the school system are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

North Carolina General Statutes require all governmental units to adopt a balanced budget by July 1 of each year. Our budget resolution is adopted at the functional level for the General and Special Revenue Funds. The Capital Outlay Fund budget is adopted at the project level. The Enterprise Fund budget is adopted at the functional level. By statute, the Fiduciary Fund is not a part of the budget resolution adopted by the Board of Education. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions of the adopted resolution.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or included as a reservation of fund balance in the subsequent year.

Durham Public Schools uses a fund accounting system. Each fund is a self-balancing set of accounts, segregated for the purpose of accounting for specific activities in accordance with law, sound accounting practice, special regulation or other limitations. There are three categories of funds, Governmental, Proprietary, and Fiduciary. The Governmental Funds have now been expanded to include the school activity funds. Further explanation of these funds has been detailed in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section within the Financial Section of this report.

The Governmental Funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds use the full accrual basis of accounting.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Certificates - The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to Durham Public Schools for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. DPS has received the GFOA and ASBO awards for the last 26 years. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement or Excellence, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA and ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgment - The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efforts and dedication of the staff of Durham Public Schools and the independent audit firm. Separate acknowledgment goes to the finance department for their contributions. We would like to express our appreciation to all of the employees who contributed to the development of this report and to the Durham County government, Durham City government, and the Durham Chamber of Commerce for providing statistical data.

Respectfully submitted,

Aaron Beaulieu

Interim Superintendent

Paul LeSieur

Interim Financial Officer

Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina Board of Education Members

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS
June 30, 2017

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Mike Lee, Chair

Natalie Beyer, Vice Chair

Xavier Cason

Ms. Minnie Forte-Brown

Matt Sears

Bettina Umstead

Steve Unruhe

INTERIM SUPERINTENDENT

Aaron Beaulieu

INTERIM FINANCIALOFFICER

Paul LeSieur



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Durham Public Schools North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Durham Public Schools

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016.

The CAFR has been reviewed and met or exceeded ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence standards.



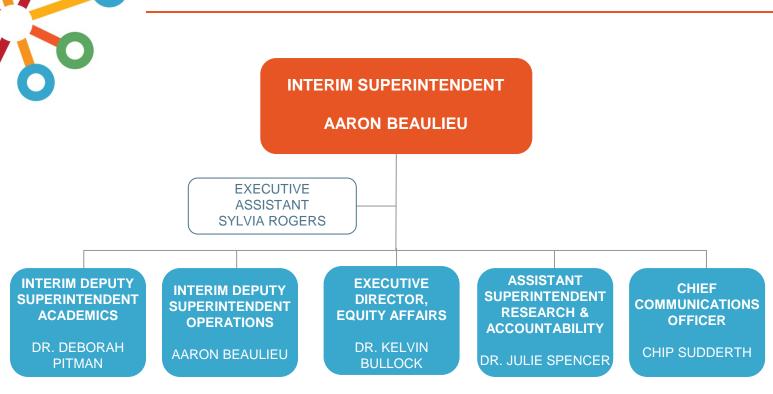
Anthony N. Dragona, Ed.D., RSBA

President

John D. Musso, CAE Executive Director



OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT



FINANCIAL SECTION





Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Member: North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants

www.rivescpa.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Durham Public Schools Board of Education of North Carolina Durham, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina, as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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1023 W. Morehead Street, Suite 100 Charlotte, NC 28208 Phone: 704-372-0960 Fax: 704-372-1458 We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the Local Current Expense Fund, Grant and Community School Special Revenue Fund, and State Public School Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 13 and the Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Contributions on pages 57 and 58, respectively be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules – budget and actual; the schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards; the introductory section, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules – budget and actual, and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules – budget and actual, and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our reports dated November 29, 2017 on our consideration of Durham Public Schools Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of these reports are to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. These reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lexington, North Carolina November 29, 2017

Rives & associates UP

Management's Discussion And Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

This section of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education's (the Board) financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2017. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

Financial Highlights

- Durham Public Schools has begun to see a drop in average daily membership, while the charter school membership numbers continue to increase. As we begin to pull out of the economic recession, the inward migration from other states into Durham County continued to increase. Durham's population is 301,243. The Board has seen a drop in enrollment in the current school year 2017-18, for the third consecutive year. It should be noted that funding from the State is based on Average Daily Membership (ADM) figures which are typically lower than enrollment.
- The net position of the Board have seen a decrease at the close of the fiscal year to \$323,274,865 from \$338,055,451. Cash and cash equivalents increased by approximately \$3.8 million and the unrestricted net investment in capital assets decreased by approximately \$9.5 million from last year.
- The State of North Carolina provided an increase in appropriations to fund a 4.2% average salary increase for teachers and certified steps 1 to 24, (1.5% to 6.9% range). Teachers and certified personnel on step 25 and over received \$300 salary increase (.6%) and a one-time \$385 bonus, while classified staff received an \$83.33 per month salary increase up to \$1,000. Funds for Bus Drivers were provided to develop local salary schedules for raising bus driver salaries. A one-time additional 3 days of annual leave days were provided that carry over but cannot be paid out in cash if not used. The 2017-18 State conference budget compromise maintained the 2016-17 funding levels with increases for continuation budget line items. Continued appropriations were made for textbooks and digital materials, school connectivity, bonuses for (CTE, AP/IB, and 3rd grade reading teachers), while adding 4th and 5th grade teacher reading bonuses to the budget. The major changes were in the salary schedules for Principals and Assistant Principals as well as elimination of receiving their longevity pay. Principals are held harmless to the 2016-17 schedules plus longevity for the 2017-18 school year, but no guarantees going forward. Central Office funding was again reduced by 7.4%.
- A local ¼ cent sales tax increase was approved by Durham County voters creating revenue to replace the expiring Federal Education Jobs funding. This has provided \$9.9 million in funding, an increase of approximately \$400,000 in revenue.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Board's Local Current Expense Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$9,494,105. The total fund balance decreased by \$4,770,265.
- Total governmental funds non-spendable fund balance consisting of inventories and prepaid expenses totaled \$156,135. Restricted fund balance consisting of items restricted by State statute totaled \$2,398,875, school capital outlay \$3,100,678, grants and scholarships \$3,848,134 and individual schools \$2,150,678. Committed fund balance totaled \$1,014,290 and consisted of \$340,894 approved for teacher salaries, and one-time funding in the amount of \$289,956 for Academic Services, \$42,440 for the Office of Equity Affairs budget requirements, \$183,000 for 1 to 1 school technology initiatives, and \$158,000 for professional development. Assigned fund balance consists of \$2,000,000 for future IT needs to assist with the refresh program, \$3,056,908 is for the Board's self-insurance reserve and \$6,372,137 for use by the Local Special Expense Fund.
- Unassigned fund balance in the Local Current Expense Fund totaled \$2,835,538.
- The Board will pay 47 charter schools in 2017-18 with a membership of over 6,500. The appropriations to charters will exceed \$21.8 million and will be an annual increase of over \$1.4 million dollars.

Management's Discussion And Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education consist of four components. They are as follows:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis and pension fund information (required supplementary information)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required supplemental section that presents combining and budgetary statements for non-major governmental funds and budgetary statements for enterprise funds

The Basic Financial Statements include two types of statements that present different views of the Board's finances. The first is the government-wide financial statements. The government-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets, deferred inflows or resources, and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement. The statement of activities summarizes the Board's revenues and expenses for the current year. A net (expense) revenue format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

The second set of financial statements included in the basic financial statements is the *fund financial statements*, which are presented for the Board's governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary fund. These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, measuring the near term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The proprietary and fiduciary statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds. Because a different basis of accounting is used in the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements is required. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the Board as an economic unit while the fund financial statements provide information on the financial resources of each of the Board's major funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Board as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the Board's net position and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the Board's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total of liabilities and deferred inflows – is one way to measure the Board's financial health or position.

• Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion And Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Government-Wide Financial Statements (continued)

• To assess the Board's overall health, one should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of its school buildings and other physical assets.

The Board's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide statements:

- Governmental activities: Most of the Board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County funding and State and federal aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The Board charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. School food service is included here.

The government-wide statements are shown as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Board's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law, such as the State Public School Fund.
- The Board establishes other funds, such as the Federal Grants Fund, to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

Durham Public Schools Board of Education has three types of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the Board's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on two things - how cash and other assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. As a result of this focus, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the coming year to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a reconciliation following the governmental funds statements, explains the relationship (or differences) between the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The Board has several governmental funds: the Local Current Expense Fund, the State Public School Fund, the Capital Outlay Fund, the Grant and Community Schools Special Revenue Fund, the Federal Grants Fund, the Local Special Expense Fund, and the School Activity Funds.

The governmental fund statements are shown as Exhibits 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Services for which the Board charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. The proprietary fund statements are reported on the same full accrual basis of accounting as the government-wide statements. Durham Public Schools Board of Education has one proprietary fund - the School Food Service Fund.

The proprietary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 8, 9, and 10 of this report.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Durham Public Schools Board of Education has one fiduciary fund - the Della Bradsher

Management's Discussion And Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Hedgepeth Memorial Scholarship Fund, which is a scholarship fund under the control of the administrative unit. This is accounted for as a private purpose trust fund.

The fiduciary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 11 and 12 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the Board as a Whole

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$323,274,865 as of June 30, 2017. The largest component of net position is net investment in capital assets, of \$369,776,240.

Following is a summary of the Statement of Net Position:

Table 1							
Condensed Statement of Net Position							
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total Primary Government							
	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	
Current assets	\$ 48,443,128	\$ 47,701,659	\$ 3,300,296	\$ 2,552,460	\$ 51,743,424	\$ 50,254,119	
	370,690,964						
Capital assets		379,928,323	524,855	567,482	371,215,819	380,495,805	
Total assets	419,134,092	427,629,982	3,825,151	3,119,942	422,959,243	430,749,924	
Deferred outflows of resources	93,452,178	20,100,425	2,187,402	501,655	95,639,580	20,602,080	
Current liabilities	21,156,086	20,112,731	428,685	158,812	21,584,771	20,271,543	
Long-term liabilities	162,563,430	77,648,167	3,635,541	1,697,734	166,198,971	79,345,901	
Total liabilities	183,719,516	97,760,898	4,064,226	1,856,546	187,783,742	99,617,444	
Deferred inflows of resources	7,367,761	13,340,843	172,455	338,266	7,540,216	13,679,109	
Net investment in capital assets	369,251,385	378,667,580	524,855	567,482	369,776,240	379,235,062	
Restricted net position	11,498,365	13,665,828	_	_	11,498,365	13,665,828	
Unrestricted net position	(59,250,757)	(55,704,742)	1,251,017	859,303	(57,999,740)	(54,845,439)	
Total net position	\$ 321,498,993	\$ 336,628,666	\$ 1,775,872	\$ 1,426,785	\$ 323,274,865	\$ 338,055,451	

The net position of the Board decreased a total of \$14,780,586 during the year. The decrease was largely due to depreciation expense exceeding capital outlays and the changes in the pension related accounts; deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net pension liability.

Management's Discussion And Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Financial Analysis of the Board as a Whole (Continued)

The following table shows the revenues and expenses for the Board:

		Table 2					
	Co	ndensed Statemen	t of Activites				
	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government		
	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 10,063,964	\$ 8,934,437	\$ 2,337,511	\$ 2,299,357	\$ 12,401,475	\$ 11,233,794	
Operating grants and contributions	223,156,329	221,234,036	14,571,812	14,468,321	237,728,141	235,702,357	
Capital grants and contributions	1,681,206	-	-	-	1,681,206		
General revenues:							
Other revenues	143,239,373	139,358,249	4,226	1,900	143,243,599	139,360,149	
Total revenues	378,140,872	369,526,722	16,913,549	16,769,578	395,054,421	386,296,300	
Expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
Instructional services	275,116,017	255,000,734	-	-	275,116,017	255,000,734	
System-wide support services	77,708,886	72,219,815	-	-	77,708,886	72,219,815	
Ancillary services	4,208,509	4,019,530	-	-	4,208,509	4,019,530	
Non-programmed charges	20,354,980	18,333,827	_	-	20,354,980	18,333,827	
Interest on long-term debt	4,129	14,382	-	-	4,129	14,382	
Depreciation	15,636,887	16,130,384	_	-	15,636,887	16,130,384	
Business-type activities:							
Food service		<u>=</u>	16,805,599	17,225,331	16,805,599	17,225,331	
Total expenses	393,029,408	365,718,672	16,805,599	17,225,331	409,835,007	382,944,003	
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	(14,888,536)	3,808,050	107,950	485,753	(14,780,586)	3,352,297	
Transfers in (out)	(241,137)	(218,662)	241,137	218,662			
Increase (decrease) in net position	(15,129,673)	3,589,388	349,087	(237,091)	(14,780,586)	3,352,297	
Net position, beginning	336,628,666	333,039,278	1,426,785	1,663,876	338,055,451	334,703,154	
Net position, ending	\$ 321,498,993	\$ 336,628,666		\$ 1,426,785		\$ 338,055,451	

Total governmental activities generated revenues of \$378.1 million while expenses in this category totaled \$393.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2017. Comparatively, revenues were \$369.5 million and expenses totaled \$365.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2016. After transfers to the business-type activities, the decrease in net position stands at \$15.1 million at June 30, 2017, compared to a \$3.6 million increase in 2016. Instructional services expenses comprised 70.0% of total governmental activities expenses while system-wide support services made up 19.77% of those expenses for 2017. County funding comprised 33.39% of total governmental revenue. In 2016, County funding was 36.08% of total governmental revenue for 2017 consists of restricted State and federal money. This revenue represented 63.83% of total revenue in 2016. Business-type activities generated revenue of \$16.9 million and expenses of \$16.8 million. Net position increased in the business-type activities by \$349,087, after transfers from the governmental activities of \$241,137.

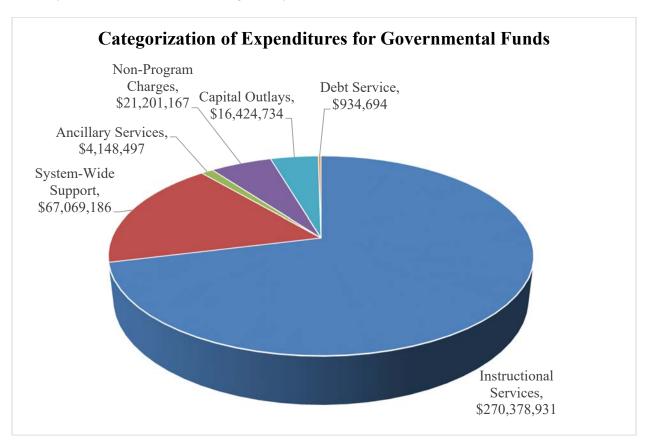
Management's Discussion And Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

Governmental Funds: The focus of Durham Public Schools Board of Education's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements.

The Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$26,933,373, a decrease of \$119,883 from the previous year. Funding from the State government and County increased approximately \$3.7 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, while Federal government funding decreased approximately \$1.6 million.

Proprietary Funds: The Board's business-type activities, the School Food Service Fund, reflected an increase in net position over last year. Operating revenues increased \$38,154 while operating expenses decreased \$419,732 from the previous year. Nonoperating revenues increased \$105,817 with an increase in federal reimbursements. The Board has aggressively sought federal reimbursements by improving the free and reduced lunch application approval process, fully utilized federal donated commodities, and carefully controlled costs while serving healthy and nutritious meals.



Expenditures presented on modified accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion And Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

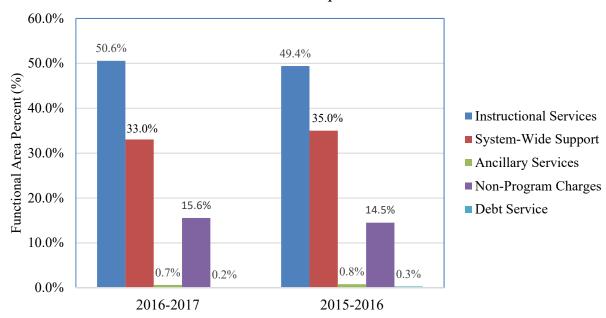
General Fund Revenues

Since the merger of the city and county school systems in 1992-93, General Fund revenues have increased 177% from a total of \$46.3 million to \$127.5 million. These revenues have increased \$3.3 million from the prior year. County appropriations and late property filings increased \$3.4 million while other local funding sources decreased from the prior year.

General Fund Expenditures

Counties are charged by statute with providing the funding for operations of local school systems. Most counties provide additional funds beyond the operations allocation to supplement the instructional programs. General Fund expenditures increased 3.1% in 2016-17 from the prior year to a total of \$132,261,231. The percentage of expenditures by function to total expenditures remained relatively consistent with prior years and slightly increased in the areas of instructional services and system-wide support, and decreased in non-programmed charges. Changes in expenditures were due to reallocations of resources to maximize funding received.

General Fund Expenditures



Management's Discussion And Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal and State Special Revenue Funds

Substantially all State and federal revenues are accounted for in the State Public School Fund (\$195,600,373) and the Federal Grants Fund (\$23,045,056). This State and federal funding is primarily provided to the local education agencies on a per pupil basis. State Public School Fund funding increased from the prior year by approximately \$3.6 million. Federal Grants Fund funding decreased from the prior year by approximately \$608.000. Expenditures of these funds provide the basic instructional programs for all school systems in North Carolina. Salaries and benefits account for 94.8% of all expenditures in these funds.

Capital Outlay Fund

As the school building construction program (supported by the 2001, 2003, and 2007 voter-approved County bond referendum) approaches completion, the Board realized \$10,407,753 in revenue from general obligation bonds issued by Durham County, and \$1,370,000 from the County's general appropriation. Additionally, the State provided \$681,356 for installment financing related to the purchase of yellow buses and for public school building capital needs. Miscellaneous other local sources provided \$1,544,958. During the 2016-17 school year, Durham Public Schools completed improvements at multiple schools throughout the district. These improvements trended along the following categories: Asphalt replacement and repairs, traffic access site improvements, roof replacement, mechanical equipment replacement, restroom upgrades, and critical system upgrades.

Table 3							
Schedule of Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)							
	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total Primary	Government	
	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	
Land	\$ 22,163,934	\$ 22,163,934	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,163,934	\$ 22,163,934	
Construction in Progress	9,113,351	35,808,383	-	-	9,113,351	35,808,383	
Buildings	178,809,454	188,887,100	-	-	178,809,454	188,887,100	
Building Improvements	154,251,478	126,884,783	-	-	154,251,478	126,884,783	
Furniture and Equipment	2,884,661	3,396,083	524,855	567,482	3,409,516	3,963,565	
Vehicles	3,468,086	2,788,040			3,468,086	2,788,040	
Total	\$ 370,690,964	\$ 379,928,323	\$ 524,855	\$ 567,482	\$ 371,215,819	\$ 380,495,805	

Additional information about capital asset activities can be found in the notes of the financial statements: Note II) A)4) and 5).

Management's Discussion And Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

School Activity Funds

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the School Activity Funds are now being treated as a governmental fund type. This fund consists of the revenues and expenditures of the activity funds of the 53 individual schools operated by the Board. The individual school principals exercise significant authority over revenues and expenditures. The activities of the schools that generate revenue consist of picture sales, field trips, athletic events, club fundraising, and other school functions.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund operation consists of the School Food Service Fund. The School Food Service Fund operates as an enterprise fund and provides meals to students and staff. The School Food Service Fund reflected an increase in net position of \$349,087 in the current year. Total net position is \$1,775,872 as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This financial position allows Durham Public Schools to maintain a strong Child Nutrition Program.

Fiduciary Fund

The private-purpose trust fund, the Della Bradsher Hedgepeth Memorial Scholarship Fund, is used to award scholarships based on established criteria. An independent committee advises us when a scholarship is awarded to a student.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Board, as is normal, revised the budget several times to account for changes in revenue expectations and align categorical expenditures appropriately. Additional information related to budget activity is included in Note I) D) in the notes to the financial statements. The General Fund concluded the year with a decrease in fund balance of (\$4,705,498). This decrease is a result of the General Fund covering certain costs due to reductions in federal funding and an increase in payments to charter schools. Total payments to charter schools for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$20.6 million and \$18.6 million, respectively.

Debt Outstanding

During the year, the Board's outstanding debt increased \$178,836, with an ending balance of \$1,439,579. The debt for installment purchases increased due to additional installment purchase contracts for school buses. Future debt service payments to retire the debt for the school buses will be funded by State revenues allotted for repayment of lease purchase contracts as authorized under G. S. 115C-528(a), Session Law 2003-284, Section 7.25. The Board is limited by North Carolina General Statutes with regards to the types of debt it can issue and for what purpose that debt can be used.

Additional information on the Board's long-term debt can be found in Note II) B) 6) of this report.

Management's Discussion And Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Economic Factors

The Board experienced a decrease in enrollment of 116 students in the 2016-17 school year. With the local housing market continuing to rebound we continue to see population growth, and charter school growth, while Durham Public Schools enrollment continues to decrease into the 2017-18 school year. The Board eliminated the previous levels of dependency on fund balance and now must focus on how to implement and fund the cost of reducing class size in grades K-3. County funding is a major source of income for the Board; therefore, the County's economic outlook directly affects that of the School Board.

The following factors have affected the economic outlook of Durham County.

- The County's unemployment rate decreased from 4.7% in June, 2016 to 3.8% in June, 2017.
- The County's unemployment rate continues to decrease and is lower as compared to the State's rate of 4.2% and the national average of 4.4%.
- Retail sales increased 5.92% to 6.59% over the previous year. 2017 and 2016 retail sales for the County were approximately \$6,884,030,000 and \$6,458,506,000, respectively.
- The population in Durham County continues to grow. The population increased 1.02% in 2017.

These factors, as well as the State's budget situation, increased utility costs, contract increases, and continued rising benefit costs and reduction to class size in grades K-3 were considered in preparing the Board's budget for the 2017-18 fiscal year. The 2018 fiscal year budget was created by reducing fund balance dependency, through reductions in operating expenditures, central office personnel, and school personnel while attempting to protect core instructional programs at the school level. Additional teaching positions were allocated to comply with the newly implemented state class size requirements for grades K-3.

Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of Durham Public Schools Board of Education. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Paul LeSieur, Interim Financial Officer Durham Public Schools Board of Education Post Office Box 30002 Durham, North Carolina 27702



DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Exhibit 1 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Primary Government			
	Governmental	Business-Type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 38,206,272	\$ 2,002,061	\$ 40,208,333	
Other receivable, net	1,808,952	81,432	1,890,384	
Due from other governments	8,271,066	649,887	8,920,953	
Internal balances	-	-	-	
Inventories	108,509	566,916	675,425	
Prepaid items	48,329	-	48,329	
	48,443,128	3,300,296	51,743,424	
Capital assets:	24 255 225		24 255 225	
Land and construction in progress	31,277,285	-	31,277,285	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	339,413,679	524,855	339,938,534	
Total capital assets	370,690,964	524,855	371,215,819	
Total assets	419,134,092	3,825,151	422,959,243	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	93,452,178	2,187,402	95,639,580	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,467,743	262,325	2,730,068	
Accrued salaries and wages payable	15,826,106		15,826,106	
Unearned revenue	2,862,237	166,360	3,028,597	
Long-term liabilities:	,,		- , ,	
Due within one year	15,617,469	317,236	15,934,705	
Due in more than one year:	, ,	,	, ,	
Net pension liability	141,767,666	3,318,305	145,085,971	
Other	5,178,295	<u> </u>	5,178,295	
Total liabilities	183,719,516	4,064,226	187,783,742	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	7,367,761	172,455	7,540,216	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	369,251,385	524,855	369,776,240	
Restricted for:	307,231,303	324,033	307,770,240	
Stabilization by State statute	2,398,875	_	2,398,875	
School capital outlay	3,100,678	_	3,100,678	
Grants and scholarships	3,848,134	_	3,848,134	
Individual schools	2,150,678	_	2,150,678	
Unrestricted	(59,250,757)	1,251,017	(57,999,740)	
Total net position	\$ 321,498,993	\$ 1,775,872	\$ 323,274,865	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program Revenues	ies	
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary government:		•		-	
Governmental activities:					
Instructional services:					
Regular instructional	\$ 133,711,824	\$ 3,286,522	\$ 95,603,095	\$ -	
Special populations	58,477,986	-	50,446,766	-	
Alternative programs	32,314,451	-	27,669,132	-	
School leadership	22,601,166	-	12,032,545	-	
Co-curricular	6,218,489	-	6,480	-	
School-based support	21,792,101	4,764,384	13,906,933	-	
System-wide support services:					
Support and development	2,422,190	-	632,898	-	
Special population support and					
development	1,523,187	-	991,079	-	
Alternative programs and services					
support and development	1,470,506	-	461,695	-	
Technology support	4,480,100	-	179,119	-	
Operational support	53,562,833	2,013,058	16,442,120	1,681,206	
Financial and human resource	7,257,721	-	1,823,288	-	
Accountability	1,039,398	-	-	-	
System-wide pupil support	1,499,988	-	442,079	-	
Policy, leadership and public relations	4,452,963	-	1,626,175	-	
Ancillary services	4,208,509	-	304,059	-	
Non-programmed charges	20,354,980	-	588,866	-	
Interest on long-term debt	4,129	-	-	-	
Unallocated depreciation expense,					
excluding direct depreciation expense	15,636,887	-	-	-	
Total governmental activities	393,029,408	10,063,964	223,156,329	1,681,206	
Business-type activities:					
Food services	16,805,599	2,337,511	14,571,812		
Total business-type activities	16,805,599	2,337,511	14,571,812		
Total primary government	\$ 409,835,007	\$ 12,401,475	\$ 237,728,141	\$ 1,681,206	
	General revenues:				

General revenues:

Unrestricted County appropriations - operating

Unrestricted County appropriations - capital

Unrestricted City appropriations - capital

Unrestricted County bond revenues - capital

Unrestricted State grants - capital

Investment earnings, unrestricted

Miscellaneous, unrestricted

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Net position, ending

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

and Changes in Net Position Primary Government					
Governmental Activities		Business- Activit			Total
\$ (34,82	2,207)	\$	-	\$	(34,822,207)
(8,03	1,220)		-		(8,031,220)
(4,64	5,319)		-		(4,645,319)
(10,56)	8,621)		-		(10,568,621)
(6,21	2,009)		-		(6,212,009)
(3,12	20,784)		-		(3,120,784)
(1,78	39,292)		-		(1,789,292)
(53	32,108)		-		(532,108)
	8,811)		-		(1,008,811)
	00,981)		-		(4,300,981)
	26,449)		-		(33,426,449)
	4,433)		-		(5,434,433)
	9,398)		-		(1,039,398)
(1,05	57,909)		-		(1,057,909)
(2,82	26,788)		-		(2,826,788)
(3,90	(4,450)		-		(3,904,450)
(19,76	66,114)		-		(19,766,114)
((4,129)		-		(4,129)
(15,63	66,887)				(15,636,887)
(158,12	27,909)		_		(158,127,909)
		10	2 724		102 724
			3,724 3,724		103,724 103,724
(158,12	27.909)		3,724		(158,024,185)
	<u>, , , </u>				
126,26	1,485		_		126,261,485
	0,000		_		1,370,000
	51,157		_		61,157
	7,753		_		10,407,753
	21,738		_		1,821,738
	2,486		2,306		244,792
	4,754		1,920		3,076,674
	1,137)		1,137		-,-,-,-,-
142,99			5,363		143,243,599
(15,12	29,673)	34	9,087		(14,780,586)
336,62			6,785		338,055,451
\$ 321,49	8,993	\$ 1,77	5,872	\$	323,274,865

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements



DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Exhibit 3 **Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds** June 30, 2017

	Major Funds					Non-major Funds						
ASSETS		cal Current Expense Fund	Se	Grant and Community chools Special Sevenue Fund	P	State ublic School Fund		Capital Outlay Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,079,565	\$	6,733,171	\$	_	\$	4,852,634	\$	8,540,902	\$	38.206.272
Due from other governments	Ψ	105,420	Ψ	6,759	Ψ	7,081,031	Ψ	438,761	Ψ	639,095	Ψ	8,271,066
Other receivable, net		325,814		76,990		-		1,184,531		221,617		1,808,952
Due from other funds		-		,		-		-		29,965		29,965
Inventories		108,509		-		-		-		-		108,509
Prepaid items		47,626		703		-		_				48,329
Total assets	\$	18,666,934	\$	6,817,623	\$	7,081,031	\$	6,475,926	\$	9,431,579	\$	48,473,093
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	735,469	\$	24,786	\$	24,004	\$	1,675,136	\$	8,348	\$	2,467,743
Due to other funds		29,965		-		-		-		-		29,965
Accrued salaries and wages payable		8,180,101		28,651		7,046,473		-		570,881		15,826,106
Unearned revenue		227,294		2,832,303		10,554		76,820		68,935		3,215,906
Total liabilities		9,172,829		2,885,740		7,081,031		1,751,956		648,164		21,539,720
Fund balances: Nonspendable:									. '			
Inventories		108,509		-		-		-		-		108,509
Prepaid items		47,626		-		-		-		-		47,626
Restricted:												
Stabilization by State statute		431,234		83,749		-		1,623,292		260,600		2,398,875
School capital outlay				-		-		3,100,678		-		3,100,678
Grants and scholarships				3,848,134		-		-		-		3,848,134
Individual schools Committed:		-		-		-		-		2,150,678		2,150,678
Teacher salaries		340,894		-		-		-		-		340,894
One-time funding		673,396		-		-		-		-		673,396
Assigned:												
Special revenue		-		-		-		-		6,372,137		6,372,137
Subsequent year's expenditures		2,000,000		-		-		-		-		2,000,000
Self-insurance		3,056,908		-		-		-		-		3,056,908
Unassigned		2,835,538		-		-		-				2,835,538
Total fund balances		9,494,105		3,931,883		-		4,723,970		8,783,415		26,933,373
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources, and fund balances	\$	18,666,934	\$	6,817,623	\$	7,081,031	\$	6,475,926	\$	9,431,579	\$	48,473,093
Reconciliation of the balance sheet to the statement of net position:				-								
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net positive and the statement of the positive and the posit	tion (Ex	thibit 1) are dif	erent	because:							•	24 022 272
Total fund balance - governmental funds											\$	26,933,373
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resource	s and th	erefore are not	repor	ted								
as assets in governmental funds.												
Cost of capital assets									\$	667,996,546		
Accumulated depreciation										(297,305,582)		370,690,964
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions:												
Contributions made to the pension plan in current fiscal year										20,391,723		
Changes in assumptions										20,907,286		
Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	S									50,558,894		
Difference between contributions and proportional share of contributions	ons and	l changes in pro	porti	on						1,594,275		93,452,178
Long-term liabilities, including capital leases, are not due and payable i are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year		-	d ther	refore								
Installment purchases										(1,439,579)		
Claims liability for retained risk										(2,633,600)		
Compensated absences payable										(16,722,585)		
Net pension liability										(141,767,666)		(162,563,430)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions:												
Difference between expected and actual experience										(6,700,137)		
Difference between contributions and proportional share of contributi	ons and	l changes in pro	porti	on					_	(667,624)		(7,367,761)
Sales tax receivable deferred in the governmental funds		•										353,669
Net position of governmental activities											\$	321,498,993
The accompanying notes to	the f	inancial	sta	tements a	re a	n integra	l pa	art of thes	e st	atements	Ψ	321,770,773

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Major	Non-major Funds			
	Local Current Expense Fund	Grant and Community Schools Special Revenue Fund	State Public School Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
State of North Carolina	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 195,600,373	\$ 2,503,094	\$ -	\$ 198,103,467
Durham County	126,844,499	-	-	11,777,753	_	138,622,252
City of Durham	12,803	-	_	61,157	163,918	237,878
U.S. Government		471,732	_	· -	25,094,943	25,566,675
Other	698,431	5,006,735	_	1,483,801	9,514,590	16,703,557
Total revenues	127,555,733	5,478,467	195,600,373	15,825,805	34,773,451	379,233,829
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instructional services:						
Regular instructional	36,830,738	302,149	91,991,718	_	2,199,260	131,323,865
Special populations	6,722,436	711,521	43,076,619	_	6,905,637	57,416,213
Alternative programs	4,098,891	834,355	14,701,242	_	12,137,987	31,772,475
School leadership	10,156,541	-	11,984,703	_	47,842	22,189,086
Co-curricular	1,653,480	6,530	11,704,705		4,561,146	6,221,156
School-based support	7,410,899	231,460	12,898,808	_	914,969	21,456,136
System-wide support services:	7,410,099	231,400	12,090,000	-	714,709	21,430,130
Support and development	1,750,500	473	405,784		226,641	2,383,398
		4/3		-		
Special population support and development	480,988	-	495,660	-	515,209	1,491,857
Alternative programs and services			0.4.0.40		****	
support and development	987,352	82,977	94,043	-	284,675	1,449,047
Technology support	3,546,893	-	179,119	-	711,906	4,437,918
Operational support	26,823,361	25,116	15,862,099	-	538,743	43,249,319
Financial and human resource	5,320,192	55	1,810,722	-	34,030	7,164,999
Accountability	1,023,969	-	-	-	-	1,023,969
System-wide pupil support	1,002,611	31,792	442,079	-	-	1,476,482
Policy, leadership and public relations	2,757,628	-	1,405,561	-	229,008	4,392,197
Ancillary services	864,182	3,260,376	11,079	-	12,860	4,148,497
Non-programmed charges	20,577,232	6,125	-	-	617,810	21,201,167
Capital outlay	-	-	-	16,424,734	-	16,424,734
Debt service:						
Principal repayments	249,209	-	-	681,356	-	930,565
Interest	4,129	-	-	-	-	4,129
Total expenditures	132,261,231	5,492,929	195,359,236	17,106,090	29,937,723	380,157,209
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,705,498)	(14,462)	241,137	(1,280,285)	4,835,728	(923,380)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers to other funds	-	-	(241,137)	-	-	(241,137)
Installment purchase obligations issued	_	_	_	1,109,401	_	1,109,401
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		(241,137)	1,109,401	-	868,264
Net change in fund balance	(4,705,498)	(14,462)	-	(170,884)	4,835,728	(55,116)
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of year	14,264,370	3,946,345		4,894,854	3,947,687	27,053,256
Decrease in reserve for inventories	(64,767)	3,740,343	-	+,074,034	3,747,087	(64,767)
Decrease in reserve for inventories	(04,707)		·	·		(04,707)
End of year	\$ 9,494,105	\$ 3,931,883	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 4,723,970	\$ 8,783,415	\$ 26,933,373

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to the statement of activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:			
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(55,116)
Change in fund balances due to change in reserve for inventory			(64,767)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expenses. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Depreciation expense Capital outlays	\$ (16,855,767) 7,618,408		(9,237,359)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year and not included on the statement of activities			20,391,723
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Proceeds from the issuance of debt Repayment of debt			(1,109,401) 930,565
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Pension expense Compensated absences Claim liability for retained risk	(27,431,322) 2,092,841 (464,834)	((25,803,315)
Decrease in unearned revenue for sales tax receivable reported in the governmental funds			(182,003)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ ((15,129,673)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Local Current Expense Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
		Original	Final	Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES						
Durham County	\$	126,797,567	\$ 126,797,567	\$ 126,844,499	\$	46,932
City of Durham		-	-	12,803		12,803
Other		800,000	 800,000	 698,431	-	(101,569)
Total revenues		127,597,567	 127,597,567	 127,555,733		(41,834)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instructional services:						
Regular instructional		40,451,957	40,296,401	36,830,738		3,465,663
Special populations		6,898,643	6,882,242	6,722,436		159,806
Alternative programs		3,906,109	4,093,914	4,098,891		(4,977)
School leadership		10,575,616	10,449,171	10,156,541		292,630
Co-curricular		1,722,703	1,727,516	1,653,480		74,036
School-based support		8,276,409	8,755,360	7,410,899		1,344,461
System-wide support services:						
Support and development		1,949,143	1,999,590	1,750,500		249,090
Special population support and development		494,517	494,517	480,988		13,529
Alternative programs and services support						
and development		1,327,972	1,049,328	987,352		61,976
Technology support		3,594,581	3,594,903	3,546,893		48,010
Operational support		27,304,215	27,137,717	26,823,361		314,356
Financial and human resource		5,620,848	5,656,550	5,320,192		336,358
Accountability		1,064,880	1,054,586	1,023,969		30,617
System-wide pupil support		1,086,408	1,069,307	1,002,611		66,696
Policy, leadership, and public relations		3,106,988	2,941,672	2,757,628		184,044
Ancillary services		951,075	1,129,290	864,182		265,108
Non-programmed charges		20,551,425	20,551,425	20,577,232		(25,807)
Debt service on capital leases:						, ,
Principal		249,209	249,209	249,209		_
Interest		4,129	 4,129	 4,129		-
Total expenditures		139,136,827	 139,136,827	 132,261,231		6,875,596
Revenues under expenditures		(11,539,260)	(11,539,260)	 (4,705,498)		6,833,762
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers to other funds		11,539,260	11,539,260	_		(11,539,260)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$ 	(4,705,498)	\$	(4,705,498)
FUND BALANCE						
Beginning of year				14,264,370		
Increase in reserve for inventories				(64,767)		
End of year				\$ 9,494,105		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Grant and Community Schools Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Durham County:					
Pre Kindergarten Program Support	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
U.S. Government:					
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Grant	59	59	5	(54)	
13 Project Reads	54,517	54,517	82,339	27,822	
Contingency Grant	1,311,298	1,311,298	=	(1,311,298)	
Innovative Approaches	464,816	464,816	389,388	(75,428)	
Job Creation Grant	3,000	3,000	=	(3,000)	
National Science Foundation Grant	3,435	3,435	-	(3,435)	
Total U.S. Government	1,837,125	1,837,125	471,732	(1,365,393)	
Other:					
Community education	3,535,803	3,612,213	3,278,458	(333,755)	
Reading Academy	4,528	19,065	11,002	(8,063)	
Education Workforce and Innovation	133,559	293,559	100,227	(193,332)	
Community Liaisons for Students	14,911	97,097	88,964	(8,133)	
Watts Afterschool Reading	11,200	27,699	9,779	(17,920)	
Duke Neighborhood Foundation	9,505	24,505	11,877	(12,628)	
Arts Spotlight	47,482	57,735	7,734	(50,001)	
Grow Program	4,519	14,919	8,890	(6,029)	
Durham Public Schools Farm	45,542	46,300	24,132	(22,168)	
Singapore American School Math	68,502	68,502	46,063	(22,439)	
United Way Social Innovation	10,991	10,991	5,370	(5,621)	
Preschool Program	1,274,208	1,274,208	1,023,084	(251,124)	
Other	1,053,035	1,365,899	391,155	(974,744)	
Total other	6,213,785	6,912,692	5,006,735	(1,905,957)	
Total revenues	8,050,910	8,749,817	5,478,467	(3,271,350)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instructional services:					
Regular instructional	347,340	698,580	302,149	396,431	
Special populations	767,097	794,418	711,521	82,897	
Alternative programs	983,236	1,191,697	834,355	357,342	
Co-curricular	7,876	15,376	6,530	8,846	
School-based support	101,068	255,239	231,460	23,779	
Total instructional services	2,206,617	2,955,310	2,086,015	869,295	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Grant and Community Schools Special Revenue Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amour		Actual	Budg	nce with Final get - Positive
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	(]	Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)						
System-wide support services:						
Support and development	\$ 40,476	\$	476	\$ 473	\$	3
Alternative programs and services support						
and development	-		100,784	82,977		17,807
Operational support	131,864		38,447	25,116		13,331
Financial and human resource	-		-	55		(55)
System-wide pupil support	24,246		55,516	31,792		23,724
Total system-wide support services	196,586		195,223	140,413		54,810
Ancillary services:						
Community	3,552,854		3,552,854	3,177,605		375,249
Nutrition	33,765		33,765	82,771		(49,006)
Total ancillary services	3,586,619		3,586,619	3,260,376		326,243
Non-programmed charges:						
Indirect costs	2,061,088		2,012,665	6,125		2,006,540
Total non-programmed charges	2,061,088		2,012,665	6,125		2,006,540
Total expenditures	8,050,910		8,749,817	5,492,929		3,256,888
Revenues under expenditures	\$ 	\$	-	(14,462)	\$	(14,462)
FUND BALANCE						
Beginning of year				 3,946,345		
End of year				\$ 3,931,883		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

State Public School Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	 Budgeted	l Amou	nts	Variance with Actual Budget - Posi Amounts (Negative)		
	 Original		Final	 Amounts		Negative)
REVENUES State of North Carolina	\$ 198,886,638	\$	201,490,071	\$ 195,600,373	\$	(5,889,698)
Total revenues	 198,886,638		201,490,071	195,600,373		(5,889,698)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instructional services:						
Regular instructional	96,032,114		95,765,937	91,991,718		3,774,219
Special populations	42,792,433		43,228,079	43,076,619		151,460
Alternative programs	14,384,132		15,542,771	14,701,242		841,529
School leadership	12,332,828		12,071,361	11,984,703		86,658
School-based support	12,664,341		13,082,924	12,898,808		184,116
System-wide support services:						
Support and development	487,544		405,785	405,784		1
Special population support and development	487,898		495,673	495,660		13
Alternative programs and services support						
and development	104,872		104,816	94,043		10,773
Technology support	140,916		896,019	179,119		716,900
Operational support	15,594,113		15,986,125	15,862,099		124,026
Financial and human resource	1,854,994		1,810,728	1,810,722		6
Accountability	1,177		-	-		-
System-wide pupil support	462,945		442,078	442,079		(1)
Policy, leadership, and public relations	1,295,806		1,405,555	1,405,561		(6)
Ancillary services	126,151		33,558	11,079		22,479
Non-programmed charges			_	_		_
Debt service:						
Principal repayments	_		_	_		_
Interest	_		_	_		_
Total expenditures	198,762,264		201,271,409	195,359,236		5,912,173
Revenues over expenditures	 124,374		218,662	241,137		22,475
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers to other funds	(124,374)		(218,662)	(241,137)		(22,475)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(124,374)		(218,662)	(241,137)		(22,475)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u> </u>	\$	<u>-</u>	-	\$	
FUND BALANCE						
Beginning of year						
End of year				\$ -		

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Fund June 30, 2017

	Major Fund School Food Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,002,061
Accounts receivable, net	81,432
Due from other governments	649,887
Inventories	566,916
Total current assets	3,300,296
Noncurrent assets:	
Furniture and equipment, net	524,855
Total assets	3,825,151
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,187,402
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	262,325
Unearned revenue	166,360
Compensated absences	317,236
Total current liabilities	745,921
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Net pension liability	3,318,305
Total liabilities	4,064,226
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	172,455
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	524,855
Unrestricted	1,251,017
Total net position	\$ 1,775,872

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Major Fund
	School Food
	Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Food sales	\$ 2,333,483
Other	4,028
Total operating revenues	2,337,511
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Food costs:	
Purchase of food	5,840,578
Donated commodities	1,014,414
Salaries and benefits	8,397,677
Indirect costs	868,863
Materials and supplies	476,217
Repairs and maintenance	42,423
Depreciation	81,423
Other	84,004
Total operating expenses	16,805,599
Operating loss	(14,468,088)
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Federal reimbursements	13,087,413
Federal commodities	1,086,274
Fresh fruits and vegetables program	375,013
State reimbursements	23,112
Proceeds from disposal of equipment	1,920
Interest earned	2,306
Total nonoperating revenues	14,576,038
Gain before transfers	107,950
Transfers from other funds	241,137
Change in net position	349,087
NET POSITION	
Beginning of year	1,426,785
End of year	\$ 1,775,872

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Major Fund School Food Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,176,017
Cash paid for goods and services	(7,113,246)
Cash paid to employees for services	(7,904,480)
Net cash used by operating activities	(12,841,709)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Federal reimbursements	13,521,251
State reimbursements	23,112
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	13,544,363
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition of capital assets	(38,796)
Proceeds from disposal of equipment	1,920
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(36,876)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	2,306
Net cash provided from investing activities	2,306
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	668,084
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	1,333,977
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 2,002,061

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Major Fund School Food Service Fund
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash	
used by operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (14,468,088)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net	
cash used by operating activities:	
Depreciation	81,423
Donated commodities consumed	1,086,274
Salaries paid by other fund	241,137
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and	
deferred inflows of resources:	
(Increase) decrease in:	
Accounts receivable	(76,222)
Inventories	(61,502)
Deferred outflows of resources	(1,685,747)
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	189,334
Unearned revenue	80,539
Due to other funds	(853)
Compensated absences	2,223
Net pension liability	1,935,584
Deferred inflows of resources	(165,811)
Total adjustments	1,626,379
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (12,841,709)

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

The State Public School Fund paid salaries and benefits of \$241,137 to administrative personnel of the School Food Service Fund during the fiscal year. The payment is reflected by a transfer in and an operating expense on Exhibit 9.

The School Food Service Fund received donated commodities with a value of \$1,086,274 during the fiscal year. The receipt of the commodities is recognized as a nonoperating revenue. The fund recorded the consumption of \$1,014,414 worth of donated commodities during the fiscal year as an operating expense. These transactions are reported on Exhibit 9.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private-Purpose Trust June 30, 2017

	He Mo Sch	Bradsher dgepeth emorial olarship Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	33,364
Total assets	\$	33,364
NET POSITION		
Held in trust for scholarships Unrestricted	\$	15,000 18,364
Total net position	\$	33,364

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Private-Purpose Trust For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Della Brads Hedgepe Memoria Scholarsh Fund		
ADDITIONS			
Donations	\$ -		
Interest on investments	14	42_	
Total additions	14	42	
DEDUCTIONS			
Scholarships awarded	1,00	00_	
Change in net position	(85	58)	
NET POSITION			
Beginning of year	34,22	22_	
End of year	\$ 33,30	64	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A) Reporting Entity

The Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina (Board) is a Local Education Agency empowered by State law [Chapter 115C of the North Carolina General Statutes] with the responsibility to oversee and control all activities related to public school education in Durham County, North Carolina. The Board receives State, local, and federal government funding and must adhere to the legal requirements of each funding entity.

The Board is governed by a seven-member governing body elected by the citizens of Durham County. The County provides approximately 37% of the total governmental funds funding and has the authority to control how this funding is spent. However, beyond this, the County does not have legal authority over the Board's budget. Accordingly, the Board is not considered to be a component unit of Durham County.

B) Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities present information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities upon revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Board. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Board and for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and; therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds, including its fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental*, *proprietary*, *and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. The fiduciary fund is presented separately.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B) Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

Local Current Expense Fund: The general operating fund (General Fund) of the Board. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund is mandated by State law [G.S. 115C-426].

Grant and Community Schools Special Revenue Fund: The Grant and Community Schools Special Revenue Fund includes grants received by the Board as well as fiscal agency monies.

State Public School Fund: The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Capital Outlay Fund: The Capital Outlay Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds) and is reported as a capital projects fund. It is mandated by State law [G.S.115C-426]. Capital projects are funded by Durham County appropriations, restricted sales tax monies, proceeds of Durham County bonds issued for public school construction, lottery proceeds, as well as certain State assistance.

The Board reports the following major enterprise fund:

School Food Service Fund: The School Food Service Fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system and is reported as an enterprise fund.

The Board reports the following fiduciary fund:

Private-Purpose Trust: The Board has one Private-Purpose Trust, the Della Bradsher Hedgepeth Memorial Scholarship Fund. Interest earned on the principal is to be used to award scholarships according to the criteria set forth in the scholarship fund agreement.

C) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These could include federal, State, and County grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

D) Budgetary Data

The Board's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for the school activity funds and private-purpose trust fund, as required by North Carolina General Statutes. No budget is required by State law for individual school funds. All appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level within funds for all annually budgeted funds. The Finance Officer, with the approval of the Superintendent, is authorized by the governing Board to transfer appropriations within a fund. Such transfers must be reported to the governing board at its next regular meeting. Transfers between funds require governing board approval. Amendments which alter the County appropriation or transfer monies between the Local Current Expense Fund and the Capital Outlay Fund require the approval of the Durham County Board of Commissioners. During the year, significant amendments to the budget were necessary and were appropriately approved by the Board.

A budget calendar is included in G.S. 115C, Article 31, and prescribes the last day on which certain steps of the budget procedure are to be performed. The following schedule lists the tasks to be performed and the date each is required to be completed.

- May 1 The Superintendent must submit the budget request along with a copy of the budget message to the Board of Education not later than May 1.
- May 15 The Board of Education should make changes, if necessary, to the budget request as submitted by the Superintendent and forward an approved budget request to the Board of County Commissioners not later than May 15, unless the County Commissioners have established a later date.
- July 1 The Board of County Commissioners must complete its actions on the school budget not later than July 1, unless a later date is agreed upon between the Board of Education and the County Commissioners.

Month

of July The Board of Education must adopt its balanced budget resolution after the Board of County Commissioners has decided upon the amount of appropriations to be provided by the County or after the appeal procedures as set forth in State law [G.S. 115C-431].

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D) Budgetary Data (Continued)

As required by State law, the Board maintains encumbrance accounts which are considered to be "budgetary accounts." Encumbrances outstanding at year end represent the estimated amounts of the expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts-in-process at year end are completed. Encumbrances outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. If any, these encumbrances outstanding are reported as restricted within "Stabilization by State Statute" in the fund balance section of the balance sheet – governmental funds. Encumbrances are reappropriated in the subsequent fiscal year since appropriations lapse at year end. At June 30, 2017, the Board has no outstanding encumbrances.

E) Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity

1) Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 115C-444]. The Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The Board also has money credited in its name with the State Treasurer and may issue State warrants against these funds.

State law [G.S. 115C-443] authorizes the Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund; and the North Carolina State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF).

The STIF is managed by the staff of the Department of State Treasurer and operated in accordance with state laws and regulations. It is not registered with the SEC. It consists of an internal portion and an external portion in which the Board participates. Investments are restricted to those enumerated in G.S. 147-69.1.

The Board's investments are reported at amortized cost or at fair value determined by either quoted market prices or a matrix pricing model. Bank deposits and the NCCMT are measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. Ownership interest of the STIF is determined on a fair market valuation basis as of fiscal year end in accordance with the STIF operating procedures. Valuation of the underlying assets is performed by the custodian. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIF are distributed to external participants of the fund.

2) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E) Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity (Continued)

3) Inventories

The inventories of the Board are valued at cost and the Board uses the first-in, first-out (FIFO) flow assumption in determining cost. The inventories of the Board's Local Current Expense Fund consist of expendable materials and supplies, which are recorded as expenditures when purchased. The Local Current Expense Fund inventories do not reflect current appropriable resources and, thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is reserved. Proprietary Fund inventories consist of food and supplies and are recorded as expenses when consumed.

4) Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Regular expenses to the Board are recognized in the period in which they incur. Prepaid items include insurance, services not yet received, and operating supplies when payment is made before the end of the fiscal year. Revenues are recognized when the corresponding liabilities and expenses are incurred.

5) Capital Assets

Donated assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are recorded at original costs. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

It is the policy of the Board to capitalize all capital assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two or more years. In addition, other items, which are purchased and used in large quantities such as student desks, including library books and materials are capitalized. The library collections consist of large numbers of books with modest values; the composite depreciation method has been used as discussed GASB 35, para 163-166. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Durham County holds title to certain properties which are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board gives the schools full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provides that the County will convey title of the property back to the Board once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E) Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity (Continued)

5) Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets, excluding land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 20 to 50 years
Building improvements 20 years
Equipment and furniture 5 to 20 years
Vehicles 8 years

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

Depreciation for buildings and equipment that serve multiple purposes cannot be allocated ratably and is therefore reported as "unallocated depreciation" on the statement of activities.

6) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Board has two items that meet this criterion – a pension related deferral and contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year. The statement of financial position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The pension related deferrals were the only items to meet the criterion for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources.

7) Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

8) Compensated Absences

The Board follows the State's policy for vacation and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Board, the current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material. The Board's liability for accumulated earned vacation and salary-related payments as of June 30, 2016 is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a FIFO basis. An estimate of the current portion of compensated absences based on prior years' records has been made.

The sick leave policy of the Board provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E) Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity (Continued)

9) Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaid Items - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the yearend balance of assets held for prepaid items, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 115C-425(a)].

Restricted for School Capital Outlay – portion of fund balance that can only be used for School Capital Outlay [G.S. 159-18 through 22].

Restricted for Grants and Scholarships - revenue sources restricted for distribution as described per their original intent from the source for which they were received.

Restricted for Individual Schools - revenue sources restricted for expenditures for the various clubs and organizations, athletic events, and various fund raising activities for which they were collected.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E) Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity (Continued)

9) Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Committed Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for a specific purpose imposed by a resolution passed by majority vote by quorum of the Board of Education's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority) and in certain instances approval by the County's governing body is required. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing bodies that approved the original action.

Teachers salaries – portion of fund balance approved by resolution of the Board of Education to maintain staffing levels equivalent to the 2017-18 fiscal year.

One-Time Funding – portion of fund balance approved by resolution of the Board of Education to fund expenditures for information technology upgrades and academic support.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that Durham Public Schools Board of Education intends to use for specific purposes.

Special Revenue – portion of fund balance that will be used by Local Special Expense Fund activities as determined by the governing body.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – Portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorizes management to modify the appropriations by resource.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of Local Current Expense Fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Chief Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-board of education funds, board of education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Chief Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Board of Education.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E) Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity (Continued)

10) Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total fund balance of the governmental funds and net position of the governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$294,565,620 consists of several elements as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column) Less: Accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$ 667,996,546 (297,305,582) 370,690,964
Pension related deferred outflows of resources: Contributions made to the pension plan in current fiscal year Changes in assumptions Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Difference between contributions and proportional share of contributions	20,391,723 20,907,286 50,558,894 1,594,275
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements: Installment purchases Claims liability for retained risk Compensated absences Net pension liability	(1,439,579) (2,633,600) (16,722,585) (141,767,666)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: Difference between expected and actual experience Difference between contributions and proportional share of contributions and changes in proportion	(6,700,137) (667,624)
Sales tax receivable, deferred	353,669
Total adjustment	\$ 294,565,620

I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E) Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity (Continued)

10) Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$15,074,557 as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$ 7,618,408
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities, but not in the fund statements	(16,855,767)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements	930,565
Net debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fund statements; it has not effect on the statement of activities – it affects only the government-wide statements	(1,109,401)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the statement of activities	20,391,723
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements: Pension expense Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources Estimated liabilities for retained risks increased during the year	(27,431,322) 2,092,841 (464,834)
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements: Decrease in unearned revenue for sales tax receivable reported in the governmental funds	(182,003)
Adjustment due to the use of the consumption method of recording inventory in the government-wide statements	(64,767)
Total adjustment	\$ 15,074,557

I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E) Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity (Continued)

11) Defined Benefit Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS) and additions to/deductions from TSERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Board's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Board has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of TSERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A) Assets

1) Deposits

All of the Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the dedicated method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Board's agent in the Board's name. Under the pooling method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the Board's agent in the Board's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the pooling method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Board under the pooling method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2017, the Board had deposits with banks with a carrying amount of \$24,588,374 and with the State Treasurer of \$0. The bank balances with financial institutions and the State Treasurer were \$25,035,237 and \$379,704, respectively. Of these balances, \$2,521,414 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$22,893,527 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer.

2) Investments

At June 30, 2017, the Board of Education had \$3,571,729 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio (NCCMT). There was \$12,081,594 invested with the State Treasurer in the Short Term Investment Fund (STIF).

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A) Assets (Continued)

2) Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk. The Board does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The STIF had a weighted average maturity of 1.6 years at June 30, 2017.

Credit Risk. The Board's investments in the NCCMT, carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's as of June 30, 2017. The STIF is unrated and is authorized under North Carolina General Statute 147-69.1. The State Treasurer's STIF is invested in highly liquid fixed income securities consisting primarily of short to intermediate term treasuries and agencies, and money market instruments. The Board has no policy on credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Board places no limit on the amount the Board may invest in any one issuer. More than five percent of the Board's investments are in the State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund. This investment is 77.2% of the Board's total investments.

3) Accounts Receivable

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	Net			
	Due from (to)			
	Other Funds	Due from		
	(Internal	Other		
	Balances)	Governments	<u>Other</u>	Total
Governmental activities:				
Local Current Expense Fund	\$ (29,965)	\$ 105,420	\$ 325,814	\$ 401,269
Other governmental				
activities		8,165,646	1,483,138	9,648,784
Total	\$ (29,965)	\$ 8,271,066	\$ 1,808,952	<u>\$ 10,050,053</u>
Business-type activities:				
School Food Service Fund	<u>\$ 29,965</u>	\$ 649,887	<u>\$ 81,432</u>	\$ 761,284

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A) Assets (Continued)

3) Accounts Receivable

Due from other governments consists of the following:

Governmental activities:			
Local Current Expense Fund	\$	105,420	Net sales tax revenue from State
State Public School Fund		10,554	Net sales tax revenue from State
		7,070,477	11 th and 12 th installments due from NCDPI
Capital Outlay Fund		96,498	Net sales tax revenue from State
		342,263	Appropriations and bond proceeds from County
Grant and Community Schools			
Special Revenue Fund		6,759	Sales tax revenue from State
Federal Grants Fund		570,160	11 th and 12 th installments due from NCDPI
		59,917	Sales tax revenue from State
Local Special Expense Fund		9,018	Sales tax revenue from State
Total	\$	8,271,066	
Business-type activities:			
School Food Service Fund	\$	643,128	USDA and Summer Feeding programs
	_	6,759	Sales tax revenue from State
Total	\$	649,887	

All receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A) Assets (Continued)

4) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balances	Additions	Transfers	Disposals	Balances
Capital assets not being					
depreciated:					
Land	\$ 22,163,934	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,163,934
Construction in progress	35,808,383	5,451,949	(32,146,981)		9,113,351
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	57,972,317	5,451,949	(32,146,981)		31,277,285
Capital assets being					
depreciated:					
Buildings	396,789,042	-	-	-	396,789,042
Building improvements	160,252,176	-	32,146,981	-	192,399,157
Furniture and equipment	15,391,246	267,533	-	(109,557)	15,549,222
Vehicles	30,419,326	1,898,926	-	(336,412)	31,981,840
Total capital assets being		·			
depreciated	602,851,790	2,166,459	32,146,981	(445,969)	636,719,261
Less accumulated					
depreciation for:					
Buildings	207,901,942	10,077,646	-	-	217,979,588
Building improvements	33,367,393	4,780,286	-	-	38,147,679
Furniture and equipment	11,995,163	778,955	-	(109,557)	12,664,561
Vehicles	27,631,286	1,218,880		(336,412)	28,513,754
Total accumulated					
depreciation	280,895,784	16,855,767		(445,969)	297,305,582
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	321,956,006				339,413,679
Governmental activity					
capital assets, net	\$ 379,928,323				\$ 370,690,964

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Unallocated depreciation	\$ 15,636,887
Operational support services	1,218,880
Total	\$ 16,855,767

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A) Assets (Continued)

4) Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balances
Business-type activities:			_	
School Food Service Fund				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 3,468,482	\$ 38,796	\$ -	\$ 3,507,278
Vehicles	193,626	_	<u>-</u>	193,626
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	3,662,108	\$ 38,796	\$ -	<u>3,700,904</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and equipment	2,901,000	\$ 81,423	\$ -	2,982,423
Vehicles	193,626	_	<u>-</u>	193,626
Total accumulated depreciation	3,094,626	<u>\$ 81,423</u>	<u>\$</u>	3,176,049
School Food Service Fund				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 567,482</u>			<u>\$ 524,855</u>

5) Construction Commitments

The Board has entered into several planned construction projects for school construction and improvements as of June 30, 2017. These projects with a cumulative value of approximately \$352,000,789 are evidenced by contractual commitments with various contractors on approved budgeted amounts. As of June 30, 2017, the total remaining commitments under these contracts are approximately \$94,993,523. The projects are commitments of the Capital Outlay Fund which will be funded primarily from the proceeds of County-issued general obligation bonds, as well as other general County and State revenues.

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B) Liabilities
 - 1) Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations
 - a) Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Board is a participating employer in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the employees of Local Education Agencies and charter schools. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the TSERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service (or 10 years of creditable service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011), at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service (or 10 years of creditable service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60 (10 years for members joining on or after August 1, 2011). Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B) Liabilities (Continued)
 - 1) Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Continued)
 - a) Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

TSERS plan members who are Law Enforcement Officer's (LEO) are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer (or 10 years of creditable service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011), or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Board employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the TSERS Board of Trustees. The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 9.98% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$20,869,025, \$18,822,977, and \$18,758,192 for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Refunds of Contributions – Board employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of TSERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by TSERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Board reported a liability of \$145,085,971 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating TSERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017 and at June 30, 2016, the Board's proportion was 1.58% and 1.54%, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B) Liabilities (Continued)

1) Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

a) Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Board recognized pension expense of \$28,006,487. At June 30, 2017, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 6,856,965
Changes of assumptions	21,396,655	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	51,742,308	-
Changes in proportionate and differences between Board		
contribution and proportionate share of contributions	1,631,592	683,251
Board contribution subsequent to the measurement date	20,869,025	-
Total	\$ 95,639,580	\$ 7,540,216

\$20,869,025 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ 11,238,074
2018	11,557,265
2019	28,569,717
2020	15,865,283
2021	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ 67,230,339

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0%
Salary increases	3.5% to 8.10%, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B) Liabilities (Continued)

1) Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

a) Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%
Global equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including TSERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B) Liabilities (Continued)

1) Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

a) Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
Board's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 272,878,674	\$ 145,085,971	\$ 37,629,824

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b) Other Postemployment Benefits

1) Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. The postemployment healthcare benefits are provided through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Executive Administrator and the Board of Trustees of the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (the Plan). The Executive Administrator and the Board of Trustees of the Plan establishes premium rates except as may be established by the General Assembly in an appropriation act. The Plan's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1, and Chapter 135, Article 3 of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. By General Statute, the Plan accumulates contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions in the Retiree Health Benefit Fund. These assets shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. These contributions are irrevocable. Also, by law, these assets are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to the Plan.

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- **B)** Liabilities (Continued)
 - 1) Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Continued)
 - b) Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 1) Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

The State of North Carolina issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the State's Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (also referred to as the State Health Plan). An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.ncosc.net/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. The Comprehensive Major Medical Plan is administered by the Executive Administrator and Board of Trustees of the Plan, which establishes premium rates except as, may be established by the General Assembly in an appropriation act. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees are the same as for active employees, except that the coverage becomes secondary when former employees become eligible for Medicare. For employees first hired on and after October 1, 2006, future coverage as retired employees is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's total noncontributory premium.

For employees hired before October 1, 2006, healthcare benefits are provided to retirees (at no charge to the retirees) who have at least five years of contributing retirement membership prior to disability or retirement. In addition, persons who became surviving spouses of retirees prior to October 1, 1986, receive the same coverage as retirees at the State's expense.

Contributions are determined as a percentage of covered monthly payroll. Annually, the monthly contribution rates to the Plan, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis, are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, the Board paid all annual required contributions to the Plan for postemployment healthcare benefits of \$12,149,201, \$11,520,074, and \$11,254,915, respectively. These contributions represented 5.81%, 5.60%, 5.49% of covered payroll, respectively.

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B) Liabilities (Continued)
 - 1) Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Continued)
 - b) Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 2) Long-term Disability Benefits

Plan Description. Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The DIPNC is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. Long-term disability benefits are payable as an other postemployment benefit from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan accumulates contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions in the Disability Income Plan Trust Fund. The Plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

The State of North Carolina issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the DIPNC. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.ncosc.net/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provided the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System of North Carolina, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for workers' compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from the Retirement System; and (6) the employee must terminate employment as a permanent, full-time employee. An employee is eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from the Retirement System after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing five years of creditable service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of creditable service, at any age.

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- **B)** Liabilities (Continued)
 - 1) Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Continued)
 - b) Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 2) Long-term Disability Benefits (Continued)

The monthly long-term disability benefit is equal to 65% of one-twelfth of an employee's annual base rate of compensation last payable to the participant or beneficiary prior to the beginning of the short-term disability period, plus the like percentage of one twelfth of the annual longevity payment to which the participant or beneficiary would be eligible. The monthly benefits are subject to a maximum of \$3,900 per month reduced by any primary Social Security disability benefits and by monthly payments for workers' compensation to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled. The monthly benefit shall be further reduced by the amount of any monthly payments from the Department of Veterans Affairs, any other federal agency or any payments made under the provisions of G.S.127A-108, to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled on account of the same disability. Provided in any event, the benefits payable shall be no less than \$10 a month.

When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the TSERS. For members who obtain five years of membership service on or after August 1, 2007, the monthly long-term disability benefit is reduced by the primary Social Security retirement benefit to which you might be entitled should you become age 62 during the first 36 months. After 36 months of long-term disability, there will be no further payments from the DIPNC unless the member is approved for and is in receipt of primary Social Security disability benefits. It is payable so long as the member remains disabled and is in receipt of a primary Social Security disability benefit until eligible for an unreduced service retirement benefit. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the TSERS.

The Board's contributions are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly.

The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separated from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as another postemployment benefit. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015, the Board paid all annual required contributions to the DIPNC for disability benefits of \$794,612, \$843,434, and \$840,531, respectively. These contributions represented 0.38%, 0.41%, and 0.41%, of covered payroll, respectively.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B) Liabilities (Continued)

2) Accounts Payable

Accounts payable as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

		S	alaries and	 1
	 Vendors		benefits	 Total
Governmental activities:				
Local Current Expense Fund	\$ 735,469	\$	8,180,101	\$ 8,915,570
Other governmental	 1,732,274		7,646,005	 9,378,279
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,467,743	\$	15,826,106	\$ 18,293,849
Business-type activities:				
School Food Service Fund	\$ 262,325	\$	-	\$ 262,325

3) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The balance in deferred outflows and inflows of resources at year-end is composed of the following elements:

Consummental activities	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Iı	Deferred nflows of esources
Governmental activities:			
Change in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Change of assumptions	\$ 1,594,275 20,907,286	\$	667,624
Difference between expected and actual experience	-		6,700,137
Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total governmental activities	\$ 50,558,894 20,391,723 93,452,178	\$	7,367,761
Business-type activities:			
Change in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Change of assumptions	\$ 37,317 489,369	\$	15,627
Difference between expected and actual experience	-		156,828
Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,183,414 477,302		- -
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,187,402	\$	172,455
	 		_

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B) Liabilities (Continued)

4) Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board protects itself from potential loss through a combination of the purchase of commercial insurance from primary and/or excess liability coverage and self-funded risk retention.

The Board is self-insured for general liability claims up to \$75,000 per claim and maintains excess commercial insurance coverage of \$1,000,000 per occurrence with a \$2,000,000 annual aggregate. The Board also carries commercial errors and omissions coverage with a \$75,000 deductible amount per claim and a \$3,000,000 annual aggregate.

The Board is self-insured for workers' compensation claims for employees paid from local and federal funds and carries excess workers' compensation coverage for claims over \$400,000. The State of North Carolina provides workers' compensation coverage for employees to the extent they are paid from State funds.

Tangible property assets of the Board are insured through commercially purchased insurance coverage over \$880,000,000. Deductibles range from \$1,000 to \$25,000 per occurrence. Umbrella coverage in the amount of \$4,000,000 applies as excess over the general liability, automobile liability and employer's liability.

Governmental activities changes in the claims liability for retained risks were as follows:

]	Beginning	(Current		Claims		Ending
		Balances	Ye	ar Claims	I	Payments]	Balances
2015-2016	\$	2,873,000	\$	358,394	\$	1,062,628	\$	2,168,766
2016-2017	\$	2,168,766	\$	636,875	\$	172,041	\$	2,633,600

The Board also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan a self-funded risk financing pool of the State administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees of the Board are eligible to receive health care benefits up to a \$5 million lifetime limit. The Board pays the full cost of coverage for employees enrolled in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan.

In accordance with G.S. 115C-442, the Board's employees who have custody of the Board's monies at any given time are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Chief Finance Officer is bonded for \$250,000.

The Board carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B) Liabilities (Continued)

5) Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2017, the Board was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Board's management and the Board's attorney, the ultimate outcome of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Board's financial position.

6) Long-Term Obligations

a) Installment Purchase

The Board is authorized to finance the purchase of school buses under G.S. 115C-528(a). Session law 2003-284, section 7.25 authorized the State Board of Education to allot monies for the payments on financing contracts entered into pursuant to G.S. 115-528. The State accepted the bids to purchase Thomas Built Buses and Blue Bird Buses through a special third party financing arrangements at total payments less than the purchase price.

In July 2015, the Board entered into an installment purchase contract to finance the purchase of 5 school buses for \$413,528. The financing contract requires only principal payments of \$103,382 upon delivery of the buses and \$110,382 annually, beginning November 15, 2015, with the final payment due on November 15, 2017.

In November 2015, the Board entered into an installment purchase contract to finance the purchase of 11 school buses for \$946,948. The financing contract requires only principal payments of \$236,737 upon delivery of the buses and \$236,737 annually, beginning November 15, 2015, with the final payment due on November 15, 2018.

In 2016, the Board entered into an installment purchase contracts to finance the purchase of 12 school buses for \$1,109,401. The financing contract requires only principal payments of \$277,350 upon delivery of the buses and \$277,350 annually, beginning November 15, 2017, with the final payment due on November 15, 2019.

The Board is authorized by State law [G.S. 115C-528(a)] to enter into installment purchase contracts to finance the purchase of computer equipment. In July 2012, the Board entered into such a contract to purchase a computer network for the schools. The financing contracts require principal payments for five years beginning in the fiscal year 2013 with an interest rate of 2.65 percent.

The future minimum payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2017, including \$433 of interest, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Year Ending June 30,		Principal	In	terest
2018	\$	712,028	\$	433
2019		514,087		-
2020		213,464		<u> </u>
Total	\$	1,439,579	\$	433

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B) Liabilities (Continued)

6) Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

b) Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the Board's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	Beginning			Ending	Current
	Balance	Increase	Decrease	Balance	Portion
Governmental activities:					
Installment purchases	\$ 1,260,743	\$ 1,109,401	\$ 930,565	\$ 1,439,579	\$ 617,469
Net pension liability	55,403,232	86,364,434	-	141,767,666	-
Compensated absences	18,815,426	12,106,083	14,198,924	16,722,585	14,200,000
Claims liability for					
retained risk	2,168,766	636,875	172,041	2,633,600	800,000
	\$ 77,648,167	\$100,216,793	\$ 15,301,530	\$162,563,430	\$ 15,617,469
Business-type activities:					
* *	\$ 1,382,721	\$ 1,935,584	\$ -	\$ 3,318,305	\$ -
Compensated absences	315,013	400,226	398,003	317,236	317,236
<u>.</u>	\$ 1,697,734	\$ 2,335,810	\$ 398,003	\$ 3,635,541	\$ 317,236
Compensated absences Claims liability for retained risk Business-type activities: Net pension liability	18,815,426 2,168,766 \$ 77,648,167 \$ 1,382,721 315,013	12,106,083 636,875 \$100,216,793 \$ 1,935,584 400,226	\$ 15,301,530 \$ - \$ 398,003	16,722,585 2,633,600 \$162,563,430 \$ 3,318,305 317,236	\$ 15,617,4 \$ 317,2

Compensated absences related to governmental activities and net pension obligations are typically liquidated by the General and other governmental funds.

C) Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund balances at June 30, 2017, consist of the following:

From the Local Current Expense Fund to the School Activity Fund	
for portion of sales tax refund	\$ 29,965

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2017, consist of the following:

From the State Public School Fund to the School Food Service Fund	
for administrative costs	\$ 241,137

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

II) DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D) Fund Balance

The Board of Education has a revenue spending policy that provides policy for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Chief Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: federal funds, State funds, local non-Board of Education funds, Board of Education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Chief Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Board of Education.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of the General Fund balance that is available for appropriation, as of June 30, 2017.

	Local Current		
		Expense	
		Fund	
Total fund balance	\$	9,494,105	
Less: Inventories		(108,509)	
Prepaid expense		(47,626)	
Stabilization by State Statute		(431,234)	
Committed funds		(1,014,290)	
Assigned for subsequent year's expenditures		(2,000,000)	
Assigned for self-insurance		(3,056,908)	
Remaining unassigned fund balance	\$	2,835,538	

Encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end. The Board has no encumbrances as of June 30, 2017.

III) SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Program

The Board has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

IV) SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Date of Management's Review

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 29, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and no events have occurred that required recognition or disclosure for the year ended June 30, 2017.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Board Contributions Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System Last Four Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1.58%	1.54%	1.48%	1.51%
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 145,085,971	\$ 56,785,953	\$ 17,425,928	\$ 91,453,830
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 208,774,054	\$ 208,168,480	\$ 195,358,256	\$ 191,051,990
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	69.49%	27.28%	8.92%	47.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	87.32%	94.64%	98.24%	90.60%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

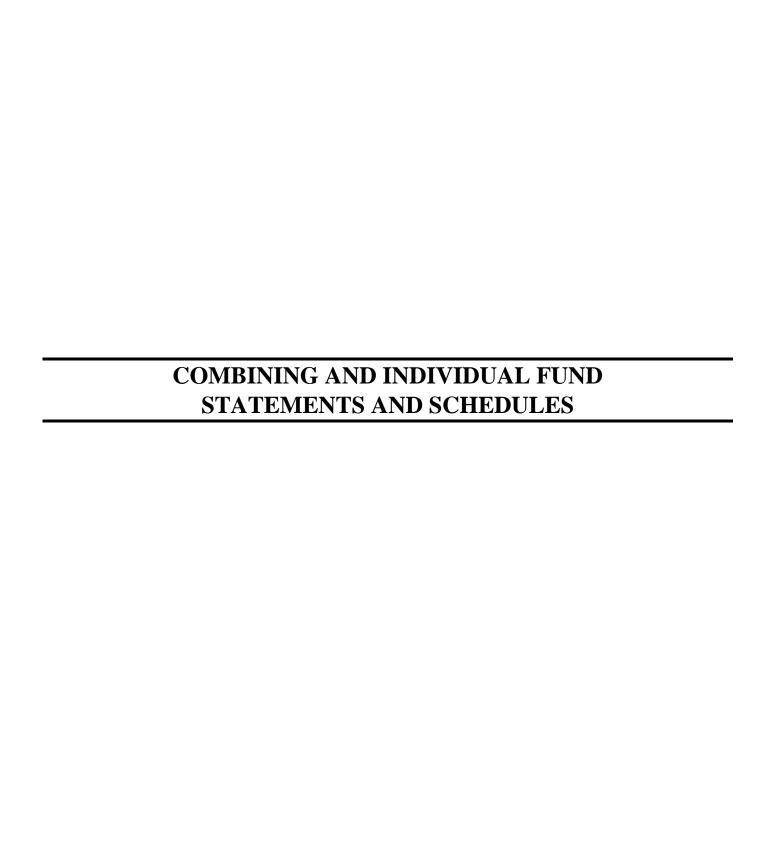
Schedule of Board Contributions

Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System Last Four Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 20,869,025	\$ 18,822,977	\$ 18,758,192	\$ 16,690,949
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	20,869,025	18,822,977	18,758,192	16,690,949
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 211,659,875	\$ 208,774,054	\$ 208,168,480	\$ 195,358,256
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.86%	9.02%	9.01%	8.54%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.



$Schedule\ of\ Revenues,\ Expenditures\ and\ Changes$

in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Local Current Expense Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Variance
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Budget	Actual	(regative)
Durham County:			
Appropriation from general revenues	\$ 126,097,567	\$ 126,097,567	\$ -
Late property filing	700,000	746,932	46,932
Total Durham County	126,797,567	126,844,499	46,932
City of Durham:			
Property late fees		12,803	12,803
Other:	999 999	600 421	(101.560)
Fines and forfeitures	800,000	698,431	(101,569)
Total revenues	127,597,567	127,555,733	(41,834)
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instructional services:			
Regular instructional:		25 624 611	
Regular curricular		35,624,611	
CTE curricular	40,296,401	1,206,127	2 465 662
Total regular instructional	40,296,401	36,830,738	3,465,663
Special populations:			
Children with disabilities curricular		4,040,203	
Special populations CTE curricular		53,964	
Pre-K children with disabilities curricular		210,337	
Speech and language pathology		571,062	
Audiology		13,848	
Academically / intellectually gifted curricular		900,344	
Limited English proficiency	_	932,678	
Total special populations	6,882,242	6,722,436	159,806
Alternative programs:			
Alternative instructional services K-12		255,741	
Attendance and social work		985,183	
Remedial and supplemental K-12		2,109,892	
Pre-K readiness/remedial and supplemental		23,248	
Extended day/year instructional		724,827	
Total alternative programs	4,093,914	4,098,891	(4,977)
School leadership	10,449,171	10,156,541	292,630
Co-curricular	1,727,516	1,653,480	74,036
School-based support:			
Educational media		1,426,164	
Student accounting		885,597	
Guidance		3,034,059	
Health support		211,621	
Safety and security support		323,843	
Instructional technology		780,336	
Staff development unallocated		657,589	
Parent involvement		91,690	
Total school-based support	8,755,360	7,410,899	1,344,461
System-wide support services:		·	
Support and development:			
Regular curricular support and development		1,737,279	
CTE curricular support and development		13,221	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,999,590	1,750,500	249,090
Total support and development			
Special population support and development	494,517	480,988	13,529
Alternative programs and services support		005.050	
and development	1,049,328	987,352	61,976
Technology support	3,594,903	3,546,893	48,010

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Local Current Expense Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)			
Current:			
System-wide support services (Continued):			
Operational support:	\$	21,693	
Communication Printing and copying	\$	106,878	
Public utility and energy		8,948,818	
Custodial/housekeeping		8,200,401	
Transportation		1,590,610	
Warehouse and delivery		444,532	
Facilities planning, acquisitions and construction		229,670	
Maintenance		7,280,759	
Total operational support	\$ 27,137,717	26,823,361	\$ 314,356
Financial and human resource:			
Financial		3,116,891	
Human resources		2,203,301	
Total financial and human resources	5,656,550	5,320,192	336,358
Accountability:			
Student testing		592,689	
Planning, research development and			
program evaluation	<u> </u>	431,280	
Total accountability	1,054,586	1,023,969	30,617
System-wide pupil support:			
Educational media support		101,706	
Student accounting support		395,464	
Safety and security support		505,441	
Instructional technology support	1.000.207	1 002 (11	66.606
Total system-wide pupil support	1,069,307	1,002,611	66,696
Policy, leadership and public relations:			
Board of Education		179,655	
Legal		351,190	
Audit		83,029	
Leadership		1,695,424	
Public relations and marketing Total policy, leadership and public relations	2,941,672	2,757,628	184,044
	2,741,072	2,737,026	104,044
Ancillary services:		577 514	
Community Nutritional		577,514 286,668	
Total ancillary services	1,129,290	864,182	265,108
•	1,127,270	001,102	200,100
Non-programmed charges: Payments to other governmental units	20,551,425	20,577,232	(25,807)
-	20,551,425	20,377,232	(23,807)
Debt service: Principal	240 200	240.200	
Interest	249,209 4,129	249,209 4,129	-
Total debt service	253,338	253,338	
Total expenditures	139,136,827	132,261,231	6,875,596
•			
Revenues under expenditures	(11,539,260)	(4,705,498)	6,833,762
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Appropriated fund balance	11,539,260		(11,539,260)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(4,705,498)	\$ (4,705,498)
FUND BALANCE			
Beginning of year		14,264,370	
Increase in reserves for inventories		(64,767)	
End of year	\$	9,494,105	
	=		

${\bf Schedule\ of\ Revenues,\ Expenditures\ and\ Changes}$

in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Capital Outlay Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positve (Negative)
REVENUES	Budget	7 Ictual	(reguire)
State of North Carolina:			
Public School Building Capital Fund State appropriations - school buses	\$ 2,042,954 681,356	\$ 1,821,738	\$ (221,216)
Total State of North Carolina	2,724,310	681,356 2,503,094	(221,216)
Total State of North Caronna	2,724,310	2,303,074	(221,210)
Durham County:			
Annual appropriation	1,370,000	1,370,000	-
General obligation bonds	17,789,996	10,407,753	(7,382,243)
Total Durham County	19,159,996	11,777,753	(7,382,243)
City of Durham:			
City appropriation	110,000	61,157	(48,843)
Total City of Durham	110,000	61,157	(48,843)
Other:			
Other revenues	450,000	1,483,801	1,033,801
Total other	450,000	1,483,801	1,033,801
Total revenues	22,444,306	15,825,805	(6,618,501)
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay: School construction and renovation:			
Instructional services	85,269	82,602	2,667
Transportation services	1,177,254	1,177,254	2,007
Construction of new building and additions	23,689,828	15,164,878	8,524,950
Total capital outlay	24,952,351	16,424,734	8,527,617
Debt service:	(01.25)	(91.25)	
Principal Total debt service	681,356 681,356	681,356 681,356	
Total debt service	001,330	081,330	
Total expenditures	25,633,707	17,106,090	8,527,617
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,189,401)	(1,280,285)	1,909,116
Other financing sources:			
Installment purchase obligations issued	1,109,401	1,109,401	_
Total other financing sources	1,109,401	1,109,401	
Appropriated fund balance	2,080,000		(2,080,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(170,884)	\$ (170,884)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of year		4,894,854	
End of year		\$ 4,723,970	
y		1,120,710	

Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	Federal Grants Fund		Local Special Expense Fund		School Activity Funds		Total Non-major Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Other receivable, net Due from other funds	\$	721 630,077 - -	\$	6,389,503 9,018 221,617	\$	2,150,678 - 29,965	\$	8,540,902 639,095 221,617 29,965
Total assets	\$	630,798	\$	6,620,138	\$	2,180,643	\$	9,431,579
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued salaries and wages payable Unearned revenue	\$	570,881 59,917	\$	8,348 - 9,018	\$	- - -	\$	8,348 570,881 68,935
Total liabilities		630,798		17,366				648,164
Fund balances: Restricted: Stabilization by State statute Individual schools		- -		230,635		29,965 2,150,678		260,600 2,150,678
Assigned: Special revenue				6,372,137		-		6,372,137
Total fund balances		-		6,602,772		2,180,643		8,783,415
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	630,798	\$	6,620,138	\$	2,180,643	\$	9,431,579

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	(ederal Grants Fund	Local Special Expense	School Activity Funds	Total Non-major overnmental
REVENUES City of Durham U.S. Government Other	\$	23,045,056	\$ 163,918 2,049,887 4,750,206	\$ 4,764,384	\$ 163,918 25,094,943 9,514,590
Total revenues		23,045,056	6,964,011	4,764,384	34,773,451
EXPENDITURES Current: Instructional services:					
Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs		1,214,564 6,664,063 12,137,987	984,696 241,574	- - -	2,199,260 6,905,637 12,137,987
School leadership Co-curricular		47,842 -	- -	4,561,146	47,842 4,561,146
School-based support System-wide support services:		817,945	97,024	-	914,969
Support and development Special population support and development Alternative programs and services		226,641 495,419	19,790	-	226,641 515,209
support and development Technology support		284,675	711,906	-	284,675 711,906
Operational support Financial and human resource Policy, leadership and public relations		538,110	633 34,030 229,008	- - -	538,743 34,030 229,008
Ancillary services Non-programmed charges		617,810	 12,860	 -	 12,860 617,810
Total expenditures		23,045,056	 2,331,521	 4,561,146	 29,937,723
Revenues over expenditures		-	4,632,490	203,238	4,835,728
FUND BALANCES Beginning of year			1,970,282	1,977,405	 3,947,687
End of year	\$		\$ 6,602,772	\$ 2,180,643	\$ 8,783,415

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Federal Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Variance Positive
	Budget		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
U.S. Government	\$ 29,251,821	\$	23,045,056	\$ (6,206,765)
Total revenues	 29,251,821	,	23,045,056	 (6,206,765)
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional services	26,773,436		20,882,401	5,891,035
System-wide support services	1,717,386		1,544,845	172,541
Non-programmed charges	 760,999		617,810	 143,189
Total expenditures	 29,251,821		23,045,056	 6,206,765
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ _		-	\$ -
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year			_	
End of year		\$		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Local Special Expense Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	D. J. 4	Assess	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
City of Durham:			
Holton Center Project	\$ 190,927	\$ 163,918	\$ (27,009)
U.S. Government:			
ROTC	170,000	166,219	(3,781)
Medicaid	2,065,069	1,883,668	(181,401)
Total U.S. Government	2,235,069	2,049,887	(185,182)
Other:			
Community education	10,000	17,634	7,634
Contributions and donations	-	-	-
Rental of school property	304,000	232,375	(71,625)
E-Rate revenue	900,000	927,749	27,749
Indirect cost allocated	1,500,000	1,780,683	280,683
Interest earned on investments	150,000	213,731	63,731
Other	1,294,411	1,578,034	283,623
Total other	4,158,411	4,750,206	591,795
Total revenues	6,584,407	6,964,011	379,604
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instructional services:			
Regular instructional	968,371	984,696	(16,325)
Special populations	372,077	241,574	130,503
School-based support	95,820	97,024	(1,204)
Total instructional services	1,436,268	1,323,294	112,974
System-wide support services:			
Support and development	-	-	-
Special population	25,175	19,790	5,385
Technology	903,952	711,906	192,046
Operational	25,889	633	25,256
Financial and human resource	87,249	34,030	53,219
Policy, leadership and public relations	227,602	229,008	(1,406)
Total system-wide support services	1,269,867	995,367	274,500
Ancillary services	16,120	12,860	3,260
Total expenditures	2,722,255	2,331,521	390,734
Revenues over expenditures	3,862,152	4,632,490	770,338

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Local Special Expense Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Variance Positive
	 Budget	 Actual	(Negative)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers from other funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Apprpriated fund balance	(3,862,152)			3,862,152
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	4,632,490	\$	4,632,490
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year		1,970,282		
End of year		\$ 6,602,772		

Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances School Activity Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Elementary Schools		Middle Schools		Senior High Schools		То	otal School Activity Funds
REVENUES								
General	\$	26,518	\$	62,341	\$	196,102	\$	284,961
Athletic funds		2,050		169,906		656,313		828,269
Instructional services		750,904		424,327		829,150		2,004,381
Student activities		22,189		30,296		143,498		195,983
Contributions		692,868		223,942		533,980		1,450,790
Total revenues		1,494,529		910,812		2,359,043		4,764,384
EXPENDITURES								
Co-curricular instructional		1,444,228		862,782		2,254,136		4,561,146
Revenues over expenditures		50,301		48,030		104,907		203,238
FUND BALANCES								
Beginning of year		541,639		274,716		1,161,050		1,977,405
End of year	\$	591,940	\$	322,746	\$	1,265,957	\$	2,180,643

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) School Food Service Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES	Budget	Actual	(regative)
Food sales	\$ 2,168,013	\$ 2,333,483	\$ 165,470
Other	-	4,028	4,028
Total operating revenues	2,168,013	2,337,511	169,498
OPERATING EXPENDITURES			
Food cost:			
Purchase of food		5,902,080	
Donated commodities		1,014,414	
Salaries and benefits		8,311,428	
Indirect costs		868,863	
Material and supplies		476,217	
Repairs and maintenance		42,423	
Other		84,004	
Total operating expenditures	17,381,060	16,699,429	681,631
Operating loss	(15,213,047)	(14,361,918)	851,129
NONOPERATING REVENUES	(==,===,==,)	(= 1,5 = 1,5 = 0)	
Federal reimbursements	13,396,500	13,087,413	(309,087)
Federal commodities	1,164,000	1,086,274	(77,726)
Fresh fruits and vegetables program	389,000	375,013	(13,987)
State reimbursements	22,410	23,112	702
Proceeds from disposal of equipment	22,410	1,920	1,920
Interest earned	-	2,306	
	14,971,910	14,576,038	2,306 (395,872)
Total nonoperating revenues	14,9/1,910	14,370,036	(393,872)
Revenues over (under) expenditures			
before other financing sources	(241,137)	214,120	455,257
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers from other funds	241,137	241,137	
Revenues and other financing sources			
over expenditures before fund			
balance appropriation	-	455,257	455,257
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE			
Revenues and other financing sources			
over expenditures	\$ -	455,257	\$ 455,257
Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual basis:			
Depreciation		(81,423)	
Increase in inventory		61,502	
Decrease in compensated absences		(2,223)	
Net pension liability		(1,935,584)	
Deferred outflows of resources		1,685,747	
Deferred inflows of resources		165,811	
Change in net position (full accrual basis)		\$ 349,087	
- mange in new position (tun uceraan caois)		= 217,007	

STATISTICAL SECTION



Statistical Section

This section of the Durham Public School's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Board's overall financial position.

Contents:

Financial Trends

These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Board's financial position has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

Since the Board's revenues are primarily provided by Durham County, these tables contain information to help the reader access Durham County's major revenue sources.

Debt Capacity

Since the Board's construction funding is primarily provided by Durham County, these tables present information to help the reader access the affordability of Durham County's current levels of outstanding debt and their ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Board's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These tables contain select operating statistics to help the reader understand how the information in the Board's financial report related to the services the Board provides and the activities it performs.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Table 1

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 275,702,774 4,287,800 (6,238,397)	\$ 298,497,927 4,691,584 (10,131,399)	\$ 305,378,332 5,181,893 (2,986,565)	\$ 364,841,047 10,388,736 11,855,558	\$ 386,381,988 10,543,358 14,698,890	\$ 390,271,923 10,491,824 8,148,512	\$ 392,808,425 11,636,318 5,732,816	\$ 386,682,864 12,343,341 (65,986,927)	\$ 378,667,580 13,665,828 (55,704,742)	\$ 369,251,385 11,498,365 (59,250,757)
	\$ 273,752,177	\$ 293,058,112	\$ 307,573,660	\$ 387,085,341	\$ 411,624,236	\$ 408,912,259	\$ 410,177,559	\$ 333,039,278	\$ 336,628,666	\$ 321,498,993
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 513,953 2,070,663 \$ 2,584,616	\$ 486,927 2,164,776 \$ 2,651,703	\$ 454,205 3,111,563 \$ 3,565,768	\$ 418,232 4,352,498 \$ 4,770,730	\$ 549,951 4,307,099 \$ 4,857,050	\$ 642,068 4,448,204 \$ 5,090,272	\$ 594,143 3,844,133 \$ 4,438,276	\$ 649,873 1,014,003 \$ 1,663,876	\$ 567,482 859,303 \$ 1,426,785	\$ 524,855 1,251,017 \$ 1,775,872
District-wide Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 276,216,727 4,287,800 (4,167,734)	\$ 298,984,854 4,691,584 (7,966,623)	\$ 305,832,537 5,181,893 124,998	\$ 365,259,279 10,388,736 16,208,056	\$ 386,931,939 10,543,358 19,005,989	\$ 390,913,991 10,491,824 12,596,716	\$ 393,402,568 11,636,318 9,576,949	\$ 387,332,737 12,343,341 (64,972,924)	\$ 379,235,062 13,665,828 (54,845,439)	\$ 369,776,240 11,498,365 (57,999,740)
	\$ 276,336,793	\$ 295,709,815	\$ 311,139,428	\$ 391,856,071	\$ 416,481,286	\$ 414,002,531	\$ 414,615,835	\$ 334,703,154	\$ 338,055,451	\$ 323,274,865

Note: This table is a ten-year schedule.

Beginning in 2015 GASB 68 required school districts to reflect Child Nutrition programs as an unrestricted balance.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Table 2 Page 1 of 2

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses: Governmental activities:										
Instructional programs	\$ 239,812,185	\$ 249,930,621	\$ 225,210,682	\$ 228,269,412	\$ 252,812,921	\$ 253,940,630	\$ 251,596,848	\$ 259,722,116	\$ 255,000,734	\$ 275,116,017
Support services	63,429,498	65,080,679	62,913,423	62,691,265	75,585,737	82,147,274	75,411,074	70,765,672	72,219,815	77,708,886
Community services	3,960,838	4,129,830	3,725,081	3,984,105	4,600,655	4,335,383	4,322,900	4,253,121	4.019.530	4,208,509
Non-program charges	8,291,224	9,314,233	11,366,345	11,170,948	11,686,197	13,734,133	15,266,378	16,343,023	18,333,827	20,354,980
Interest on long-term debt	4,020	28,813	-	-	-	85,733	46,330	25,474	14,382	4,129
Depreciation expense	9,988,185	9,845,429	9,960,861	11,253,657	14,003,381	14,991,658	15,374,840	15,912,579	16,130,384	15,636,887
Total governmental activities	325,485,950	338,329,605	313,176,392	317,369,387	358,688,891	369,234,811	362,018,370	367,021,985	365,718,672	393,029,408
Business-type activities:										
School food service	12,132,950	13,386,066	12,862,212	12,981,507	14,151,627	14,635,200	16,082,377	17,108,664	17,225,331	16,805,599
Total district-wide	\$ 337,618,900	\$ 351,715,671	\$ 326,038,604	\$ 330,350,894	\$ 372,840,518	\$ 383,870,011	\$ 378,100,747	\$ 384,130,649	\$ 382,944,003	\$ 409,835,007
Program Revenues: Governmental activities:										
Charges for services	\$ 4,158,758	\$ 3,933,321	\$ 3,593,740	\$ 3,590,883	\$ 3,810,061	\$ 3,592,237	\$ 3,687,323	\$ 3,407,301	\$ 8,934,437	\$ 10,063,964
Operating grants and contributions	210,264,462	215,065,379	205,360,536	209,280,266	216,312,932	213,360,014	215,524,348	226,510,824	221,234,036	223,156,329
Capital grants	43,488	129,698	_	8,755	15,528	3,787	930,169	58,037		1,681,206
Total governmental activities	214,466,708	219,128,398	208,954,276	212,879,904	220,138,521	216,956,038	220,141,840	229,976,162	230,168,473	234,901,499
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services - School Food										
Service Fund	3,336,431	3,628,656	3,307,918	2,955,052	2,712,070	2,308,001	2,155,867	1,804,464	2,299,357	2,337,511
Operating grants and contributions - USDA grant	8,354,339	9,783,996	10,365,136	11,216,035	11,504,918	12,373,727	13,140,308	14,191,492	14,468,321	14,571,812
OSDA grant	6,334,339	9,783,990	10,363,136	11,210,033	11,304,918	12,373,727	13,140,308	14,191,492	14,408,321	14,3/1,612
Total business-type activities	11,690,770	13,412,652	13,673,054	14,171,087	14,216,988	14,681,728	15,296,175	15,995,956	16,767,678	16,909,323
Total district-wide	\$ 226,157,478	\$ 232,541,050	\$ 222,627,330	\$ 227,050,991	\$ 234,355,509	\$ 231,637,766	\$ 235,438,015	\$ 245,972,118	\$ 246,936,151	\$ 251,810,822
Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental activities	\$(111,019,242)	\$(119,201,207)	\$ (104,222,116)	\$ (104,489,483)	\$ (138,550,370)	\$ (152,278,773)	\$ (141,876,530)	\$ (137,045,823)	\$ (135,550,199)	\$(158,127,909)
Business-type activities	(442,180)	26,586	810,842	1,189,580	65,361	46,528	(786,202)	(1,112,708)	(457,653)	103,724
Total district-wide	\$(111,461,422)	\$(119,174,621)	\$ (103,411,274)	\$ (103,299,903)	\$ (138,485,009)	\$ (152,232,245)	\$ (142,662,732)	\$ (138,158,531)	\$ (136,007,852)	\$ (158,024,185)

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Table 2 Page 2 of 2

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position												
Governmental activities:												
Unrestricted county appropriations - operating	\$ 9	95,727,705	\$ 102,654,263	\$ 100,996,102	\$ 107,214,112	\$ 108,971,662	\$ 115,572,760	\$ 118,073,439	\$ 118,563,483	\$ 124,057,383	\$ 126,261,485	
Unrestricted county appropriations - capital		2,370,000	8,229,858	3,340,906	1,649,332	1,440,981	1,370,000	1,370,000	1,480,000	1,370,000	1,370,000	
Unrestricted city appropriations - capital Unrestricted other county revenues -		470,080	7,003,740	945,679	1,014,991	5,860,947	1,538,793	1,528,267	1,398,485	86,510	61,157	
capital Unrestricted state appropriations -	1	1,729,046	16,782,957	13,394,396	70,906,098	43,802,250	29,554,012	20,316,477	9,101,609	8,358,381	10,407,753	
capital		16,346	-	707,678	1,128,798	-	-	-	-	2,422,338	1,821,738	
Investment earnings, unrestricted		1,270,536	672,429	406,126	412,175	391,167	275,925	226,413	386,597	216,493	242,486	
Miscellaneous, unrestricted		3,527,087	3,163,895	1,362,500	1,675,658	2,622,258	1,429,760	1,750,030	2,030,195	2,847,144	3,074,754	
Transfers and capital contributions			-	(82,491)			(174,454)	(122,796)	(123,926)	(218,662)	(241,137)	
Total governmental activities	11	5,110,800	138,507,142	121,070,896	184,001,164	163,089,265	149,566,796	143,141,830	132,836,443	139,139,587	142,998,236	
Business-type activities:												
Investment earnings, unrestricted		87,579	40,501	20,732	15,382	20,959	12,240	11,410	6,755	1,900	2,306	
Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,920	
Transfers and capital contributions			-	82,491			174,454	122,796	123,926	218,662	241,137	
Total business-type activities		87,579	40,501	103,223	15,382	20,959	186,694	134,206	130,681	220,562	245,363	
Total district-wide	\$ 11	5,198,379	\$ 138,547,643	\$ 121,174,119	\$ 184,016,546	\$ 163,110,224	\$ 149,753,490	\$ 143,276,036	\$ 132,967,124	\$ 139,360,149	\$ 143,243,599	
Change in Net Position												
Governmental activities	\$	4,091,558	\$ 19,305,935	\$ 16,848,780	\$ 79,511,681	\$ 24,538,895	\$ (2,711,977)	\$ 1,265,300	\$ (4,209,380)	\$ 3,589,388	\$ (15,129,673)	
Business-type activities		(354,601)	67,087	914,065	1,204,962	86,320	233,222	(651,996)	(982,027)	(237,091)	349,087	
Total district-wide	\$	3,736,957	\$ 19,373,022	\$ 17,762,845	\$ 80,716,643	\$ 24,625,215	\$ (2,478,755)	\$ 613,304	\$ (5,191,407)	\$ 3,352,297	\$ (14,780,586)	

Note: This table is a ten-year schedule.

 $Source:\ Durham\ Public\ Schools\ Board\ of\ Education,\ North\ Carolina,\ Annual\ Financial\ Report\ for\ the\ year\ ended\ June\ 30,\ 2017$

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FUND BALANCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 1,307,594	\$ 265,573	\$ 1,234,557	\$ 1,195,663	\$ 1,331,656
Restricted	993,500	605,882	1,201,028	2,459,570	8,648,572
Committed	-	-	-	6,442,119	5,408,660
Assigned	2,807,570	7,709,453	5,556,908	6,696,190	4,497,568
Unassigned	4,125,689	805,634	6,049,121	12,827,309	9,895,228
Total General Fund	9,234,353	9,386,542	14,041,614	29,620,851	29,781,684
All other governmental funds					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	5,310,948	4,430,504	8,982,810	13,023,081	13,939,259
Assigned	1,365,711	1,365,711	1,365,711	975,651	4,179,132
Unassigned	(2,388,859)	(1,104,631)	(5,166,628)	(3,609,996)	(2,220,505)
Total all other governmental funds	4,287,800	4,691,584	5,181,893	10,388,736	15,897,886
Total all governmental funds	\$ 13,522,153	\$ 14,078,126	\$ 19,223,507	\$ 40,009,587	\$ 45,679,570
S					

Note: GASB Statement No. 54, presenting restated Fund Balances, was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2011.

2013	2014	2015 2016		2017
\$ 1,387,010	\$ 1,412,411	\$ 1,407,555	\$ 394,979	\$ 156,135
686,153	538,097	551,060	2,681,797	431,234
7,455,975	16,712,463	8,532,931	7,677,109	1,014,290
3,385,031	3,056,908	3,056,908	3,056,908	5,056,908
19,747,754	8,474,324	4,717,324	453,577	2,835,538
32,661,923	30,194,203	18,265,778	14,264,370	9,494,105
-	-	-	274	-
9,805,671	11,098,221	11,792,281	10,984,031	11,067,131
-	1,232,649	1,250,346	1,804,581	6,372,137
(51,397)				
9,754,274	12,330,870	13,042,627	12,788,886	17,439,268
\$ 42,416,197	\$ 42,525,073	\$ 31,308,405	\$ 27,053,256	\$ 26,933,373

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Revenues				
State of North Carolina	\$180,752,537	\$181,491,906	\$162,824,820	\$163,204,852
Durham County	109,826,751	127,667,078	116,587,638	179,308,287
City of Durham	470,080	7,003,740	1,143,766	374,032
U.S. Government				•
Other	22,181,948 17,844,318	23,632,816 19,830,583	35,881,228 15,543,451	39,470,884 15,847,274
Total revenues	331,075,634	359,626,123	331,980,903	398,205,329
Expenditures				
Instructional programs	238,788,373	246,851,238	227,017,268	226,953,898
Support services	61,716,022	64,178,239	63,484,308	60,695,006
Community services	3,960,838	4,129,830	3,725,081	3,984,105
Non-program charges	8,291,224	9,314,233	11,366,345	12,085,088
Capital outlay	18,449,768	33,642,435	18,391,623	74,274,614
Debt service - principal	1,179,376	1,804,652	782,504	1,175,084
Debt service - interest	4,020	2,207	-	
Total expenditures	332,389,621	359,922,834	324,767,129	379,167,795
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,313,987)	(296,711)	7,213,774	19,037,534
Other financing sources (uses)				
Installment purchase obligations issued	1,159,341	861,349	162,614	1,771,157
Capital leases	86,815	-	128,553	_
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventories	8,416	(8,665)	(26,328)	(22,611)
Transfers in (out)	-	-	-	-
Other				
Net change in fund balance	\$ (59,415)	\$ 555,973	\$ 7,478,613	\$ 20,786,080
Ratio of debt service to non-capital expenditures	0.38%	0.56%	0.26%	0.39%

Source: Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2017

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
			_		
\$171,743,913	\$175,674,111	\$181,321,376	\$191,347,701	\$194,412,066	\$198,103,467
153,909,202	146,305,844	139,919,787	129,878,753	133,601,394	138,622,252
234,710	190,928	254,958	244,892	312,304	237,878
35,819,632	29,467,024	25,993,585	28,295,951	27,184,860	25,566,675
23,125,460	16,249,973	17,266,217	14,708,276	14,816,220	16,703,557
384,832,917	367,887,880	364,755,923	364,475,573	370,326,844	379,233,829
250,231,115	250,850,391	250,122,678	270,190,487	268,236,676	270,378,931
65,352,876	66,832,194	69,223,629	70,940,914	68,166,463	67,069,186
4,600,655	4,335,383	4,322,900	4,359,394	4,142,335	4,148,497
12,378,157	14,420,218	15,856,313	17,191,488	19,334,963	21,201,167
46,270,479	36,226,962	23,445,653	11,543,152	15,063,438	16,424,734
1,181,892	3,203,389	1,502,624	1,279,136	809,127	930,565
47,233	85,733	46,330	25,474	14,382	4,129
380,062,407	375,954,270	364,520,127	375,530,045	375,767,384	380,157,209
4,770,510	(8,066,390)	235,796	(11,054,472)	(5,440,540)	(923,380)
949,858	4,915,999	-	-	1,360,476	1,109,401
(50.295)	30,469	(4,124)	(38,270)	43,578	(64,767)
(50,385)	,	· · /	/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	` ' /
-	(174,454)	(122,796)	(123,926)	(218,662)	(241,137)
	31,003				
\$ 5,669,983	\$ (3,263,373)	\$ 108,876	\$ (11,216,668)	\$ (4,255,148)	\$ (119,883)
0.37%	0.98%	0.46%	0.36%	0.23%	0.26%

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY FOR DURHAM COUNTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Year Ended December 31,	Real Property	Personal Property	I	Public Service Companies	Registered Vehicles ⁽³⁾
2017	2016	\$ 28,894,972,479	\$ 3,483,300,069	\$	565,369,921	\$ 2,286,702,778
2016	2015	26,213,161,494	3,524,686,233		553,248,101	2,163,704,337
2015	2014	25,730,862,172	2,462,350,676		510,732,429	2,032,233,042
2014	2013	25,254,108,336	3,300,458,222		489,915,862	2,980,521,352
2013	2012	24,909,554,030	3,304,053,564		494,110,311	1,739,032,299
2012	2011	24,580,465,174	3,166,306,877		471,720,126	1,623,871,164
2011	2010	24,353,954,146	3,074,419,178		501,907,483	1,530,317,547
2010	2009	23,976,021,000	2,905,267,206		524,524,630	1,627,078,510
2009	2008	23,508,752,957	2,824,338,529		517,202,960	1,690,561,506
2008	2007	18,068,249,108	2,837,548,386		514,897,106	1,715,889,532

Notes:

- (1) All taxable property is assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of its estimated market value. Revaluation of taxable property occurred on January 1, 1985, 1993, 2001, 2008, and 2016.
- (2) This does not include valuations of property owned by the State of North Carolina, United States Government, eleemosynary institutions, etc., not subject to taxation. Assessed valuation equals estimated estimated actual value.
- (3) Effective July 1, 1993, registered vehicles were separated from personal property. The taxes on registered vehicles now coincide with the Department of Motor Vehicles renewals.
- (4) Per \$100 of assessed value

	County-wide	Special Tax	Average
Total Assessed	Tax	Districts	County
Value (1)(2)	Rate (4)	Tax Rate (4)	Tax Rate (4)
\$ 35,230,345,247	0.7404	0.0778-0.1880	0.7727
32,454,800,165	0.7931	0.07999-0.1779	0.8276
30,736,178,319	0.7931	0.07999-0.1729	0.8073
32,025,003,772	0.7744	0.0600-0.1668	0.8047
30,446,750,204	0.7444	0.0599-0.1524	0.7734
29,842,363,341	0.7459	0.0599-0.2500	0.7745
29,460,598,354	0.7459	0.0599-0.2500	0.8359
29,032,891,346	0.7081	0.0570-0.2500	0.8359
28,540,855,952	0.7081	0.0570-0.2500	0.7981
23,136,584,132	0.8340	0.0570-0.2500	0.9190

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS DURHAM COUNTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017 PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE (1)

	••••	****	2010	2011
	2008	2009	2010	2011
County direct rate				
Operating rate	0.7801	0.6594	0.6604	0.6911
Capital rate	0.0539	0.0487	0.0477	0.0548
Total general fund direct rate	0.8340	0.7081	0.7081	0.7459
Fire district rates	0.0570-0.1150	0.0570-0.1100	0.0570-0.1100	0.0599-0.1100
Other special district rates	0.1474-0.2500	0.1461-0.2500	0.1461-0.2500	0.1460-0.2500
Municipality Rates				
City of Durham	0.6180	0.5400	0.5400	0.5519
City of Durham BID	-	-	-	-
Town of Chapel Hill	0.5220	0.5810	0.4940	0.4940
City of Raleigh	0.4350	0.3735	0.3735	0.3735
Town of Morrisville	-	_	_	<u>-</u>

Notes:

- (1) All taxable property is subject to the County direct rate. Most property in unincorporated areas is also subject to one of the seven fire district taxes.
- (2) A revaluation of real property is required by N. C. General Statues at least every eight years. Revaluation of taxable property occurred on January 1, 2016.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 ²	2017
0.6865	0.6850	0.6850	0.6951	0.7078	0.6608
0.0594	0.0594	0.0894	0.0980	0.0853	0.0796
0.7459	0.7444	0.7744	0.7931	0.7931	0.7404
0.0599-0.1125	0.0599-0.1150	0.0600-0.1300	.0799-0.1386	.0799-0.1386	0.0778-0.1344
0.1474-0.2500	0.1374-0.1524	0.1518-0.1668	0.1514-0.1729	0.0000-0.1779	0.0000-0.1880
0.5575	0.5675	0.5675	0.5912	0.5912	0.5607
0.5575	0.6375	0.6375	0.6612	0.6612	0.6307
0.4040					
0.4940	0.4940	0.5140	0.5240	0.5240	0.5240
0.3735	0.3826	0.3826	0.4038	0.4210	0.4183
0.3665	0.3665	0.3900	0.3900	0.4100	0.3900

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS FOR DURHAM COUNTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017 and 2008

Fiscal Year 2017 Percentage of Total **Taxable** Type of Assessed Assessed **Taxpayer Enterprise** Valuation Rank Valuation AW North Carolina Inc \$ Manufacturer 352,871,069 1 1.00% Cree Inc Manufacturer 332,315,439 2 0.94% **IBM** Corporation Manufacturer 244,602,267 3 0.69% Utility **Duke Energy Corp** 233,204,049 4 0.66% GlaxoSmithKline Manufacturer 227,620,905 5 0.65% **EMC** Corporation Manufacturer 199,915,730 0.57% 6 SouthPoint Mall LLC Retail 182,722,689 7 0.52% International Business Machine Manufacturer 178,750,658 0.51% 0.50% Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp Bio Tech 175,409,691 9 Biomerieux Inc 0.39% Bio Tech 138,594,306 10 Verizon South Inc Communications Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Part Real Estate State Street Bank & Trust Finance 2,266,006,803 6.43%

Fiscal	Vear	2008

 FISC	ai Year 2008	
		Percentage of Total
		Taxable
Assessed		Assessed
Valuation	Rank	Valuation
\$ 417,009,968	3	1.80%
298,061,165	4	1.29%
-	-	-
185,352,477	6	8.00%
615,154,444	1	2.66%
-	-	-
82,926,624	10	0.36%
521,179,732	2	2.25%
105,834,555	7	0.46%
-	-	-
202,923,286	5	0.80%
86,664,715	8	37.00%
83,584,161	9	0.36%
\$ 2,598,691,127		54.98%

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS FOR DURHAM COUNTY Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Year Ended December 31,	Adjusted Tax Levy	Current Year Levy Collections	Percent of Levy Collected
2017	2016	\$ 423,015,800	\$ 422,143,612	99.79%
2016	2015	412,678,081	411,447,291	99.70%
2015	2014	402,812,328	401,244,673	99.61%
2014	2013	387,633,332	385,068,858	99.34%
2013	2012	368,162,207	364,152,559	98.91%
2012	2011	356,876,076	352,704,112	98.83%
2011	2010	363,164,888	358,623,043	98.75%
2010	2009	343,120,176	338,558,945	98.67%
2009	2008	337,224,715	331,357,242	98.26%
2008	2007	317,413,489	313,396,710	98.73%

Collections Subsequent Years	 Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	utstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
\$ -	\$ 422,143,612	99.79%	\$ 8,642,528	2.04%
854,674	412,301,965	99.91%	8,498,119	2.06%
1,181,131	385,068,858	95.60%	3,899,430	0.97%
1,273,755	386,342,613	99.67%	5,130,862	1.32%
2,669,340	366,821,899	99.64%	6,530,429	1.77%
3,118,383	355,822,495	99.70%	6,555,562	1.84%
2,465,889	361,088,932	99.43%	7,165,866	1.97%
3,417,043	341,975,988	99.67%	7,997,259	2.33%
4,676,027	336,033,269	99.65%	8,686,871	2.58%
2,948,261	316,344,971	99.66%	8,642,528	2.72%

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Population Estimate (1)	Total Assessed Value	Debt Limit	Gross Bonded Debt		
2017	301,243	\$ 35,230,345,247	\$ 2,818,246,797	\$ 252,270,000		
2016	293,647	32,454,800,165	243,775,000	243,775,000		
2015	290,874	31,736,178,319	2,538,894,266	270,905,000		
2014	284,437	32,025,003,772	2,562,000,302	295,905,000		
2013	277,588	30,446,750,204	2,435,740,016	273,900,000		
2012	275,960	29,842,363,341	2,387,389,067	298,585,000		
2011	272,156	29,460,598,354	2,356,847,868	272,680,000		
2010	267,849	29,032,891,346	2,322,631,308	233,930,000		
2009	265,670	28,540,855,952	2,283,268,476	255,335,000		
2008	261,206	23,136,584,132	1,850,926,731	275,570,001		

Note 1: Estimate from Durham City/County Planning Department.

Source: Durham County, North Carolina (as of October, 2017)

<u></u>	Net Bonded Debt	Debt to Taxable Property Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
\$	252,270,000	0.72%	837
	243,775,000	0.75%	830
	270,905,000	0.85%	931
	295,905,000	0.92%	1,040
	273,900,000	0.90%	987
	298,585,000	1.00%	1,082
	272,680,000	0.93%	1,002
	233,930,000	0.81%	873
	255,335,000	0.89%	961
	275,570,001	1.2%	1,037

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	1	Principal	oal Interest		Other Expenditures		
2017	\$	35,418,705	\$	18,653,456	\$	617,443	
2016		35,596,413		20,599,097		741,165	
2015		36,159,495		22,573,434		23,000	
2014		34,261,816		2,335,411		644,769	
2013		39,155,769		19,669,554		244,735	
2012		109,738,120		16,642,611		540,070	
2011		53,158,145		15,794,753		683,053	
2010		25,431,125		16,349,362		231,637	
2009		27,266,955		14,372,730		3,350	
2008		25,249,056	13,254,045			3,350	

Notes: (1)

General expenditures are taken from all General Government Fund types consisting of General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

Source: Durham County, North Carolina (as of October, 2017)

<u></u>	Total Debt Service	otal General	Ratio of Debt Service to Total General Expenditures
\$	54,689,604	\$ 478,065,143	11.44%
	56,936,675	446,935,402	12.74%
	58,755,929	427,775,715	13.74%
	58,260,746	435,141,587	13.39%
	59,070,058	331,823,530	17.80%
	126,920,801	329,489,901	38.52%
	69,635,951	323,275,838	21.54%
	42,012,124	314,831,306	13.34%
	41,643,035	374,809,528	11.11%
	38,506,451	373,328,462	10.31%

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 11
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE - DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS
Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Capital Lease Obligation	Installment Purchases	Total Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2017	\$ -	\$ 1,439,579	\$ 1,439,579	\$ -	\$ 1,439,579	0.011%	4.78
2016	-	1,260,743	1,260,743	-	1,260,743	0.010%	4.29
2015	-	709,394	709,394	-	709,394	0.006%	2.44
2014	-	1,988,530	1,988,530	-	1,988,530	0.017%	6.99
2013	-	3,491,154	3,491,154	-	3,491,154	0.031%	12.58
2012	17,022	1,761,522	1,778,544	-	1,778,544	0.016%	6.44
2011	34,045	1,976,533	2,010,578	-	2,010,578	0.019%	7.39
2010	80,831	409,075	489,906	-	489,906	0.005%	1.83
2009	26,604	954,139	980,743	-	980,743	0.010%	3.69
2008	53,210	1,890,456	1,943,666	-	1,943,666	0.019%	7.44

Notes: Details regarding the school system's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 12 DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS FOR DURHAM COUNTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Population Estimate	Student Average Daily Membership	Unemployment Rate	Per Capita Personal Income	Retail Sales
2017	301,243	33,147	3.8%	*	\$ 6,884,030,000
2016	293,647	33,501	4.7%	*	6,458,506,000
2015	290,874	33,626	5.4%	44,507	6,097,770,000
2014	284,437	33,263	5.3%	42,830	5,501,325,000
2013	277,588	32,405	7.5%	41,376	4,925,320,533
2012	275,960	32,569	8.2%	40,963	4,434,078,534
2011	272,156	32,118	8.4%	38,795	4,163,246,000
2010	267,849	31,956	7.8%	40,116	4,022,518,000
2009	265,670	32,313	7.3%	37,308	3,630,249,000
2008	261,206	32,749	4.1%	38,923	3,703,207,039

Source: Durham County, North Carolina (as of October, 2017) and North Carolina Department of Public Instruction.

^{*}Data not available.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA TEN LARGEST EMPLOYERS FOR DURHAM COUNTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017 and 2008

2	0	1	7

		2017	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Employer	Employees	Kalik	Employment
Duke University & Health System	35,998	1	18.24%
International Business Machine (IBM)	7,000	2	3.55%
Durham Public Schools	4,768	3	2.33%
Blue Cross Blue Shield of North Carolina	4,000	4	2.03%
Fidelity Investments	3,700	5	1.88%
Quintiles Transnatonal Corp.	3,000	6	1.52%
Cree, Inc	2,600	7	1.32%
Durham City Government	2,466	8	1.25%
GlaxoSmithKline	2,400	9	1.22%
Research Trinangle Institute	2,200	10	1.11%
Nortel Networks	-	-	-
Lenovo Group, Ltd.	-	-	-
Veteran Affairs (VA) Medical Center	-	-	-
Durham County Government	-	-	-
	68,132		34.45%

Source: Durham Chamber of Commerce and Bureau of Labor Statistics

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	2008	
		Percentage of Total County
Employees	Rank	Employment
26,324	1	19.38%
11,527	2	8.48%
5,076	4	3.74%
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
2,202	7	1.62%
5,179	3	3.81%
2,003	9	1.47%
2,600	5	1.91%
2,300	6	1.69%
2,086	8	1.54%
1,774	10	1.31%
61,071		44.95%

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 14 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Instructional Programs	3,208	3,127	2,827	2,753	2,765	2,813	2,881	2,911	2,946	2,912
Support Services	1,235	1,345	1,364	1,330	1,438	1,459	1,431	1,516	1,534	1,536
Community Services	125	125	121	121	121	142	142	142	142	142
Food Services	173	177	167	178	181	190	204	204	207	196
Total	4,741	4,774	4,479	4,382	4,505	4,604	4,658	4,773	4,829	4,786

Note: This table is a ten-year schedule.

Source: Finance Department of Durham Public Schools

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHOOL BUILDING DATA-HIGH SCHOOLS

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

				2016-17	Percentage		Years
	Site	Building		Day 20	Over/(Under)	Year	Renovations/
School	Acreage	Square Feet	Capacity	Enrollment	Capacity	Constructed	Additions
High School:							
City of Medicine	7.20	40,519	320	323	0.94%	2011	
Durham PLC/ARC @ Holton	7.00	104,869	350	206	-41.14%	1933	2009
School for Creative Studies *	54.96	124,250	100	301	201.00%	1974	2005,2006,2009,2013
Durham School. of Arts **	11.70	304,550	916	1,069	16.70%	1921	1928,49,55,62,76, 1998,2008,11
Hillside	63.04	299,943	1,535	1,297	-15.50%	1995	2005,2009
Jordan	55.74	266,477	1,810	1,990	9.94%	1963	1979,80,91,94,2008,2012,14
Northern	39.89	258,659	1,790	1,507	-15.81%	1953	1954,55,57,66,75,1981,83,84,88
							1992,94
Riverside	63.29	282,845	1,540	1,844	19.74%	1991	1992,2013
Southern	84.09	284,000	1,540	1,473	-4.35%	1993	2013
J D Clement Early College (1)		Leased	350	366	4.57%		
Hospital School (2)		Leased	28	27	-3.57%		
Lakeview (3) ***	7.16	28,169	64	39	-39.06%	1964	2005,2010
Middle College High School (4)		Leased	100	161	61.00%		
Hillside New Tech High (5)			210	210	0.00%		

^{*} School for Creative Studies has both middle and high school students.

- (1) J D Clement Early College uses facilities at NC Central University
- (2) Hospital School is located on Duke University's campus
- (3) Lakeview is an alternative school housed in two separate facilities: Lakeview School & School for Creative Studies.
- (4) Middle College High School is located on the campus of Durham Technical Community College
- (5) Hillside New Tech High School is a small school within the existing Hillside High School.
- (3) Lakeview is an alternative school housed in two separate facilities: Lakeview School & School for Creative Studies.
- (4) Middle College High School is located on the campus of Durham Technical Community College
- (5) Hillside New Tech High School is a small school within the existing Hillside High School.

Source: Durham Public Schools' Long Range Facilities Plan

^{**} Durham School of Arts has both middle and high school students.

^{***} Lakeview has both middle and high school students

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHOOL BUILDING DATA-ELEMENTARY & MIDDLE SCHOOLS

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

School	Site Acreage	Building Square Feet	Capacity	2016-17 Day 20 Enrollment	Percentage Over/(Under) Capacity	Year Constructed	Years Renovations/ Additions
Elementary:							
Bethesda	43.92	85,432	712	686	-3.65%	1982	1989,2003,2014
Burton	7.14	71,360	376	348	-7.45%	1949	1954,76,92,2014
Club Boulevard	5.50	45,099	492	494	0.41%	1949	1955,90,92,95,2010,11
Creekside	37.11	94,673	764	886	15.97%	2004	2010
Easley	18.97	71,170	522	566	8.43%	1989	2013
Eastway	14.58	78,000	544	546	0.37%	1995	
Eno Valley	62.27	88,550	596	509	-14.60%	1977	1993, 2014
Fayetteville Street	7.91	62,797	366	287	-21.58%	1959	1960,61,2008,2014
Forest View	21.95	85,890	659	740	12.29%	1993	
Glenn	34.28	80,330	591	709	19.97%	1981	1993,2014
Harris	21.36	70,343	376	317	-15.69%	1968	2003,2013
Hillandale	42.07	85,890	689	653	-5.22%	1993	
Holt	23.61	98,208	585	656	12.14%	1958	1984,92,2014
Hope Valley	16.48	79,228	628	635	1.11%	1967	1999
Lakewood	12.57	60,264	428	452	5.61%	1962	1963,64,2005
Little River ****	23.23	83,620	428	394	-7.94%	1993	
Mangum	22.03	54,838	408	307	-24.75%	1925	1939,62,83,2009,2014
Merrick-Moore	16.39	103,075	648	608	-6.17%	1951	1953,58,81,2012
Morehead	4.98	40,861	222	226	1.80%	1958	2009
Oak Grove	15.72	96,061	710	610	-14.08%	1981	1993
Parkwood	22.59	79,063	648	558	-13.89%	1967	1983,89,92,2005,2013
Pearson	40.50	82,474	586	478	-18.43%	2006	1703,07,72,2003,2013
Pearsontown	25.50	108,471	836	809	-3.23%	1954	1958,64,92, 2014
Powe	5.50	99,384	404	476	17.82%	1934	1950,67,91,94,2001,2013,14
Sandy Ridge	25.07	98,638	628	597	-4.94%	2011	1930,07,91,94,2001,2013,12
Smith	5.30		460	387	-15.87%	1967	2014
		46,311					
Southwest	21.91	91,170	585	641	9.57%	1989	1991
Spaulding	9.96	69,486	325	276	-15.08%	1954	1960,76,91,2008
Spring Valley	35.82	79,921	638	536	-15.99%	2008	1025042014
Watts	3.98	65,841	340	350	2.94%	1919	1926,94,2014
Middle:							
Brogden	29.35	156,380	681	541	-20.56%	1959	1976,2000,2014
Carrington	66.14	207,804	1,168	932	-20.21%	1964	1984,2005,2010,14
School for Creative Studies *	54.96	124,250	852	312	-63.38%	1974	2005,06,09,2013
Durham School of Arts ***	8.80	133,847	722	646	-10.53%	1921	1928,49,55,62,76,88 1990, 92, 2007,08,11
Githens	38.28	133,859	852	924	8.45%	1988	2005,2006
Lakewood Montesorri	7.37	71,278	300	295	-1.67%	1965	2011
Little River ****		,	244	81	-66.80%		
Lowe's Grove	28.07	122,504	774	605	-21.83%	1975	2009,2014
Lucas	31.83	153,593	644	532	-17.39%	2012	-, -
Neal	49.12	129,403	810	761	-6.05%	1966	1988,2011
Rogers-Herr	23.50	122,547	644	635	-1.40%	1967	2005,2013
Shepard	22.53	96,870	546	455	-16.67%	1964	1966,2001,2010
Lakeview**	4.75	12,600	30	6	-80.00%	1964	2005, 2010

^{*} School for Creative Studies has both middle and high school students.

Source: Durham Public Schools' Long Range Facilities Plan

^{**} Lakeview is an alternative school housed in two separate facilities: Lakeview School & School for Creative Studies. Both sites have middle and high school students.

^{***} Durham School of the Arts has both middle and high school students.

^{****} Little River expanded to include 7th grade in 2016-17 (see Elementary School for Building Information). K8 expansion will be complete in 2017-18.

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 17 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OPERATING STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Expenditures	Student Average Daily Membership	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change In Per Pupil Cost	Teaching Staff	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio	Student Attendance Percentage
2017	\$ 380,157,209	33,147	\$ 11,469	2.25%	2,369	14.0	94.72%
2016	375,767,384	33,501	11,217	0.44%	2,402	13.9	94.97%
2015	375,530,045	33,626	11,168	1.91%	2,347	14.3	95.10%
2014	364,520,127	33,263	10,959	-5.54%	2,290	14.5	95.26%
2013	375,954,270	32,405	11,602	-0.57%	2,252	14.4	96.60%
2012	380,062,407	32,569	11,669	-1.15%	2,241	14.5	96.53%
2011	379,167,795	32,118	11,805	16.16%	2,311	13.9	95.92%
2010	324,767,129	31,956	10,163	-8.76%	2,293	13.9	94.21%
2009	359,922,834	32,313	11,139	9.74%	2,432	13.3	94.28%
2008	332,389,621	32,749	10,150	4.02%	2,368	13.8	94.65%

Source: NC Department of Public Instruction, Student Accounting Section and Finance Department of Durham Public Schools

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA TEACHER SALARIES

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal	Year
End	led

Ended June 30,	M	inimum	M	aximum	Average	
2017	\$	39,375	\$	81,049	\$	49,251
2016		39,375		79,327		47,627
2015		37,125		80,474		46,522
2014		34,650		73,710		43,565
2013		34,650		77,917		45,057
2012		34,234		80,854		46,343
2011		34,234		88,126		45,031
2010		34,234		88,967		45,466
2009		34,234		88,967		45,466
2008		33,469		73,463		41,062

The above tabulation represents total salaries including both State base salary including the State salary differential for National Board Certification and system-wide local supplement. It does not include longevity payments (Fiscal Year 2008-2014 ranging from 1.5% to 4.5% of the annual salary to teachers for 10 or more years of service), bonus payments, or payments for performing extra duties.

In fiscal year 2014-15 the General Assembly rolled the longevity payments into the salary schedule for teacher pay.

In fiscal year 2015-16 the Durham Public School Board of Education with the assistance of the County Commissioner's increased the teacher supplement for teachers with more than 10 years of experience by .25% for each year above 10 years of experience topping out at 18.25%. Teachers with zero to 10 years of experience receive a supplement of 12.5%.

Source: Finance Department of Durham Public Schools

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	State Public School Fund	State Public School Building Bond Fund	State Facilities Fund	Other State	County Appropriation	Durham City Appropriation
2017	\$ 195,600,373	\$ 1,821,738	\$ -	\$ 681,356	\$ 127,467,567	\$ 237,878
2016	191,983,228	1,978,837	-	443,501	124,684,356	312,304
2015	189,648,480	907,707	-	791,514	120,233,146	274,755
2014	179,018,263	1,469,322	-	833,791	119,603,311	254,958
2013	173,503,774	102,473	-	2,066,466	116,751,832	190,928
2012	171,045,245	172,946	-	525,722	110,106,952	234,710
2011	160,586,816	1,036,766	-	1,128,798	108,402,189	192,109
2010	160,894,234	1,063,268	414,500	867,318	103,193,242	1,143,766
2009	178,493,867	-	721,100	2,276,939	110,884,121	7,003,740
2008	177,180,642	-	2,293,199	1,278,696	98,582,664	470,080

Notes: (1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and School Activity Funds.

General Obligation Bond Funds	Fines and Forfeitures	Interest	Tuition and Fees	Other Local Funds	Federal	Total
\$ 10,407,753	\$ 1,458,166	\$ 242,486	\$ 3,286,522	\$ 12,463,315	\$ 25,566,675	\$ 379,233,829
8,358,381	1,394,430	192,179	3,086,406	14,239,520	23,653,702	370,326,844
9,101,609	1,353,937	179,719	3,404,975	13,393,565	25,186,166	364,475,573
20,316,476	1,417,383	198,024	3,404,975	13,727,825	24,511,595	364,755,923
29,554,012	1,538,793	250,925	3,220,048	13,000,632	27,707,997	367,887,880
43,802,250	5,860,947	391,088	3,294,404	16,050,453	33,348,200	384,832,917
70,906,098	1,014,991	430,131	3,297,708	13,253,373	37,956,350	398,210,158
13,394,396	945,679	356,937	3,232,580	10,593,755	35,881,228	331,980,903
16,782,957	847,154	672,429	3,601,908	14,709,092	23,632,816	359,626,123
11,244,087	1,160,849	1,270,536	3,697,076	11,715,857	22,181,948	331,075,634

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNMENTAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Average Daily Membership	Regular Instructional	Special Instructional	Other Instructional	Pupil Support	Instructional Support	General Administration
		\$ 3,962	\$ 1,732	\$ 1,816	\$ 116	\$ 254	\$ 133
2017	33,147	131,323,865	57,416,213	60,182,717	3,859,880	8,402,791	4,392,197
		4,031	1,707	1,626	130	261	134
2016	33,501	135,034,516	57,185,537	54,478,361	4,368,640	8,740,453	4,504,227
		4,189	1,589	1,629	132	263	139
2015	33,626	140,852,890	53,416,918	54,777,723	4,443,874	8,854,505	4,690,791
		3,745	1,544	1,607	130	278	137
2014	33,263	124,557,919	51,356,870	53,451,392	4,336,467	9,241,804	4,545,510
		4,009	1,486	1,531	130	289	124
2013	32,405	129,921,528	48,148,403	49,616,044	4,210,193	9,379,656	4,019,049
		4,084	1,445	1,515	116	248	110
2012	32,569	133,016,687	47,048,122	49,334,190	3,766,986	8,069,436	3,586,774
		3,561	1,370	1,558	100	223	106
2011	32,118	114,362,660	44,010,448	50,045,606	3,223,542	7,176,724	3,413,113
		3,703	1,356	1,441	123	254	118
2010	31,956	118,328,744	43,337,483	46,047,333	3,918,338	8,106,634	3,767,853
		4,117	1,387	1,502	133	225	120
2009	32,313	133,019,137	44,832,337	48,524,545	4,302,185	7,254,755	3,875,481
		3,928	1,326	1,424	109	189	113
2008	32,749	128,625,270	43,414,525	46,641,394	3,573,050	6,201,595	3,712,956

Notes: (1) Includes General and Special Revenue Funds. Capital Outlay Fund expenditures are reported in Table 3. Prior to 2002, School Activity Funds were reported as Expendable Trust Funds and therefore not included in Governmental Fund expenditures.

⁽²⁾ Expenditures per average daily membership.

Ad	School Iministration	 Business Support	 Central Support	 Other Support Services	 Community Services	 Other	Total	
\$	647 21,456,136	\$ 1,305 43,249,319	\$ 216 7,164,999	\$ -	\$ 125 4,148,497	\$ 640 21,201,167	\$ 10,9 362,797,7	
	643 21,538,262	1,305 43,709,186	204 6,843,957	-	124 4,142,335	577 19,334,963	10,7 359,880,4	
	629 21,142,956	1,367 45,955,757	208 6,995,987	-	130 4,359,394	511 17,191,488	10,7 362,682,2	
	624 20,756,497	1,338 44,509,692	198 6,590,156	-	130 4,335,383	477 15,856,313	10,2 339,538,0	
	715 23,164,416	1,330 43,097,441	189 6,125,855	-	134 4,335,383	445 14,420,218	10,3 336,438,1	
	640 20,832,116	1,346 43,849,838	187 6,079,842	-	141 4,600,655	380 12,378,157	10,2 332,562,8	
	577 18,535,184	1,293 41,518,413	167 5,363,214	-	124 3,984,105	376 12,085,088	9,4 303,718,0	
	604 19,303,708	1,314 42,002,968	178 5,688,515	-	117 3,725,081	356 11,366,345	9,5 305,593,0	
	634 20,475,219	1,320 42,659,661	188 6,086,157	-	128 4,129,830	288 9,314,233	10,0 324,473,5	
	614 20,107,184	1,275 41,767,952	197 6,460,469	- -	121 3,960,838	253 8,291,224	9,5 312,756,4	550 157

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 21 CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND EXPENDITURES Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Sites and Building Improvements		Furniture and Equipment		Vehicles		Total	
2017	\$	15,164,878	\$ 82,602	\$	1,177,254	16,	424,734	
2016		13,411,022	125,677		1,526,739	15,	063,438	
2015		10,369,962	647,556		525,634	11,	543,152	
2014		20,172,545	2,818,870		454,238	23,	445,653	
2013		22,796,337	13,267,264		163,361	36,	226,962	
2012		40,678,771	5,312,686		279,022	46,	270,479	
2011		71,314,915	861,678		2,098,021	74,	274,614	
2010		17,161,520	1,032,913		197,190	18,	391,623	
2009		31,950,516	569,565		1,122,354	33,	642,435	
2008		16,679,140	298,982		225,490	17,	203,612	

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND EXPENSES

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	P	urchased Food	Donated ommodities	Salaries and Benefits		
2017	\$	5,902,080	\$ 1,014,414	\$	8,311,428	
2016		6,189,247	1,033,524		8,663,875	
2015		6,224,793	972,837		8,233,583	
2014		5,249,525	926,372		7,983,143	
2013		5,072,231	730,231		7,347,414	
2012		4,609,755	856,145		6,648,054	
2011		4,480,572	617,629		6,206,286	
2010		4,617,991	651,865		5,970,717	
2009		4,859,146	733,192		5,926,945	
2008		4,228,105	607,096		5,778,290	

Materials and Supplies		ndirect Costs	Other	Total		
\$ 476,217	\$	868,863	\$ 126,427	\$	16,699,429	
526,314		859,578	167,682		17,440,220	
588,267		838,250	486,639		17,344,369	
547,482		801,936	573,919		16,082,377	
521,678		763,708	423,461		14,858,723	
933,492		815,624	288,557		14,151,627	
540,571		866,646	269,803		12,981,507	
469,627		832,878	319,134		12,862,212	
548,266		1,005,171	313,346		13,386,066	
484,904		685,756	348,799		12,132,950	

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE REVENUES AND OPERATING TRANSFERS IN BY SOURCES Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year			USI	DA
Ended	Food S	Sales	Reimbui	sement
June 30,	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
2017	\$ 2,333,483	13.8%	\$ 13,087,413	77.4%
2016	2,280,883	13.6%	13,035,704	77.7%
2015	1,804,464	11.3%	12,897,911	80.5%
2014	2,145,557	14.0%	12,134,235	79.3%
2013	2,308,001	15.7%	11,537,008	78.5%
2012	2,712,070	19.0%	10,746,241	75.5%
2011	2,955,052	20.8%	10,382,931	73.2%
2010	3,307,918	24.2%	9,546,103	69.7%
2009	3,628,656	27.0%	9,162,082	68.1%
2008	3,336,431	28.4%	7,673,178	65.1%

Donated

Commodities		Otl	her	Total		
	Amount Percent		Amount Percent		Percent	
- Amount	Terent		Tercent	Amount	1 Ci cent	
\$ 1,086,274	6.4%	\$ 406,379	2.4%	\$ 16,913,549	100.0%	
1,033,524	6.2%	419,467	2.5%	16,769,578	100.0%	
925,434	5.8%	386,464	2.4%	16,014,273	100.0%	
956,710	6.2%	71,083	0.5%	15,307,585	100.0%	
811,715	5.5%	37,244	0.3%	14,693,968	100.0%	
739,882	5.2%	39,754	0.3%	14,237,947	100.0%	
813,104	5.7%	35,382	0.3%	14,186,469	100.0%	
795,410	5.8%	44,355	0.3%	13,693,786	100.0%	
621,914	4.6%	40,501	0.3%	13,453,153	100.0%	
681,161	5.8%	87,579	0.7%	11,778,349	100.0%	

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 24 PROPERTY VALUE AND CONSTRUCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Building Value of Permits Issued (1)	Assessed Valuation (2)	
2017	\$ 1,501,331,982	\$ 35,230,345,247	
2016	1,194,358,281	32,454,800,165	
2015	1,117,161,089	31,736,178,319	
2014	1,107,015,215	30,796,658,950	
2013	912,531,665	30,446,750,204	
2012	782,358,521	29,842,363,341	
2011	918,447,009	29,460,598,354	
2010	854,185,593	29,032,891,346	
2009	832,707,556	28,540,855,952	
2008	937,163,464	23,136,584,132	

(1) Source: City of Durham/Durham County Inspections Department

(2) Last revalutaion of taxable property occurred on January 1, 2016

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Table 25 MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017

Area:	Durham County	299	square miles
Population:	Durham County	301,243	
Average Daily Membership:		33,147	
Schools:	Elementary	30	
	Middle	10	
	Secondary	2	
	Senior/High	7	
	Hospital School	1	
	Alternative	3	
School Personnel (approximate):		4,786	

Sources: Durham County CAFR, Durham Public Schools' Finance Department

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION





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Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Durham Public Schools Board of Education of North Carolina Durham, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained *in Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Durham Public Schools Board of Education's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lexington, North Carolina November 29, 2017

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Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Member: North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants

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Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance Required by The OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Durham Public Schools Board of Education of North Carolina Durham, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles, Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rives & associates UP

Lexington, North Carolina November 29, 2017



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Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance For Each Major State Program and Internal Control Over Compliance Required by The OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Durham Public Schools Board of Education of North Carolina Durham, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its State programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's major State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), as described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major State program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Lexington, North Carolina November 29, 2017

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>				
Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP:	Unmodifi	ied		
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weaknesses identified?		yes	<u>X</u>	no
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		yes	X	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted		yes	X	no
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major federal programs:				
Material weaknesses identified?		yes	X	no
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		yes	<u>X</u>	none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodifi	ied		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.513(a)?		yes	<u>X</u>	no
Identification of major federal programs:				

<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Names of Federal Program or Cluster</u>

10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (Continued)				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$	1,194,068		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X	yes		no
State Awards				
Internal control over major State programs:				
Material weaknesses identified?		yes	<u>X</u>	no
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		yes	X	none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major State programs:	Unmod	lified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?		yes	X	no
Identification of major State programs:				
Program Name		_		
State Public School Fund				

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA (Continued) Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS				
None reported.				
	CECTION HI DEDERAL ANA DE DINDINGS AND OUTSTRONED COSTS			
	SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS			
None reported.				
	SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS			
None reported.				

DURHAM PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule 12 Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

None reported.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Federal CFDA	State/Pass- Through Grantor's	
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Federal Grants:			
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Passed through the N.C. Department of Agriculture:			
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities):	10.555		¢ 1.014.414
National School Lunch Program	10.555	-	\$ 1,014,414
Cash Assistance:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	-	3,204,051
National School Lunch Program	10.555	-	9,618,725
Passed through the N. C. Department of Health and Human Services:	10.550		264 627
Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Cash Assistance	10.559	-	264,637 13,087,413
Total Cash Assistance			13,087,413
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			14,101,827
Passed through the N.C. Department of Agriculture:			
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables Program	10.582	-	375,018
Tatal III C. Danarton and a f. A animaltone			14 477 045
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			14,476,845
U.S. Department of Education:			
Direct programs:			
13 Project Reads	NONE	342	82,339
Innovative Approaches	NONE	371	389,388
Total direct programs			471,727
Passed through the N. C. Department of Public Instruction:			
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to the States (IDEA, Part B) -			
Education of the Handicapped	84.027	PRC 060	7,386,499
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) -			
Preschool Handicapped	84.173	PRC 049	178,980
Children With Disabilities - Risk Pool	84.027	PRC 114 PRC 118	136,493
Special Needs Targeted Assistance Preschool Targeted Assistance	84.027 84.173	PRC 118 PRC 119	11,718 2,716
Total Special Education Cluster	04.173	1 KC 119	7,716,406
Tom. Special Education Classes			7,710,100
Title I, Part A Cluster:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I,			
Part A of ESEA)	84.010	PRC 050	10,626,991

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Federal	State/Pass- Through	
	CFDA	Grantor's	
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Federal Grants (Continued):			
U.S. Department of Education (Continued):			
Passed through the N. C. Department of Public Instruction (Continued):			
School Improvement Cluster:			
School Improvements Grants	84.377	PRC 117	\$ 1,090,606
Total School Improvement Cluster			1,090,606
Title I School Improvement Grant	84.010	PRC 105	1,018,550
Education for Homeless Children and Youth Cluster:			
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	PRC 026	57,902
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	PRC 017	520,491
Special Education-State Personnel Development Grant	84.323	PRC 082	3,910
Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	PRC 103	1,032,878
English Language Acquisitions Grant	84.365	PRC 104, 111	650,145
21st Century - Community Learning Centers	84.287	PRC 110	327,177
Total U.S. Department of Education			23,516,783
U.S. Department of Defense:			
Direct program:			
ROTC	NONE	-	166,219
Total federal awards			38,159,847

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	F 1 1	State/Pass-	
	Federal CFDA	Through Grantor's	
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Number Number	Number Number	Expenditures
State Grants:			
Cash Assistance:			
North Carolina Department of Public Instruction:			
State Public School Fund			\$ 184,732,075
Driver Training - SPSF	-	012	746,477
Vocational Education			
State Months of Employment	-	013	8,362,799
Program Support Funds	-	014	1,177,118
School Technology Fund - SPSF	-	015	381,609
State breakfast reimbursement			23,112
Total North Carolina Department of Public Instruction			195,423,190
Office of the Governor:			
Passed through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
Public School Building Capital Fund	-	074	1,821,738
Total cash assistance			197,244,928
Non-Cash Assistance:			
North Carolina Department of Public Instruction:			
Textbooks	-	130	200,295
State Buses Appropriations	NONE	-	681,356
Total non-cash assistance			881,651
Total State awards			198,126,579
Total federal and State awards			\$ 236,286,426

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

I) **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards includes the federal and State grant activity of the Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

II) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported in the schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursements

Durham Public Schools Board of Education, North Carolina has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

III) CLUSTER OF PROGRAMS

The School Nutrition Program is clustered by the N.C. Department of Public Instruction and is treated separately for State audit requirement purposes.



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